

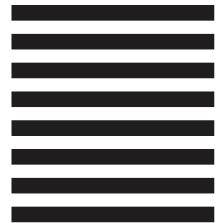


# Prospectus

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# JACKSON MARKET LINK PRO<sup>®</sup> ADVISORY SINGLE PREMIUM DEFERRED INDEX-LINKED ANNUITY

Issued by  
Jackson National Life Insurance Company<sup>®</sup>

**The date of this prospectus is April 28, 2025.** This prospectus contains information about the Contract and Jackson National Life Insurance Company ("Jackson<sup>®</sup>") that you should know before investing. This prospectus is a disclosure document and describes all of the Contract's material features, benefits, rights, and obligations of annuity purchasers under the Contract. The description of the Contract's material provisions in this prospectus is current as of the date of this prospectus. If certain material provisions under the Contract are changed after the date of this prospectus, in accordance with the Contract, those changes will be described in a supplemented prospectus. It is important that you also read the Contract and endorsements, which may reflect additional non-material state variations. Jackson's obligations under the Contract are subject to our financial strength and claims-paying ability. The information in this prospectus is intended to help you decide if the Contract will meet your investment and financial planning needs.

Index-linked annuity contracts are complex insurance and investment vehicles and involve risk, including potential loss of principal. Before you invest, be sure to discuss the Contract's features, benefits, risks and fees with your financial professional in order to determine whether the Contract is appropriate for you based upon your financial situation and objectives. Please carefully read this prospectus and any related documents and keep everything together for future reference.

The Contract makes available for investment index-linked and fixed options. Additional information about these investment options is available in Appendix A.

This prospectus describes the Indexes, Terms, Crediting Methods, and Protection Options that we currently offer under the Contract. We reserve the right to limit the number of Contracts that you may purchase. We also reserve the right to refuse any Premium payment. Please confirm with us or your financial professional that you have the most current prospectus that describe the availability and any restrictions on the Crediting Methods and Protection Options.

The Contracts are sold by broker-dealers who are also registered as, affiliated with, or in a contractual relationship with a registered investment adviser, through their registered representatives/investment adviser representatives. The Contracts are intended to be used by investors who have engaged these investment advisers and investment adviser representatives to manage their Contract Value for a fee which is in addition to any fees and expenses charged under the Contract. We offer other registered index-linked annuity products with different product features, benefits and charges. Under certain circumstances, you may elect to have advisory fees directly deducted from your Contract Value and automatically transmitted to your third-party financial professional, subject to certain administrative rules. If you do elect to pay your advisory fees via direct deductions under our rules, these deductions will always reduce Contract Value and your basic death benefit. The deduction of advisory fees is subject to Interim Value adjustments and Market Value Adjustments, and as a result, your Contract Value may be reduced by more than the dollar amount of the advisory fee if a deduction is taken at a point in time at which a negative Index Adjustment would occur. Please note: if you make a withdrawal to pay advisory fees without setting up direct deductions under our administrative rules, your withdrawal will be treated as a standard partial withdrawal under the Contract. This means, in addition to your Contract Value and basic death benefit being reduced, the withdrawal will be subject to any applicable taxes and tax penalties. In some states, you may purchase the Contract through an automated electronic transmission/order ticket verification procedure. Ask your financial professional about availability and the details.

The Jackson Market Link Pro Advisory Contract is an individual single Premium deferred registered index-linked annuity Contract issued by Jackson. The Contract provides for the potential accumulation of retirement savings and partial downside protection in adverse market conditions. The Contract is a long-term, tax-deferred annuity designed for retirement or other long-term investment purposes. It is available for use in Non-Qualified plans, Qualified plans, Tax-Sheltered annuities, Traditional IRAs, and Roth IRAs.

The Contract is not a short-term investment and is not appropriate for an investor who needs ready access to cash. Withdrawals could result in negative Contract adjustments, taxes, and tax penalties, as applicable. The Contract may not be appropriate for you if you plan to take withdrawals from an Index Account Option prior to the end of the Index Account Option Term, especially if you plan to take ongoing withdrawals such as Required Minimum Distributions or the payment of advisory fees to your third-party advisor. **We apply an Interim Value adjustment if amounts are removed from an Index Account Option during the Index Account Option Term, and if this adjustment is negative, you could lose up to 100% of your investment.** Withdrawals could also result in significant reductions to your Contract Value and the death benefit (perhaps by more than the amount withdrawn), as well as to the Index Adjustment credited at the end of the Index Account Option Term. Withdrawals may also be subject to income taxes and income tax penalties if taken before age 59 1/2. If you do intend to take

ongoing withdrawals under the Contract, particularly from an Index Account Option during the Index Account Option Term, you should consult with a financial professional.

**We limit the amount you can earn on an Index Account Option. Crediting Methods such as the Cap and Performance Trigger could limit positive Index gain. Crediting Method rates could change in the future, but in no event will an available Cap Rate be lower than 2% for the 6-year Index Account Option Term, 1.50% or 1% for a 1-year Index Account Option Term. In no event will a Performance Trigger Rate be lower than 1%. The Contract currently offers 10% and 20% Floor, and 10% and 20% Buffer Protection Options, which could expose you to up to a 90% loss due to poor Index performance after taking into account the current limits on Index loss provided under the Contract depending on the Index Account Option you select. Protection Option rates could change in the future. Available Floor and Buffer Protection Options will always be at least 5%.**

Jackson is located at 1 Corporate Way, Lansing Michigan, 48951. The telephone number is 1-800-644-4565. Jackson is the principal underwriter for these Contracts. Jackson National Life Distributors LLC (“JNLD”), located at 300 Innovation Drive, Franklin, Tennessee 37067, serves as the distributor of the Contracts. You can contact our Jackson Customer Care Center at P.O. Box 24068, Lansing Michigan 48909-4068; 1-800-644-4565; [www.jackson.com](http://www.jackson.com).

**An investment in this Contract is subject to risk including the possible loss of principal and that loss can become greater in the case of an early withdrawal due to charges and adjustments imposed on those withdrawals. See “Principal Risks” beginning on page 14 for more information.**

Additional information about certain investment products, including registered index-linked annuities, has been provided by the SEC's staff and is available at [www.Investor.gov](http://www.Investor.gov).

If you are a new investor in the Contract, you may cancel your Contract within 10 days of receiving it without paying fees or penalties. In some states, or when purchased as a replacement, this cancellation period may be longer. Upon cancellation, you will receive a full refund of the Premiums paid into the Fixed Account, less any partial withdrawals you've taken from the Fixed Account prior to cancelling, plus the Index Account Value. You should review this prospectus, or consult with your financial professional, for additional information about the specific cancellation terms that apply.

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**Neither the SEC nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved these securities or passed upon the adequacy of this prospectus. It is a criminal offense to represent otherwise. We do not intend for this prospectus to be an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy these securities in any state where this is not permitted.**

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• Not FDIC/NCUA insured • Not Bank/CU guaranteed • May lose value • Not a deposit • Not insured by any federal agency
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## GLOSSARY

These terms are capitalized when used throughout this prospectus because they have special meaning. In reading this prospectus, please refer back to this glossary if you have any questions about these terms.

**Adjusted Index Return** - the percentage change in an Index value measured from the start of an Index Account Option Term to the end of the Index Account Option Term, adjusted based on the Cap Rate, Performance Trigger Rate, Buffer or Floor, as applicable. On any day during an Index Account Option Term prior to the end of the Term, the percentage change in the Index value measured from the start of the Index Account Option Term and the current Index value as of that day, adjusted based on the applicable prorated Crediting Method (e.g. Cap Rate/Performance Trigger Rate). If the Index return is negative, we apply the prorated Floor or prorated Buffer Protection Option that you have elected.

**Annuitant** – the natural person on whose life annuity payments for this Contract are based. The Contract allows for the naming of joint Annuitants. Any reference to the Annuitant includes any joint Annuitant.

**Beneficiary** – the natural person or legal entity designated to receive any Contract benefits upon the Owner's death. The Contract allows for the naming of multiple Beneficiaries.

**Buffer** - one of the two Protection Options offered and an Index Adjustment Factor. A Buffer is the amount of negative Index price change before a negative Index Adjustment is credited to the Index Account Option Value at the end of an Index Account Option Term, expressed as a percentage. A Buffer protects from loss up to a stated amount. You only incur a loss if the Index declines more than the stated Buffer percentage during the Index Account Option Term (though it is possible to incur a loss in excess of the stated Buffer percentage if you make a withdrawal prior to the end of the Index Account Option Term).

**Business Day** - any day that the New York Stock Exchange is open for business during the hours in which the New York Stock Exchange is open. Each Business Day ends when the New York Stock Exchange closes (usually 4:00 p.m. Eastern time).

**Cap Rate ("CR") or Cap** - one of two currently available Crediting Methods, and an Index Adjustment Factor. The Cap Rate is the maximum positive Index Adjustment, expressed as a percentage, that will be credited to an Index Account Option under the Cap Crediting Method at the end of each Index Account Option Term.

**Contract** - the single premium deferred Index-linked annuity contract and any optional endorsements you may have selected.

**Contract Anniversary** - each one-year anniversary of the Issue Date.

**Contract Option** - one of the options offered by the Company under this Contract. The Contract Options for this product are the Fixed Account and Index Account.

**Contract Value** - the sum of the allocations to the Fixed Account and the Index Account.

**Contract Year** - the succeeding twelve months from a Contract's Issue Date and every anniversary. The first Contract Year (Contract Year 0-1) starts on the Contract's Issue Date and extends to, but does not include, the first Contract Anniversary. Subsequent Contract Years start on an anniversary date and extend to, but do not include, the next anniversary date.

For example, if the Issue Date is January 15, 2026, then the end of Contract Year 0-1 would be January 14, 2027, and January 15, 2027, which is the first Contract Anniversary, begins Contract Year 1-2.

**Crediting Method** - the general term used to describe a method of crediting the applicable positive Index Adjustment at the end of an Index Account Option Term.

**Fixed Account** - a Contract Option in which amounts earn a declared rate of interest for a defined period of time.

**Fixed Account Minimum Interest Rate** - the minimum interest rate applied to the Fixed Account, guaranteed for the life of the Contract.

**Fixed Account Minimum Value** - the minimum guaranteed amount of the Fixed Account Value. The Fixed Account Minimum Value is equal to 87.5% of all amounts allocated to the Fixed Account, reduced by withdrawals and transfers from the Fixed Account, and taxes, accumulated at the Fixed Account Minimum Interest Rate.

**Fixed Account Value** - the value of the portion of the Premium allocated to the Fixed Account. The Fixed Account Value is equal to the larger of the Fixed Account Minimum Value or Premium allocated to the Fixed Account, plus interest credited daily at never less than the Fixed Account Minimum Interest Rate for the Contract per annum, less any partial withdrawals, and any amounts transferred out of the Fixed Account.



**Floor** - one of the two Protection Options offered and an Index Adjustment Factor. A Floor is the maximum negative Index Adjustment that will be credited to the Index Account Option Value at the end of the Index Account Option Term, expressed as a percentage. A Floor protects from loss after a stated threshold. If the Index declines during the Index Account Option Term, you incur a loss up to the stated Floor percentage, and are protected from any further loss beyond the Floor during that Index Account Option Term (though it is possible to incur a loss in excess of the stated Floor percentage if you make a withdrawal prior to the end of the Index Account Option Term).

**Good Order** - when our administrative requirements, including all information, documentation and instructions deemed necessary by us, in our sole discretion, are met in order to issue a Contract or execute any requested transaction pursuant to the terms of the Contract.

**Income Date** - the date on which Income Payments are scheduled to begin as described in the Income Payment section of the prospectus.

**Index** - a benchmark used to determine the positive or negative Index Adjustment credited, if any, for a particular Index Account Option.

**Index Account** - a Contract Option in which amounts are credited positive or negative index-linked interest for a specified period.

**Index Account Option** - an option within the Index Account for allocation of Premium, defined by its term, Index, Crediting Method, and Protection Option.

**Index Account Option Term** - the selected duration of an Index Account Option.

**Index Account Option Term Anniversary** - the Business Day concurrent with or immediately following the end of an Index Account Option Term.

**Index Account Option Value** - the value of the portion of Premium allocated to an Index Account Option.

**Index Account Value** - the sum of the Index Account Option Values.

**Index Adjustment** - an adjustment to Index Account Option Value at the end of each Index Account Option Term, or at the time of removal of Index Account Option Value. Index Adjustments can be zero, positive, or negative, depending on the performance of the selected Index, Crediting Method, and Protection Option. The Index Adjustment is equal to the Adjusted Index Return.

**Index Adjustment Factor(s)** - the parameters used to determine the amount of an Index Adjustment. These parameters are specific to the applicable Crediting Method and Protection Option. Cap Rates, Performance Trigger Rates, Buffers, and Floors are all Index Adjustment Factors.

**Index Return** - the percentage change in an Index value measured from the start of an Index Account Option Term to the end of the Index Account Option Term.

**Interim Value** - the Index Account Option Value during the Index Account Option Term. The Interim Value will never be less than zero. On each day of the Index Account Option Term prior to the end of the Index Account Option Term, the Interim Value is the greater of the Index Account Option Value on the first day of the term (which equals any Premium or Contract Value allocated to the Index Account Option on that day) reduced for any Contract Value removed from the Index Account Option, including any Market Value Adjustments, in the same proportion as the Interim Value was reduced on the date of the withdrawal, plus the prorated Index Adjustment subject to prorated Index Adjustment Factors and the Interim Value Proration Factor ("IVPF"), or zero. The Interim Value uses your prorated Index Adjustment Factors (based on the elapsed portion of the Index Account Option Term) and the Interim Value Proration Factor. The Interim Value is calculated on each date of the Index Account Option Term, other than the first and last days, and is the amount of Index Account Option Value available for partial or total withdrawals (including automatic withdrawals, RMDs, free look, direct deduction of advisory fees under our administrative rules, amounts applied to an income option upon annuitization, and payment of the Contract Value element of the death benefit).

**Interim Value Proration Factor ("IVPF")** - the percentage applied to the prorated Index Adjustment Factors in the calculation of Interim Value at the time of a withdrawal prior to the end of the Index Account Option Term. The IVPF equals 100% during the Market Value Adjustment period. After the Market Value Adjustment period ends, the IVPF is reset annually on the Index Account Option Anniversary and may vary by Crediting Method and Protection Option combination. The IVPF is guaranteed to be at least 50% after the Market Value Adjustment period ends.

**Issue Date** - the date your Contract is issued.

**Jackson, JNL, we, our, or us** – Jackson National Life Insurance Company. (We do not capitalize “we,” “our,” or “us” in the prospectus.)

**Latest Income Date ("LID")** - the date on which you will begin receiving income payments. The Latest Income Date is the Contract Anniversary on which the Owner will be 95 years old, or such date allowed by the company on a non-

discriminatory basis or as required by an applicable qualified plan, law or regulation.

**Market Value Adjustment ("MVA")** - a positive or negative adjustment we apply to amounts you withdraw or transfer from an Index Account Option during the first six years of the Contract that are in excess of the MVA Free Withdrawal amount.

**MVA Free Withdrawal** - the maximum amount that may be withdrawn each year free of any otherwise applicable Market Value Adjustment. The MVA Free Withdrawal amount is equal to 10% of Remaining Premium during each Contract Year that would otherwise incur an MVA, less earnings. If an RMD is applicable and exceeds 10% of Remaining Premium, the MVA Free Withdrawal amount is equal to the RMD, less earnings.

**Owner, you or your** – the natural person or legal entity entitled to exercise all rights and privileges under the Contract. Usually, but not always, the Owner is the Annuitant. The Contract allows for the naming of joint Owners. (We do not capitalize “you” or “your” in the prospectus.) Any reference to the Owner includes any joint Owner.

**Performance Trigger Rate ("PTR")** - one of two currently available Crediting Methods, and an Index Adjustment Factor. The PTR is the amount of positive Index Adjustment, expressed as a percentage, that will be credited to an Index Account Option under the Performance Trigger Crediting Method at the end of each Index Account Option Term if the performance criteria are met.

**Premium** - consideration paid into the Contract by or on behalf of the Owner.

**Protection Options** - the general term used to describe the Floor and Buffer Index Adjustment Factors. Protection Options provide varying levels of partial protection against the risk of loss of Index Account Option Value when Index Return is negative.

**Required Minimum Distributions ("RMDs")** – for certain qualified Contracts, the amount defined under the Internal Revenue Code as the minimum distribution requirement as applied to your Contract only. This definition excludes any withdrawal necessary to satisfy the minimum distribution requirements of the Internal Revenue Code if the Contract is purchased with contributions from a nontaxable transfer after the death of the Owner of a qualified Contract.

**Withdrawal Value** - the amount payable upon a total withdrawal of Contract Value. The Withdrawal Value is equal to the Contract Value, subject to any applicable positive or negative Interim Value adjustment, adjusted for any applicable Market Value Adjustment.

## OVERVIEW OF THE CONTRACT

### Purpose of the Contract

Jackson Market Link Pro Advisory is a **Registered Index-Linked Annuity** ("RILA") contract. The Contract is an SEC registered, tax deferred annuity that permits you to link your investment to an Index (or multiple Indexes) over a defined period of time ("term").

The Contract is intended to help you save for retirement or another long-term investment purpose through investments in a variety of Contract Options during the accumulation phase. The Contract also offers death benefits to protect your designated Beneficiaries. Through the annuitization feature, the Contract can supplement your retirement income by providing a stream of income payments. This Contract may be appropriate if you have a long investment time horizon. It is not intended for people who may need to make early or frequent withdrawals.

### Phases of the Contract

The Contract has two phases: the accumulation phase, when you make Premium payments to us, and the income phase, when we make income payments to you.

#### *Accumulation Phase*

The Contract is divided into two general categories for allocation of your Premium and Contract Value during the accumulation phase: the Fixed Account, where amounts earn a declared rate of interest for an annually renewable one-year term, and the Index Account, where amounts earn index-linked interest ("Index Adjustment") for a specified term based in part upon the performance of a selected Index.

**A list of Contract Options and additional information about the Contract Options in which you may currently invest is provided in Appendix A: Investment Options Available Under the Contract.**

#### Index Account

The Contract currently offers five Indexes that can be tracked in any combination, which allow for the ability to diversify among different asset classes and investment strategies. At the end of the term, we will credit positive or negative interest ("Index Adjustment") to amounts allocated to your Index Account Option based, in part, on the performance of your selected Index. If the Index Return is positive, the Contract credits any gains in that Index to your Index Account Option Value, subject to the Crediting Method you choose: Cap or Performance Trigger. If the Index Return is negative, the Contract credits losses, which may be either absorbed or offset, subject to the Protection Option you choose: a stated Buffer or Floor. You could lose a significant amount of money if the Index declines in value.

**Indexes:** Each Index is comprised of or defined by certain securities or by a combination of certain securities and other investments. The Indexes currently offered on the Contract are the **S&P 500, Russell 2000, MSCI Emerging Markets, MSCI EAFE, and the MSCI KLD 400 Social Index.**

**Crediting Methods:** Each Crediting Method provides the opportunity to receive an Index Adjustment based *on any positive Index Return at the end of the Index Account Option Term*. We limit the amount you can earn on an Index Account Option through the use of the Crediting Methods. The Crediting Methods currently offered on the Contract are the Cap, subject to a stated Cap Rate and Performance Trigger, subject to a stated Performance Trigger Rate. Current Cap Rates, Index Participation Rates (applicable only with the Cap Crediting Method), and Performance Trigger Rates are provided at the time of application, and to existing owners and financial professionals at any time, upon request. Crediting methods must be elected before the start of the Term and will apply for the duration of the Term.

- **Cap**
  - The Cap Rate is the maximum amount of positive Index Adjustment you may receive. This means if the Index Return is in excess of the Cap Rate, your positive Index Adjustment will be limited by (and equal to) the Cap Rate. For example, if the Index Return is 12% and your Cap Rate under the Cap Crediting Method is

10%, we will credit you with a 10% positive Index Adjustment at the end of the Index Account Option Term, meaning your Contract Value will increase by 10%.

- **In no event will an available Cap Rate be lower than 2% for a 6-year Index Account Option Term or 1% for a 1-year Index Account Option Term.**
- A Cap Rate is not a guarantee of any positive return.
- **Performance Trigger**
  - This Crediting Method provides a positive Index Adjustment equal to a stated Performance Trigger Rate if the Index Return is zero or positive.
  - The Performance Trigger Rate equals the positive Index Adjustment that you will receive if the Index Return is zero or positive, regardless of whether the actual Index Return is higher or lower than the stated Performance Trigger Rate. For example, if the Index Return is 12% and your Performance Trigger Rate under the Performance Trigger Crediting Method is 10%, we will credit you with a 10% positive Index Adjustment at the end of the Index Account Option Term, meaning your Contract Value will increase by 10%.
  - **In no event will an available Performance Trigger Rate be lower than 1%.**
  - A Performance Trigger Rate is not a guarantee of any positive return.

**Protection Options:** The Protection Options provide a level of downside protection if the Index Return is negative. You may choose either a Buffer or Floor Protection Option. Current Buffer and Floor rates are provided at the time of application.

- A **Buffer** protects from loss up to a specific amount (typically 10% or 20%). You only incur a loss if the Index declines more than the stated Buffer percentage. For example, if an Index declines 15% and you chose a 10% Buffer, you would incur a loss of 5% for that Index Account Option Term. Available Buffer rates are guaranteed to be no less than 5% or more than 100%. **Available Buffer Protection Options will always be at least 5%.**
- A **Floor** protects from loss after a specific threshold. If the Index declines, you incur a loss up to the stated Floor percentage, beyond which, you are protected by any further loss for that Index Account Option Term. For example, if you chose a 10% Floor and the Index declines 15%, you would lose 10% for that Index Account Option Term. Available Floor rates are guaranteed to be no less than 5% or more than 50%. **Available Floor Protection Options will always be at least 5%.**

**Index Account Option Terms:** The Contract currently offers two term lengths: a 1-Year term and a 6-Year term depending on the Crediting Method and Protection Option you choose.

The available Crediting Method and Protection Option rates are the new business and renewal rates effective as of the first day of an Index Account Option Term and will not change until the end of your Index Account Option Term. The rate for a particular Index Account Option Term may be higher or lower than the rate for previous or future Index Account Option Terms. We reserve the right to delete or add Index Account Options, Indexes, Crediting Methods, Protection Options, and Index Account Option Terms in the future. There will always be more than one Index Account Option available, and those options will always be identical or similar to one of the options disclosed in this prospectus.

### **Fixed Account**

You also have the option to invest all or a portion of your Contract Value into a Fixed Account. Amounts allocated to the Fixed Account earn compounded interest at a fixed rate for the duration of the term. Currently, we offer a one-year term for amounts allocated to the Fixed Account and at the end of the one-year term, you will have the option of reallocating those amounts to Index Account Options, or to continue with the amounts in the Fixed Account. The credited interest rate on the Fixed Account is set annually and can be changed as each one-year term resets on the Contract Anniversary, subject to a guaranteed minimum interest rate.

## ***Income Phase***

You can elect to annuitize your Contract and turn your Contract Value into a stream of income payments from us. Currently, we offer income options that provide payments for (i) the life of the Annuitant(s), (ii) a specified period, or (iii) a combination of life and a specified period. We may offer other options, at our discretion, where permitted by state law.

Please note that if you annuitize, your Contract Value will be converted to income payments and you may no longer withdraw money at will from your Contract.

## **Contract Features**

**Access to Your Money:** You are permitted to make withdrawals under the terms of the Contract. Withdrawals taken during the first six years of the Contract may be subject to Market Value Adjustments and withdrawals taken from Index Account Options may be subject to an Interim Value adjustment. **Depending on the Crediting Method, Protection Option, Index selected, and the amount of time that has elapsed in the Index Account Option Term, this adjustment could be substantial.**

**Death Benefit:** During the accumulation phase, your Contract includes a standard death benefit. For Owners age 75 or younger at the Issue Date of the Contract, the standard death benefit (known as the Return of Premium death benefit) is the greater of the Contract Value or the Premium you paid into the Contract (reduced proportionally by the percentage reduction in the Index Account Option Value and the Fixed Account Value for each partial withdrawal (including any applicable Market Value Adjustment)). For Owners age 76 or older at the Issue Date of the Contract, the standard death benefit is the Contract Value.

## **Contract Adjustments**

**Interim Value:** Because the Index Account Options are designed to credit an Index Adjustment by measuring the change in the Index Return from the beginning of the Index Account Option Term to the end of the Index Account Option Term, an Interim Value calculation is necessary to determine the daily value of your Index Account Option on any given Business Day if amounts are removed from an Index Account Option prior to the end of the Index Account Option Term, including partial or total withdrawals from the Contract, automatic withdrawals, required minimum distributions ("RMD"), free look, direct deductions of advisory fees pursuant to our administrative rules, amounts applied to an income option upon annuitization, and payment of the Contract Value element of the death benefit. Each Index Account Option will have a separate Interim Value. Withdrawals will reduce the Interim Value and any withdrawal taken in the first six years after issue may also be assessed applicable Market Value Adjustments in addition to the Interim Value adjustment. You could lose a significant amount of money due to the use of Interim Values if amounts are removed from the Index Account Options prior to the end of the Index Account Option Term.

In calculating the Interim Value adjustment, we use prorated Index Adjustment Factors, which in some instances may serve to *reduce* any positive Index Adjustment, as well as *increase* any negative Index Adjustment we credit when compared to the Index Adjustment you would have received if you had waited until the end of your Index Account Option Term to take your withdrawal. This is because the Index Adjustment Factors are prorated by the time elapsed during the Index Account Option Term. In other words, the values are determined by multiplying the Index Adjustment Factor by the number of days elapsed so far during the Index Account Option Term and then dividing by the total number of days in the Index Account Option Term. Any negative adjustment could be significant and impact the amount of Contract Value available for future withdrawals.

Each time you take a withdrawal from an Index Account Option before the end of your Index Account Option Term, we will recalculate your Index Account Option Value, based on an Interim Value adjustment, which could be zero, positive or negative. The Index Account Option Value is reduced proportionally to the Contract Value for each withdrawal. This means if you withdraw 10% of your Contract Value, your Index Account Option Value will also be reduced by 10%. If an Interim Value adjustment is positive, your Index Account Option Value will be decreased by less than the amount of the withdrawal; in other words, on less than a dollar for dollar basis. If an Interim Value adjustment is negative, your Index Account Option Value will be decreased by more than the amount of the withdrawal; in other words, on more than a dollar for dollar basis. Amounts removed during the Index Account Option Term will not receive an Index Adjustment at the end of that Index Account Option Term. This means that by transacting mid-term on Interim Value, you are reducing the Index Account Option Value that could have received an Index Adjustment at the end of the Index Account Option Term.

**Interim Value Proration Factor.** The Interim Value Proration Factor ("IVPF") is the percentage applied to the prorated Crediting Method and Protection Option, in the calculation of Interim Value. The IVPF is guaranteed to equal 100% during the first six Contract Years, after which the IVPF will be declared annually on the Index Account Option Anniversary, and communicated to you via your annual statement. The IVPF is locked in at the beginning of each Index Account Option Term, and it does not apply to withdrawals made on any Index Account Option Term Anniversary. All Crediting Methods and Protection Option combinations are each subject to a unique IVPF. The IVPF will be determined by the Company and may vary by Crediting Method and Protection Option combination. Please see the Statement of Additional Information ("SAI") for examples of the calculation of Interim Value using IVPF under different scenarios.

**Market Value Adjustment:** A Market Value Adjustment ("MVA") may apply to amounts withdrawn or annuitized from the Contract during the first six Contract Years. The Market Value Adjustment reflects changes in the level of interest rates since the Issue Date. Market Value Adjustments protect the Company from risks related to the value of the fixed investment instruments supporting the Contract guarantees if amounts are withdrawn prematurely. The Market Value Adjustment shifts the risk from the Company to you. The application of a Market Value Adjustment could result in a reduction in the amount you receive from a withdrawal, and in extreme circumstances, such losses could be as high as 100% of the amount withdrawn. A Market Value Adjustment could also increase the amount you receive from a withdrawal in certain market conditions. A Market Value Adjustment will not otherwise affect the values under your Contract.

There is no Market Value Adjustment on: death benefit payments; amounts withdrawn for Contract charges; amounts removed from any Index Account Option on the Latest Income Date, transfers among Contract Options, withdrawals taken pursuant to the Free Look provision of your contract, withdrawals taken under the Free Withdrawal provision, withdrawals taken to satisfy a required minimum distribution ("RMD"), amounts you withdraw after the first six Contract Years, earnings, and direct deductions of advisory fees made pursuant to our administrative rules. Please note that an MVA will only apply to income payments taken under income options for specified periods where the specified period is shorter than five years and those payments are taken during the first six Contract Years. Income payments taken under any other income option are not subject to an MVA.

## **Advisory Fee Deductions**

The Contracts are available through third-party financial professionals who charge an advisory fee for their services. This advisory fee is in addition to contract fees and expenses disclosed in this prospectus. Under certain circumstances, you may elect to have advisory fees directly deducted from your Contract Value and automatically transmitted to your third-party financial professional, subject to certain administrative rules. If you do elect to pay your advisory fees via direct deductions under our rules, these deductions will reduce Contract Value and may reduce your basic death benefit. The deduction of advisory fees is subject to Interim Value adjustments, and as a result, your Contract Value may be reduced by more than the amount of the advisory fee if a deduction is taken at a point in time at which the Interim Value is less than the Index Option Crediting Base.

If you make a withdrawal to pay advisory fees without setting up direct deductions under our administrative rules, your withdrawal will be treated as a standard partial withdrawal under the Contract. This means, in addition to your Contract Value and any return of premium portion of your basic death benefit being reduced, the withdrawal will be subject to Market Value Adjustments, any applicable taxes and tax penalties. For more information on our administrative rules applicable to advisory fee deductions, please see "Access to Your Money - Our Administrative Rules" beginning on page 40.

## IMPORTANT INFORMATION YOU SHOULD CONSIDER ABOUT THE CONTRACT

	<b>FEES, EXPENSES, AND ADJUSTMENTS</b>	<b>Location in Prospectus</b>
<b>Are There Charges or Adjustments for Early Withdrawals?</b>	<p><b>Yes.</b> If you withdraw money from your Contract during the first 6 years of the Contract, we will apply a Market Value Adjustment (MVA) to the amount withdrawn, which may be negative. The application of the MVA could result in loss. In extreme circumstances, such loss could be as high as 100% of the amount withdrawn. For example, if you invest \$100,000 in the Contract and then take a total withdrawal of Contract Value within the first six Contract Years, you could lose up to \$100,000 of your investment.</p> <p>In addition, if all or a portion of Contract Value is removed from an Index Account Option before the end of the Index Account Option Term, we will apply an Interim Value adjustment, which may be negative. The Interim Value adjustment applies upon partial or total withdrawals from the Contract, automatic withdrawals, RMDs, free look, direct deduction of advisory fees pursuant to our administrative rules, amounts applied to an income option upon annuitization, and payment of the Contract Value element of the death benefit. You could lose up to 100% of your investment due to this Interim Value adjustment. For example, if you allocate \$100,000 to a 1-year Index Account Option and later withdraw the entire amount before the 1 year have ended, you could lose up to \$100,000 of your investment.</p>	<a href="#"><u>Charges and Adjustments</u></a>
<b>Are There Transaction Charges?</b>	<b>Yes.</b> In addition to any negative Market Value Adjustment or negative Interim Value adjustment, you may be charged for other transactions, such as when you request expedited delivery or wire transfer of funds	<a href="#"><u>Charges and Adjustments- Transaction Expenses</u></a>
<b>Are There Ongoing Fees and Expenses?</b>	<b>Yes.</b> There is an implicit ongoing fee on Index Account Options to the extent that your participation in Index gains is limited by Jackson through the use of a Cap and Performance Trigger Rate. This means that your returns may be lower than your elected Index's returns. In return for accepting this limit on Index gains, you will receive some protection from Index losses. This implicit ongoing fee is not reflected in the tables below.	<a href="#"><u>Contract Options - Index Account</u></a>  <a href="#"><u>Additional Information About the Index Account Options - Crediting Methods</u></a>
	<b>RISKS</b>	<b>Location in Prospectus</b>
<b>Is There a Risk of Loss from Poor Performance?</b>	<b>Yes.</b> You can lose money by investing in this Contract. The Contract currently offers 10% and 20% Floor, and 10% and 20% Buffer Protection Options, which, depending on which option you select, could expose you to up to a 90% loss due to poor Index performance. Protection Option rates could change in the future. Available Floor and Buffer Protection Options will always be at least 5%.	<a href="#"><u>Principal Risks</u></a>

<p><b>Is this a Short-Term Investment?</b></p>	<p><b>No.</b> This Contract is not designed for short-term investing and is not appropriate for an investor who needs ready access to cash.</p> <p>Market Value Adjustments apply for up to 6 years after your Contract has been issued. They may reduce the value of your Contract if you withdraw money during that time. Amounts withdrawn from your Contract may also be subject to taxes and tax penalties. Amounts removed from an Index Account Option before the end of the Index Account Option Term may also result in a negative Interim Value adjustment and loss of positive Index performance. The benefits of tax deferral also mean the Contract is more beneficial to investors with a long time horizon.</p> <p>Because Index Account Options are designed to mature at the end of the Index Account Option Term, we need to know by the end of the Index Account Option Term whether you intend to reallocate to a different Contract Option. If you do not provide timely allocation instructions by close of business on the Index Account Option Term Anniversary of an expiring Index Account Option Term as to how you would like your Index Account Option Value allocated for your next Index Account Option Term, we will generally (i) renew the Index Account Option into the same Index Account Option Term, if available; or (ii) if the same Crediting Method, Protection Option, or Index you elected is not available, we will reallocate the Index Account Option Value(s) to the Fixed Account.</p>	<p><a href="#"><u>Principal Risks</u></a></p> <p><a href="#"><u>Charges and Adjustments</u></a></p> <p><a href="#"><u>Transfers and Reallocations</u></a></p>
<p><b>What Are the Risks Associated with the Investment Options?</b></p>	<p>An investment in this Contract is subject to the risk of poor investment performance and can vary depending on the performance of the Contract Options you choose. Each Contract Option (Index Account Options and Fixed Account Options) has its own unique risks. Withdrawals from an Index Account Option prior to the end of the Index Account Option Term are subject to an Interim Value adjustment. You should review the available Contract Options before making an investment decision</p> <p>The Cap Rate and Performance Trigger Rate, as applicable, will limit positive Index returns (e.g., limited upside). <b>This may result in you earning less than the Index return.</b> For example, assume the Index return is 15% at the end of the Index Account Option Term.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Under a Cap Crediting Method with a 10% Cap Rate, we will credit a 10% Index Adjustment at the end of the Index Account Option Term; and</li> <li>◦ Under a Performance Trigger Crediting Method with a 10% Performance Trigger Rate, we will credit a 10% Index Adjustment at the end of the Index Account Option Term.</li> </ul> <p>The Floor or Buffer, as applicable, will limit negative Index returns (e.g., limited protection in the case of market decline). For example, assume an Index return of -25% at the end of the Index Account Option Term.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ If the Buffer is -10%, we will credit a -15% Index Adjustment at the end of the Index Account Option Term; and</li> <li>◦ If the Floor is -10%, we will credit a -10% Index Adjustment at the end of the Index Account Option Term.</li> </ul> <p>The Indexes available for election are price return indexes and not total return indexes, and therefore do not reflect dividends paid on the securities composing the Index. This will reduce the Index return and will cause the Index to underperform a direct investment in the securities composing the Index.</p>	<p><a href="#"><u>Principal Risks</u></a></p>
<p><b>What Are the Risks Related to the Insurance Company?</b></p>	<p>An investment in the Contract is subject to the risks related to Jackson. Any obligations (including under any Fixed Account Options and Index Account Options), guarantees, and benefits of the Contract are subject to the claims-paying ability of Jackson. More information about Jackson is available upon request by visiting our website at <a href="http://www.jackson.com">www.jackson.com</a> or by calling 1-800-644-4565.</p>	<p><a href="#"><u>Principal Risks</u></a></p>



	RESTRICTIONS	Location in Prospectus
Are There Restrictions on the Investment Options?	<p>Yes.</p> <p><b>Premium Payments.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No Premium payments will be accepted after the Contract has been issued.</li> <li>The minimum Premium payment must be at least \$25,000.</li> <li>The maximum Premium payment you may make without our prior approval is \$1 million.</li> </ul> <p><b>Transfers and Reallocations.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Transfers and reallocations from the Index Account Options are only permitted on Index Account Option Term Anniversaries (which will fall on a Contract Anniversary).</li> <li>Transfers from the Fixed Account are only permitted on Contract Anniversaries.</li> </ul>	<p><a href="#"><u>Principal Risks</u></a></p> <p><a href="#"><u>Transfers and Reallocations</u></a></p> <p><a href="#"><u>Additional Information About the Index Account Options</u></a></p>

<p><b>Are There Restrictions on the Investment Options?</b> (continued from previous page)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If you do not want to remain invested in the Fixed Account Option until the next Contract Anniversary, or in an Index Account Option until the end of the Index Account Option Term, your only options will be to take a total or partial withdrawal from the Fixed Account Option or Index Account Option. Withdrawals out of Index Account Options prior to the end of the Index Account Option Term will be based on the Interim Values of the Index Account Options, and all withdrawals may be subject to Market Value Adjustments, taxes, and tax penalties</li> </ul> <p><b>Our Rights to Change Index Account Options and Indexes Offered Under the Contract.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>We reserve the right to delete or add Index Account Options, Indexes, Crediting Methods, Protection Options, and Index Account Option Terms in the future. There will always be more than one Index Account Option available, and those options will always be identical or similar to one of the options disclosed in this prospectus.</li> <li>We may replace an Index if it is discontinued or the Index is no longer available to us or if the Index's calculation changes substantially. Additionally, we may replace an Index if hedging instruments become difficult to acquire or the cost of hedging related to such Index becomes excessive. We may do so at the end of an Index Account Option Term or during an Index Account Option Term.</li> <li>We may change the Crediting Method Rates and Protection Option rates of the Index Account Options available under the Contract, subject to the stated guaranteed minimum or maximum rates. Crediting Method and Protection Option rates will not change during an Index Account Option Term</li> <li>There is no guarantee that a particular Index Account Option will be available during the entire time that you own your Contract. We guarantee that at least two Index Account Options will always be available, and that those options will be identical or similar to those outlined in this prospectus</li> <li>If in the future you are not satisfied with the available Index Account Options, you may choose to withdraw your Index Account Option Value or take a total withdrawal from the Contract, but you may be subject to Market Value Adjustments, taxes, and tax penalties, and an Interim Value adjustment if the withdrawal is made before the end of an Index Account Option Term. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Certain Index Account Options and Indexes may not be available through your financial professional or in your state. You may obtain information about the Index Account Options and Indexes that are available to you by contacting your financial professional.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	<p><b>TAXES</b></p>	<p><b>Location in Prospectus</b></p>
<p><b>What Are the Contract's Tax Implications?</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Consult with a tax professional to determine the tax implications of an investment in and purchase payments received under this Contract.</li> <li>If you purchase the Contract through a tax-qualified plan or individual retirement account (IRA), you do not get any additional tax benefit.</li> <li>Earnings on your Contract are taxed at ordinary income tax rates when you withdraw them, and you may have to pay a penalty if you take a withdrawal before age 59 ½.</li> </ul>	<p><a href="#">Taxes</a></p>

	<b>CONFLICTS OF INTEREST</b>	<b>Location in Prospectus</b>
<b>How Are Investment Professionals Compensated?</b>	Your financial professional may receive compensation for selling this Contract to you in the form of advisory fees, revenue sharing, and other compensation programs. Accordingly, investment professionals may have a financial incentive to offer or recommend this Contract over another investment.	<a href="#"><u>Distribution of Contracts</u></a>
<b>Should I Exchange My Contract?</b>	Some financial professionals may have a financial incentive to offer you a new contract in place of the one you own. You should only consider exchanging your Contract if you determine, after comparing the features, fees, and risks of both contracts, and any fees or penalties to terminate the existing contract, that it is preferable to purchase the new contract rather than continue to own your existing Contract.	<a href="#"><u>Non-Qualified Contracts - 1035 Exchanges</u></a>

## FEES AND EXPENSES TABLES

The following tables describe the fees, expenses, and adjustments that you will pay when purchasing, owning, and making partial or total withdrawals from an Index Account Option or from the Contract. Please refer to your Contract Data Pages for information about the specific fees you will pay each year based on the options you have elected.

The first table describes the fees and expenses that you will pay at the time that you purchase the Contract, take withdrawals from an Index Account Option or from the Contract, or transfer Contract Value between Contract Options. State premium taxes may also be deducted.

### Transaction Expenses

Premium Taxes (Percentage of Premium) <sup>1</sup>	Minimum	0.0%
	Maximum	3.5%
Expedited Delivery Charge <sup>2</sup>		\$22.50
Wire Transfers (for withdrawals) <sup>3</sup>		\$25

1. Premium taxes generally range from 0.0% to 3.5% and vary by state.
2. Between Monday and Friday, the Expedited Delivery Charge is \$10. On Saturday, the Expedited Delivery Charge is \$22.50.
3. Standard wire fees are \$20, international wire fees are \$25.

### Adjustments

The next table describes the adjustments, in addition to any transaction expenses, that apply if all or a portion of the Contract Value is removed from an Index Account Option or from the Contract before the expiration of a specified period.

Adjustments	Maximum Adjustment
Interim Value Adjustment Maximum Potential Loss <sup>1</sup> (as a percentage of Contract Value allocated to an Index Account Option)	100%
Market Value Adjustment Maximum Potential Loss <sup>2</sup> (as a percentage of Remaining Premium)	100%

1. An Interim Value adjustment will apply to your Index Account Option Value upon removal of Contract Value from an Index Account Option prior to the end of the Index Account Option Term. The Interim Value adjustment will apply upon partial or total withdrawals from the Contract, automatic withdrawals, required minimum distributions ("RMDs"), free look, direct deductions of advisory fees pursuant to our administrative rules, amounts applied to an income option upon annuitization, and payment of the Contract Value element of the death benefit. For more information, please see "Interim Value Calculation and Adjustment" beginning on page 37.
2. A Market Value Adjustment may apply to amounts withdrawn or annuitized from the Contract during the first six Contract Years. For more information, please see "Market Value Adjustment" beginning on page 38.

The next table describes the fees and expenses that you will pay each year during the time that you own the Contract.

### Annual Contract Expenses

Annual Contract Expenses	Maximum Charge
Administrative Charge	None
Base Contract Charge	None

In addition to the fees described above, we limit the amount you can earn on the Index Account Options. This means your returns may be lower than the Index's returns. In return for accepting this limit on Index gains, you will receive some protection from Index losses.

## PRINCIPAL RISKS

The purchase of the Contract and the features you elect involve certain risks. You should carefully consider the following factors, in addition to considerations listed elsewhere in this prospectus, prior to purchasing the Contract.

**Risk of Loss.** An investment in an index-linked annuity is subject to the risk of loss. You may lose money, including the loss of principal.

**Liquidity and Early Withdrawal Risk.** We designed the Contract to be a long-term investment that you may use to help save for retirement. The Contract is unsuitable as a short-term savings vehicle. If you take withdrawals from your Contract during the first six years, Market Value Adjustments ("MVA") may apply. In addition, each time you take a withdrawal prior to the end of the Index Account Option term, including direct deductions to pay advisory fees pursuant to our administrative rules, we will recalculate your Index Account Option Value, based on an Interim Value adjustment, which could be zero, positive or negative. In doing so, we use prorated Index Adjustment Factors and your Interim Value Proration Factor(s), both of which serve to reduce any positive Index Adjustment, as well as increase any negative Index Adjustment we credit. Any negative adjustment could be significant, up to 100% of Contract Value allocated to the Index Account Option, and impact the amount of Contract Value available for future withdrawals. In addition, amounts withdrawn from this Contract may also be subject to taxes and a 10% additional federal tax penalty if taken before age 59½. If you plan on taking withdrawals that will be subject to an MVA and/or taking withdrawals before age 59½, this Contract may not be appropriate for you.

**Limitations on Transfers.** You can transfer Contract Value among the Index Account Options and the Fixed Account only at designated times (on the Index Account Option Term Anniversary for amounts invested in Index Account Options, and Contract Anniversaries for amounts invested in the Fixed Account). You cannot transfer out of a current Index Account Option to another Index Account Option (or to the Fixed Account) until the Index Account Option Term Anniversary and you cannot transfer out of the Fixed Account to an Index Account Option until the Contract Anniversary. In all cases, the amount transferred can only be transferred to a new Index Account Option or Fixed Account. This may limit your ability to react to market conditions. You should consider whether the inability to reallocate Contract Value during the elected investment terms is consistent with your financial needs and risk tolerance. For more information about transfers, please see the section titled "Transfers and Reallocations" on page 40.

**Reallocations.** You should understand that a new Cap Rate and Performance Trigger Rate will go into effect on the Index Account Option Term Anniversary for all new Index Account Option Terms. Such rates could be lower, higher, or equal to your current Crediting Method percentage rate. We post all rates online at [Jackson.com/RatesJMLPA](https://www.jackson.com/RatesJMLPA). The rates for Contract Value reallocations at the end of an Index Account Option Term are posted at least 30 days before the end of any Index Account Option Term. At least 30 days prior to any Index Account Option Term Anniversary, we will send you written notice reminding you of how you may obtain the rates for the next Index Account Option Term. You may provide reallocation instructions in writing using our Reallocation Form or a Letter of Instruction, or over the phone if you have authorized telephone transactions. If you do not provide timely allocation instructions by close of business on the Index Account Option Term Anniversary of an expiring Index Account Option Term as to how you would like your Index Account Option Value allocated for your next Index Account Option Term, we will generally (i) renew the Index Account Option into the same Index Account Option Term, if available; or (ii) if the same Crediting Method, Protection Option, or Index you elected is not available, we will reallocate the Index Account Option Value(s) to the Fixed Account. See "Automatic Reallocations" beginning on page 40. Such reallocation instructions must be sent to us in written form acceptable to the Company, or via telephone if you have authorized telephone transactions on your account. For more information on how rates are set and communicated, please see the subsection titled "Crediting Methods" under "Additional Information About the Index Account Options" beginning on page 25. This will occur even if the Fixed Account and/or specific Index Account Option is no longer appropriate for your investment goals. For more information about transfers, please see the section titled "Transfers and Reallocations" on page 40.

**Market Risk.** There is a risk of substantial loss of Contract Value (except for amounts allocated to the Fixed Account) due to any negative Index Return that exceeds the Buffer or is within the Floor amount. **You could lose up to 90% of Contract Value allocated to Index Account Options due to negative Index Return after taking into account the current limits on Index loss provided under the Contract. Available Floor and Buffer Protection Options will always be at least 5%.** If any negative Index Return exceeds the Buffer or is within the Floor you have elected at the end of the Index Account Option Term, you will realize the amount of loss associated with your elected Protection Option. Buffers and Floors are not cumulative, and their protection does not extend beyond the length of any given Index Account Option Term. If you keep amounts allocated to an Index Account Option over multiple Index Account Option Terms in which negative Index Adjustments are made, the total combined loss of Index Account Option Value over those multiple Index Account Option Terms may exceed the stated limit of

any applicable Protection Option for a single Index Account Option Term. In addition, if any amounts are removed from an Index Account Option prior to the end of the Index Account Option Term, we will apply an Interim Value adjustment, which, in extreme circumstances, could result in the loss of Contract Value allocated to the Index Account Option as high as 100%.

**No Ownership of Underlying Securities.** You have no ownership rights in the securities that comprise an Index. Purchasing the Contract is not equivalent to purchasing shares in a mutual fund that invests in securities comprising the Indexes nor is it equivalent to directly investing in such securities. You will not have any ownership interest or rights in the securities, such as voting rights, or the right to receive dividend payments, or other distributions. Index returns would be higher if they included the dividends from the component securities.

**Tracking Index Performance.** When you allocate money to an Index Account Option, the value of your investment depends in part on the performance of the applicable Index. The performance of an Index is based on changes in the values of the securities or other investments that comprise or define the Index. The securities comprising or defining the Indexes are subject to a variety of investment risks, many of which are complicated and interrelated. These risks may affect capital markets generally, specific market segments, or specific issuers. The performance of the Indexes may fluctuate, sometimes rapidly and unpredictably. Negative Index Return may cause you to realize investment losses. The historical performance of an Index or an Index Account Option does not guarantee future results. It is impossible to predict whether an Index will perform positively or negatively over the course of a term.

While you will not directly invest in an Index, if you choose to allocate amounts to an Index Account Option, you are indirectly exposed to the investment risks associated with the applicable Index as the Contract performance tracks the Index Return and then your elected Crediting Methods and Protection Options are applied based on that performance. Each Index's performance is subject to market risk, equity risk, and issuer risk (in addition to other risks identified in this section):

- *Market Risk.* Each Index could decrease in value over short periods due to short-term market movements and over longer periods during more prolonged market downturns. Negative fluctuations in the value of an Index may be significant and unpredictable.
- *Equity Risk.* Each Index is comprised of equity securities. Equity securities are subject to changes in value, and their values may be more volatile than those of other asset classes. Equity securities may underperform in comparison to the general financial markets, a particular financial market, or other asset classes.
- *Issuer Risk.* The performance of each Index depends on the performance of individual securities included in the Index. Changes in the financial condition, credit rating, or public perception of an issuer of those securities may cause the value of the issuer's securities to decline.

In recent years, the financial markets have at times experienced periods of significant volatility and negative returns, contributing to an uncertain and evolving economic environment. The performance of the markets has been impacted by several interrelating factors such as, but not limited to, natural disasters, public health crises, inflation, political and social developments, and military and governmental actions. You should consult with your financial professional about how market conditions may impact your investment decisions under the Contract.

We calculate an Index Return by comparing the value of the Index between two specific points in time, which means the performance of the Index may be negative or flat for the Index Account Option Term as a whole (including a multi-year Index Account Option Term) even if the Index performed positively for certain periods of time during the Index Account Option Term.

An investment in an Index Account Option is not an investment in the companies that comprise the applicable Index. You will have no voting rights, no rights to receive cash dividends or other distributions, and no other rights with respect to the companies that make up the Indexes. Each Index is a "price return index," not "total return index," meaning the Index Return does not include any dividends or other distributions declared by the companies included in the Index. This will reduce the Index Return and will cause the Index to underperform a direct investment in the companies included in the Index.

In addition to the foregoing, each Index has its own unique risks, as follows:

- **S&P 500 Index:** The S&P 500 Index is comprised of equity securities issued by large-capitalization U.S. companies. In general, large-capitalization companies may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges and may not be able to attain the high growth rate of successful smaller companies.
- **Russell 2000 Index:** The Russell 2000 Index is comprised of equity securities of small-capitalization U.S. companies. In general, the securities of small-capitalization companies may be more volatile and may involve more risk than the securities of larger companies. Small-capitalization companies are more likely to fail than larger companies.

- **MSCI EAFE Index:** The MSCI EAFE Index is comprised of equity securities of large- and mid-capitalization companies and it is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets, including countries in Europe, Australasia, and the Far East. In general, large-capitalization companies may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges and may not be able to attain the high growth rate of successful smaller companies, and the securities of mid-capitalization companies may be more volatile and may involve more risk than the securities of larger companies. Securities issued by non-U.S. companies (including related depositary receipts) are subject to the risks related to investments in foreign markets (e.g., increased price volatility; changing currency exchange rates; and greater political, regulatory, and economic uncertainty). This index is calculated in USD and local currency only. The exchange rates used for all currencies for all MSCI equity indexes are taken from Reuters at 4pm GMT each day.
- **MSCI Emerging Markets Index:** The MSCI Emerging Markets Index is comprised of equity securities of large- and mid-capitalization companies in emerging markets. In general, large-capitalization companies may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges and may not be able to attain the high growth rate of successful smaller companies, and the securities of larger companies. Mid-capitalization companies are more likely to fail than larger companies. Securities issued by non-U.S. companies (including related depositary receipts) are subject to the risks related to investments in foreign markets (e.g., increased price volatility; changing currency exchange rates; and greater political, regulatory, and economic uncertainty). Those risks are typically more acute when issuers are located or operating in emerging markets. Emerging markets may be more likely to experience inflation, political turmoil, and rapid changes in economic conditions than developed markets. Emerging markets often have less uniformity in accounting and reporting requirements, less reliable valuations, and greater risk associated with custody of securities than developed markets. This index is calculated in USD and local currency only. The exchange rates used for all currencies for all MSCI equity indexes are taken from Reuters at 4pm GMT each day.
- **MSCI KLD 400 Social Index:** The MSCI KLD 400 Social Index is comprised of equity securities that provide exposure to companies with outstanding Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) ratings and excludes companies whose products have negative social or environmental impacts. Since the primary objective of this Index is to track companies with a positive social or environmental impact, this Index may underperform the market as a whole or other indexes that do not screen for ESG standards. The Index may include large-, mid-, and small-capitalization companies. In general, large capitalization companies may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges and may not be able to attain the high growth rate of other successful smaller companies, and the securities of smaller capitalization companies may be more volatile and may involve more risk than the securities of larger companies. Smaller companies are more likely to fail than larger companies.

## Limits on Investment Return.

- **Cap Rate.** If you elect a Cap Crediting Method, the highest possible return that you may achieve on your investment is equal to the Cap Rate, or "Cap". The Cap therefore limits the positive Index Adjustment, if any, that may be credited to your Contract for a given Index Account Option Term. The Caps do not guarantee a certain amount of minimum Index Adjustment credited. Any Index Adjustment based on a Cap Crediting Method may be less than the positive return of the Index. This is because any positive return of the Index that we credit to your Index Account Option Value is subject to a maximum in the form of a Cap, even when the positive Index Return is greater.
- **Performance Trigger Rate.** If you elect a Performance Trigger Crediting Method, the highest possible return that you may achieve is equal to the Performance Trigger Rate. The Performance Trigger Rate therefore limits the positive Index Adjustment, if any, that may be credited to your Contract for a given Index Account Option Term. The Performance Trigger Rates do not guarantee a minimum Index Adjustment amount. Any Index Adjustment credited for a Performance Trigger Crediting Method may be less than the positive return of the Index. This is because any positive return of the Index that we credit to your Index Account Option Value is always equal to the Performance Trigger Rate, even when the positive Index Return is greater.

**Cap and Performance Trigger Rates are not annual rates. For Index Account Option Terms that are longer than one year, the rates would be lower on an annual basis.**

In addition, each time you take a withdrawal, we will recalculate your Index Account Option Value, based on an Interim Value adjustment, which could be zero, positive or negative. In doing so, we prorate the Cap, and Performance Trigger Rates based on the number of days that elapsed in the Term and the application of the Interim Value Proration Factor, which means you will

not experience the full advantage of the stated Cap or Performance Trigger Rate. This could serve to *decrease* any positive Index Adjustment we credit.

New rates go into effect at the start of each new Index Account Option Term. Such rates could be lower, higher, or equal to the current rate. If a new rate is unacceptable to you, you will have to reallocate your Contract Value to a different Index Account Option or to the Fixed Account. There is a risk that these other investment options will also not be satisfactory to you.

We reserve the right to remove Crediting Methods in the future, so there may not always be a Cap or Performance Trigger Crediting Method available to you for election on subsequent Index Account Option Terms. However, there will always be at least one Crediting Method available to you for election. When available, the following guaranteed minimum rates will apply:

Guaranteed Minimum Rates (When Offered)		
Rate	Index Account Option Term Length	
	1-Year	6-Year
Cap Rate	1.0%	2.0%
Performance Trigger Rate	1.0%	1.0%

**Buffers and Floors.** If you allocate money to an Index Account Option, Index fluctuations may cause an Index Adjustment to be negative at the end of the Index Account Option Term despite the application of the Buffer or Floor Protection Option that you elect.

- If you elect a Floor, a negative Index Return will always result in a negative Index Adjustment up to the Floor but not in excess of the Floor.
- If you elect a Buffer, a negative Index Return will result in a negative Index Adjustment if the negative Index Return exceeds the Buffer.

In choosing between a Buffer and a Floor, you should consider that the maximum amount of principal you can lose with a Buffer is greater than the maximum amount of principal you can lose with a Floor. Conversely, because of the greater downside risk you assume with a Buffer Protection Option, they tend to offer greater opportunities for upside growth (for example, higher Cap rates may be available with Buffer Protection Options).

If we credit your Contract with a negative Index Adjustment, your Index Account Option Value will be reduced. Buffers and Floors are not cumulative, and their protection does not extend beyond the length of any given Index Account Option Term. Any portion of your Contract Value allocated to an Index Account Option will benefit from the protection of either the Buffer or Floor for that Index Account Option Term only. A new Buffer or Floor will be applied to subsequent Index Account Option Terms, subject to availability. You assume the risk that you will incur a loss and that the amount of the loss could be **as much as 90% of Contract Value after taking into account the current limits on Index loss provided under the Contract**. You also bear the risk that sustained negative Index Return may result in a zero or negative Index Adjustment being credited to your Index Account Option Value over multiple Index Account Option Terms.

In addition, each time you take a withdrawal, we will recalculate your Index Account Option Value, based on an Interim Value adjustment, which could be zero, positive or negative. In doing so, we prorate the Buffer or Floor based on the number of days that elapsed in the Term and the application of the Interim Value Proration Factor, which means you will not have the full protection of the stated Buffer or Floor. This could serve to *increase* any negative Index Adjustment we credit.

**We reserve the right to remove Protection Options in the future, so there may not always be both a Buffer and Floor Protection Option available to you for election on subsequent Index Account Option Terms. However, there will always be at least one Protection Option available to you for election. Available Buffer and Floor Protection Options will always be at least 5%.**

If an Index Account Option Value is credited with a negative Index Adjustment for multiple Index Account Option Terms, the total combined loss of Index Account Option Value over those multiple Index Account Option Terms may exceed the stated limit of any applicable Buffer or Floor for a single Index Account Option Term.

**Buffers and Floors are not annual rates. For Index Account Option Terms that are longer than one year, the rates would be lower on an annual basis.**



**Interim Value Risk.** Each time you remove Contract Value from an Index Account Option prior to the end of the Index Account Option Term, we will recalculate your Index Account Option Value, based on an Interim Value adjustment, which could be zero, positive or negative. In doing so, we use prorated Index Adjustment Factors, where applicable, which serve to reduce any positive Index Adjustment, as well as increase any negative Index Adjustment we credit. Interim Values generally reflect less gain and more downside than would otherwise apply at the end of the Index Account Option Term. As such, when a transaction is processed based on the Interim Value of the Index Account Option, the Interim Value could reflect less gain or more loss (possibly significantly less gain or more loss) than would be applied at the end of the Index Account Option Term. When calculating Interim Value, the Index Account Option Value is reduced proportionally to the Contract Value for each withdrawal. If the Interim Value adjustment is positive, your Index Account Option Value will be decreased by less than the amount of the withdrawal; in other words, on less than a dollar for dollar basis. If the Interim Value adjustment is negative, your Index Account Option Value will be decreased by more than the amount of the withdrawal; in other words, on more than a dollar for dollar basis. Any negative adjustment could be significant, up to 100% of Contract Value allocated to the Index Account Option, and impact the amount of Contract Value available for future withdrawals.

### **Elimination, Suspension, Replacements, Substitutions, and Changes to Indexes, Crediting**

**Methods, and Terms.** We may replace an Index if it is discontinued or if there is a substantial change in the calculation of the Index, or if hedging instruments become difficult to acquire or the cost of hedging becomes excessive. If we substitute an Index, the performance of the new Index may differ from the original Index, and you may not be able to achieve the level of Index Return you anticipated. If an Index is replaced during an Index Account Option Term, the Index Return for the Index Account Option Term will be calculated by adding the Index Return for the original Index from the beginning of the term up until the date of replacement, to the Index Return from the substituted Index starting on the date of replacement through the end of the Index Account Option Term, as follows:

Example: Assume that you allocate Contract Value to a 6-Year Index Account Option with the S&P 500 Index and the Index value is \$1,000 at the beginning of the term. After 2 years, the S&P 500 Index is discontinued and replaced by the MSCI EAFE Index. On the day of the replacement, the S&P 500 Index is \$1,100, so the Index Return as of that date is 10%. The MSCI EAFE Index value on the day of the replacement is 2,000. Going forward, your Index Return for the remainder of the Index Account Option Term will be equal to 10% plus the calculated return of the MSCI EAFE Index from the replacement date. This means that one year later, on your third Contract Anniversary, if the MSCI EAFE Index is \$1,900, your Index Return would be  $10\% + (-5\%) = 5\%$ .

A substitution of an Index during an Index Account Option Term will not cause a change in the Crediting Method, Protection Option, or Index Account Option Term length.

Changes to the Cap Rates and Performance Trigger Rates, if any, occur at the beginning of the next Index Account Option Term. The guaranteed maximum Floor and guaranteed minimum Buffer will not change for the life of your Contract. Available Floor and Buffer Rates are guaranteed never to be less than 5%.

We may also add or remove an Index, Index Account Option Term, Crediting Method, or Protection Option during the time that you own the Contract. You bear the risk that we may eliminate an Index Account Option or certain Index Account Option features and replace them with new options and features that are not acceptable to you. We will not add any Index, Index Account Option Term, Crediting Method, or Protection Option until the new Index or Crediting Method has been approved by the insurance department in your state. Any addition, substitution, or removal of an Index, Crediting Method, Protection Option, or Index Account Option Term will be communicated to you in writing.

**Issuing Company.** No company other than Jackson has any legal responsibility to pay amounts that Jackson owes under the Contract. The amounts you invest are not placed in a registered separate account, and your rights under the Contract to invested assets and the returns on those assets are subject to the claims paying ability of Jackson. You should review and be comfortable with the financial strength of Jackson for its claims-paying ability.

**Effects of Withdrawals, Annuitization, or Death.** If a withdrawal is taken, including direct deductions to pay advisory fees pursuant to our administrative rules, or a required minimum distribution ("RMD") during the Index Account Option Term, it could be subject to a Market Value Adjustment as well as an Interim Value adjustment that could reduce your Index Account Option Value. Such reduction could be significant. The Interim Value adjustment may result in an Index Adjustment that is less than the Index Adjustment you would have received if you had held the investment until the end of the Index Account Option Term. If you take a withdrawal when the Index Return is negative, your remaining Contract Value may be significantly less than if you waited to take the withdrawal when the Index Return was positive. Because the deduction of

advisory fees is subject to Interim Value adjustments and Market Value Adjustments, your Contract Value may be reduced by more than the dollar amount of the advisory fee if a deduction is taken at a point in time at which a negative Index Adjustment would occur.

All withdrawals, including RMDs, will be taken proportionately from each of your Index Account Options and Fixed Account unless otherwise specified. Withdrawals can also reduce the Death Benefit. Any Return of Premium death benefit will be reduced in a pro-rated amount. Pro rata reductions can be greater than the actual dollar amount of your withdrawal.

In addition, since all withdrawals reduce the Contract Value, withdrawals will also reduce the amount that can be taken as income since such amount is determined by the Contract Value on the Income Date. The Latest Income Date for this contract is age 95.

If your Contract Value falls below the minimum Contract Value remaining as a result of a withdrawal (as stated in your Contract), we may terminate your Contract.

There are administrative rules that must be followed when taking an RMD withdrawal. Notice of an RMD is required at the time of your withdrawal request, and there is an administrative form for providing such notice. The administrative form allows you to elect one time or automatic RMD withdrawals. Eligible withdrawals that are specified as RMDs may only be taken based on the value of the Contract to which the endorsement applies, even where the Internal Revenue Code allows taking multiple contracts' RMDs from a single contract. You, as Owner, are responsible for complying with the Internal Revenue Code's RMD requirements. If you fail to take your full RMD for a year, you will be subject to a 25% excise tax on any shortfall. This excise tax is reduced to 10% if a distribution of the shortfall is made within two years and prior to the date the excise tax is assessed or imposed by the IRS. If your requested RMD exceeds our calculation of the RMD for your Contract, your request will not be eligible for the waiver of any applicable MVA and we will apply an MVA as applicable, which will be reflected in the confirmation of the transaction.

**Deduction of Advisory Fees from Contract Value.** Under certain circumstances, you may elect to have advisory fees directly deducted from your Contract Value and automatically transmitted to your third-party financial professional, subject to certain administrative rules. If you do elect to pay your advisory fees via direct deductions under our rules, we will not report them as taxable distributions under your Contract. It is important to note that deductions to pay advisory fees will always reduce your Contract Value and your basic death benefit, and they are otherwise subject to all contractual provisions and other restrictions and penalties, including Interim Value adjustments, Market Value Adjustments, and minimum withdrawal requirements. Because the deduction of advisory fees is subject to Interim Value adjustments and Market Value Adjustments, your Contract Value may be reduced by more than the dollar amount of the advisory fee if a deduction is taken at a point in time at which a negative Index Adjustment would occur. Advisory fees are in addition to expenses disclosed in this prospectus. This means if you take withdrawals to pay advisory fees and do not follow our administrative rules, all such withdrawals will be subject to any applicable income taxes and penalties. For more information about our administrative rules applicable to the direct deduction of advisory fees from Contract Value, please see the subsection titled "Our Administrative Rules" in the section titled "Access to Your Money" beginning on page 40.

**Business Continuity and Cybersecurity Risk.** We and our service providers and business partners are subject to certain risks, including those resulting from information system failures, cybersecurity incidents, public health crises such as the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, and other disaster events. Such events can adversely impact us and our operations. These risks are common to all insurers and financial service providers. These risks include, among other things, the theft, misuse, corruption and destruction of electronic information, interference with or denial of service, attacks on systems or websites, and other operational disruptions that could severely impede our ability to conduct our business or administer the Contract.

Such events could also adversely affect us by resulting in regulatory fines, litigation, financial losses, and reputational damage. Cybersecurity incidents may also impact the issuers of securities in which the underlying funds invest, which may cause the funds underlying your Contract to lose value. Although we take efforts to protect our systems from cybersecurity incidents, there can be no assurance that we or our service providers will be able to avoid cybersecurity incidents affecting Contract owners in the future. It is also possible that a cybersecurity incident could persist for an extended period of time without detection.

Additionally, our third-party service providers and other third-parties related to our business (such as financial intermediaries or, in the case of our variable products, underlying funds) are subject to similar risks. Successful implementation and execution of their business continuity policies and procedures are largely beyond our control. Disruptions to their business operations may impair our own business operations.

As of the date of this prospectus, we do not believe that we have experienced a material cyber-attack or other cybersecurity incident. However in 2023, we were notified of a data security incident involving the MOVEit file transfer system used by numerous financial services companies. A third-party vendor uses that software on our behalf to, among other things, identify the deaths of insured persons and annuitants under life insurance policies and annuity contracts. According to that third-party vendor, an unknown actor exploited a MOVEit software flaw to access the vendor's systems and download certain data. Our assessment indicated that personally identifiable information relating to approximately 850,000 of Jackson's customers was obtained by that unknown actor from the third-party vendor's systems. This MOVEit vulnerability has now been rectified. Separately, Jackson experienced unauthorized access to two servers as a result of the MOVEit flaw; however, the scope and nature of the data accessed on those servers was significantly less than the third-party vendor impact. Our assessment was that a subset of information relating to certain partner organizations and individuals, including certain customers of Jackson, was obtained from the two affected servers. We notified affected customers as required by law, and we continue to assess and investigate the overall impact of the incidents. At this time, we do not believe the incidents or related litigation will have a material adverse effect on the business, operations, or financial results of Jackson.

## THE ANNUITY CONTRACT

Your Contract is a contract between you, the Owner, and us. The Contract is an individual single Premium deferred index-linked annuity. Your Contract and any endorsements are the formal contractual agreement between you and the Company. This prospectus is a disclosure document and describes all of the Contract's material features, benefits, rights, and obligations of annuity purchasers under the Contract.

Your Contract is intended to help facilitate your retirement savings on a tax-deferred basis, or other long-term investment purposes, and provides for a death benefit. Purchases under tax-qualified plans should be made for other than tax deferral reasons. Tax-qualified plans provide tax deferral that does not rely on the purchase of an annuity contract. We will not issue a Contract to someone older than age 85.

Your Premium and Contract Value may be allocated to:

- the Fixed Account, in which amounts earn a declared rate of interest for a certain period,
- the Index Account, in which amounts may be allocated to the Index Account Options, which are currently available with a variety of Crediting Methods and term lengths, and certain Protection Options, all of which may be credited with a zero, positive or negative Index Adjustment based upon the performance of a specified Index.

Your Contract, like all deferred annuity contracts, has two phases:

- the **accumulation phase**, when your Premium may accumulate value based upon the Index Adjustment and/or Fixed Account interest credited, and
- the **income phase**, when we make income payments to you.

As the Owner, you can exercise all the rights under your Contract. In general, joint Owners jointly exercise all the rights under the Contracts. In some cases, such as telephone and internet transactions, joint Owners may authorize each joint Owner to act individually. On jointly owned Contracts, correspondence and required documents will be sent to the address of record of the primary Owner.

**State Variations.** This prospectus describes the material rights and obligations under the Contract. There may be some variations to the general description in this prospectus, where required by specific state laws. Please refer to your Contract for specific variations applicable to you. Any state variations will be included in your Contract and any endorsements to your Contract. For a list of material state variations, please refer to Appendix B.

**Owner.** As Owner, you may exercise all ownership rights under the Contract. Usually, but not always, the Owner is the Annuitant. The Contract allows for the naming of joint Owners. Only two joint Owners are allowed per Contract. Any reference to the Owner includes any joint Owner. Joint Owners have equal ownership rights, and as such, each Owner must authorize any exercise of Contract rights unless the joint Owners instruct us in writing to act upon authorization of an individual joint Owner.

**Ownership Changes.** To the extent allowed by state law, we reserve the right to refuse ownership changes at any time on a non-discriminatory basis, as required by applicable law or regulation. You may request to change the Owner or joint Owner of this Contract by sending a signed, dated request to our Customer Care Center at the address provided on the front cover of the prospectus. The change of ownership will not take effect until it is approved by us, unless you specify another date, and will be subject to any payments made or actions taken by us prior to our approval. We will use the oldest Owner's age for all Contract purposes. No person whose age exceeds the maximum issue age allowed by Jackson as of the Issue Date of the Contract may be designated as a new Owner.

Jackson assumes no responsibility for the validity or tax consequences of any ownership change. If you make an ownership change, you may have to pay taxes. We encourage you to seek legal and/or tax advice before requesting any ownership change.

**Annuitant.** The Annuitant is the natural person on whose life income payments for this Contract are based. If the Contract is owned by a natural person, you may change the Annuitant at any time before you begin taking income payments by sending a written, signed and dated request to the Customer Care Center at the address provided on the front cover of the prospectus. Contracts owned by legal entities are not eligible for Annuitant changes. The Annuitant change will take effect on the date you signed the change request, unless you specify otherwise, subject to any payments made or actions taken by us prior to receipt of the request in Good Order. We reserve the right to limit the number of joint Annuitants to two.

**Beneficiary.** The Beneficiary is the natural person or legal entity designated to receive any Contract benefits upon the first Owner's death. The Contract allows for the naming of multiple Beneficiaries. You may change the Beneficiary(ies) by sending a written, signed and dated request to the Customer Care Center at the address provided on the front cover of the prospectus. If an irrevocable Beneficiary was previously designated, that Beneficiary must consent in writing to any change. The Beneficiary change will take effect on the date you signed the change request, subject to any payments made or actions taken by us prior to receipt of the request in Good Order.

**Assignment.** To the extent allowed by state law, we reserve the right to refuse assignments at any time on a non-discriminatory basis, as required by applicable law or regulation. You may request to assign this Contract by sending a signed, dated request to our Customer Care Center at the address provided on the front cover of the prospectus. The assignment will take effect on the date we approve it, unless you specify another date, subject to any payments made or actions taken by us prior to our approval. Your right to assign the Contract is subject to the interest of any assignee or irrevocable Beneficiary. If the Contract is issued pursuant to a qualified plan, it may not be assigned except under such conditions as may be allowed under the plan and applicable law. Generally, an assignment or pledge of a non-qualified annuity is treated as a distribution.

Jackson assumes no responsibility for the validity or tax consequences of any assignment. We encourage you to seek legal and/or tax advice before requesting any assignment.

## JACKSON

The obligations under the Contract (including Fixed Account obligations, death benefits, or other benefits available under the Contract) are obligations of Jackson and are subject to Jackson's claims-paying ability and financial strength. Jackson's principal business address is 1 Corporate Way, Lansing, Michigan 48951.

We do not file periodic reports, in reliance on Rule 12h-7 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), which exempts certain issuers of securities that are subject to insurance regulation from filing periodic reports pursuant to Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act.

## CONTRACT OPTIONS

The Contract is divided into two general categories for allocation of your Premium and Contract Value: the Fixed Account, where amounts earn a declared rate of interest for an annually renewable one-year term, and the Index Account, where amounts earn index-linked interest ("Index Adjustment") for a specified term based upon the performance of a selected Index.

**Fixed Account.** The Fixed Account is an annually renewable account in which amounts you allocate earn a declared rate of interest. Fixed Account interest rates are guaranteed for one year from the date you allocate amounts into the Fixed Account and are subject to change on each Contract Anniversary thereafter. In no event will the interest rate credited to amounts allocated to the Fixed Account be less than the Fixed Account Minimum Interest Rate, as discussed below. The Fixed Account is not registered with the SEC under either the Securities Act of 1933 or the Investment Company Act of 1940. Disclosures

regarding the Fixed Account, however, are subject to the general provisions of the federal securities laws relating to the accuracy and completeness of statements made in prospectuses. Information regarding the features of the Fixed Account Option(s), including (i) name, (ii) term, and (iii) minimum guaranteed interest rates are also available in Appendix A: Investment Options Available Under the Contract.

**Fixed Account Value.** The Fixed Account Value is equal to (1) the value of Premium and any amounts transferred into the Fixed Account; (2) plus interest credited daily at a rate not less than the Fixed Account Minimum Interest Rate, per annum; (3) less any gross partial withdrawals; (4) less any amounts transferred out of the Fixed Account. The Fixed Account Value will never be less than the Fixed Account Minimum Value. The Fixed Account Minimum Value is equal to the greater of (a) eighty-seven and one half (87.5%) of any allocations to the Fixed Account, plus interest credited daily at never less than the Fixed Account Minimum Interest Rate per annum, less any partial withdrawals (including any applicable Market Value Adjustment) after being reduced for any applicable taxes, or (b) zero.

**Rates of Interest We Credit.** This Contract guarantees a Fixed Account Minimum Interest Rate that applies to amounts allocated to the Fixed Account. The Fixed Account Minimum Interest Rate guaranteed by the Contract will be no less than the minimum non-forfeiture rate, which may vary from year to year. The minimum non-forfeiture rate will be determined by Jackson, pursuant to the requirements outlined by the Standard Nonforfeiture Law for Individual Deferred Annuities. The current Fixed Account Minimum Interest Rate is equal to the current minimum non-forfeiture rate of 2.65%. If the Fixed Account Minimum Interest Rate changes, we will file a supplement providing notice to new purchasers of the Contract. The Fixed Account Minimum Interest Rate is guaranteed for the life of the Contract, and your Fixed Account Minimum Interest Rate will not change once your Contract has been issued. The Fixed Account Minimum Interest Rate that was applicable at the time your Contract was issued will be reflected in your Contract. Any changes to the Fixed Account Minimum Interest Rate apply only to new purchasers of the Contract on or after the date the new Fixed Account Minimum Interest Rate is effective, which will be the date of the most recent prospectus or the date identified in any applicable supplement filing.

In addition, we establish a declared rate of interest ("base interest rate") at the time you allocate any amounts to the Fixed Account, and that base interest rate will apply to that allocation for the entire one-year Fixed Account term. To the extent that the base interest rate that we establish for any allocation is higher than the Fixed Account Minimum Interest Rate, we will credit that allocation with the higher base interest rate. Thus, the declared base interest rate could be greater than the guaranteed Fixed Account Minimum Interest Rate specified in your Contract, but will never cause your allocation to be credited at less than the currently applicable Fixed Account Minimum Interest Rate. On each Contract Anniversary, the base interest rate is subject to change.

Renewal base interest rates for the Fixed Account declared on Contract Anniversaries may be different from the base interest rates for prior Fixed Account Option Terms, but will never be less than the Fixed Account Minimum Interest Rate specified in your Contract. You bear the risk that the base interest rate we declare on each Contract Anniversary for the Fixed Account Option(s) will not exceed the Fixed Account Minimum Interest Rate or the base interest rate from prior Fixed Account Option Terms.

**Index Account.** Amounts allocated to the Index Account are credited with a positive or negative Index Adjustment at the end of each Index Account Option Term based, in part, upon the performance of the selected Index subject to the Crediting Method, and Protection Option. Prior to the end of an Index Account Option Term, amounts allocated to the Index Account (adjusted for withdrawals) are credited with an Index Adjustment subject to any applicable prorated Index Adjustment Factors. Your selections from available options make up what are referred to as Index Account Options, which are available with different combinations of Indexes, Protection Options, Crediting Methods, and term lengths. As of the date of this prospectus, the following options are currently available for election with any of the Indexes:

Crediting Methods	Protection Options*		Term Length	
	Buffer	Floor	1-Year	6-Year
Cap	10%, 20%	10%, 20%	✓	✓
Performance Trigger	10%	10%	✓	N/A

\* Protection Option rates listed above are the rates currently available as of the date of this prospectus. These rates may be changed from time to time, so you should contact your financial professional or the Jackson Service Center for current rate availability.

Information regarding the features of each currently offered Index Account Option, including (i) its name, (ii) its type, (iii) its Index Account Option Term, (iv) its current limit on Index loss, and (v) its minimum limit on Index gain, is available in Appendix A: Investment Options Available Under the Contract.

An investment in an Index Account Option is not an investment in the Index or in any Index fund. You could lose a significant amount of money if the Index declines in value. Prior to the end of an Index Account Option Term, amounts allocated to the Index Account are equal to the Interim Value. You could lose a significant amount of money due to an Interim Value adjustment if amounts are removed from an Index Account Option prior to the end of its Crediting Period.

**Crediting Method and Protection Option Rates.** Available rates for Crediting Methods and Protection Options are the new business or renewal rates effective as of the first day of your Index Account Option Term and will not change until the end of your Index Account Option Term. The rates for a particular Index Account Option Term may be higher or lower than the rates for previous or future Index Account Option Terms. We post all rates online at [Jackson.com/RatesJMLPA](http://Jackson.com/RatesJMLPA). The rates for Contract Value reallocations at the end of an Index Account Option Term are posted at least 30 days before the end of any Index Account Option Term. At least 30 days prior to any Index Account Option Term Anniversary, we will send you written notice reminding you of how you may obtain the rates for the next Index Account Option Term. You may also request current rates at any time by contacting your financial professional or the Jackson Customer Care Center. Guaranteed minimum and maximum rates for each Crediting Method and Protection Option are listed below in the sections for each specific Crediting Method and Protection Option.

We reserve the right to delete or add Index Account Options, Indexes, Crediting Methods, Protection Options, and Index Account Option Terms in the future. There will always be more than one Index Account Option available, and those options will always be identical or similar to one of the options disclosed in this prospectus.

**Index Account Value.** The Index Account Value is equal to the sum of all the Index Account Option Values.

**Index Account Option Value.** When you allocate Contract Value to an Index Account Option for an Index Account Option Term, your investment in the Index Account Option is represented by an Index Account Option Value. Your Index Account Option Value is the portion of your Contract Value allocated to that Index Account Option at any given time. If you allocate Contract Value to multiple Index Account Options at the same time, you will have a separate Index Account Option Value for each Index Account Option in which you are invested. The minimum amount you may allocate to an Index Account Option is \$100.

- At the beginning of the Index Account Option Term, your Index Account Option Value is equal to the Premium allocated or Contract Value transferred to the Index Account Option, less any amount transferred out of the Index Account Option.
- During the Index Option Term, your Index Account Option Value is equal to the Interim Value, which is equal to the Index Account Option Value at the beginning of the Index Account Option Term, reduced for any partial withdrawals taken from the Index Account Option during the current Index Account Option Term (including any Market Value Adjustments on such withdrawals) in the same proportion that the Interim Value was reduced on the date of any such withdrawal, credited with a positive or negative Index Adjustment. The Index Adjustment credited is subject to the prorated Index Adjustment Factors as of the date of the withdrawal, and the Interim Value Proration Factor. During the Index Account Option Term, your Interim Value will never be less than zero.
- At the end of the Index Account Option Term, your Index Account Option Value is equal to the Index Account Option Value at the beginning of the Index Option Term reduced for any partial withdrawals taken from the Index Account Option during the current Index Account Option Term (including any Market Value Adjustments on such withdrawals) in the same proportion that the Interim Value was reduced on the date of any such withdrawal, and credited with a positive or negative Index Adjustment. At the end of your Index Account Option Term, your Index Account Option Value will never be less than zero.

**Index Adjustment.** For each Index Account Option to which you allocate Contract Value, at the end of the Index Account Option Term, we will credit your Index Account Option Value with an Index Adjustment. This Index Adjustment can be zero, positive or negative, depending on the performance of the Index and the Crediting Method and Protection Option chosen.

- If the Index Adjustment is positive, your Index Account Option Value will increase by a dollar amount equal to the positive Index Adjustment.
- If the Index Adjustment is negative, your Index Account Option Value will decrease by a dollar amount equal to the negative Index Adjustment.

- If the Index Adjustment is equal to zero, no Index Adjustment will be credited and there will be no adjustment to your Index Account Option Value.

**Your allocation must remain in the Index Account Option until the end of the Index Account Option Term in order to avoid an Interim Value adjustment, in addition to potential Market Value Adjustments and tax consequences.**

We also credit a positive or negative Index Adjustment during the Index Account Option Term when you take a withdrawal. During the term, the Index Adjustment is subject to the prorated Index Adjustment Factors, as of the date of the withdrawal, and the Interim Value Proration Factor.

**Interim Value.** Because the Index Account Options are designed to credit an Index Adjustment by measuring the change in the Index Return from the beginning of the Index Account Option Term to the end of the Index Account Option Term, an Interim Value calculation is necessary to determine the daily value of your Index Account Option on any given Business Day if you remove Contract Value prior to the end of the Index Account Option Term. For each Index Account Option, the value we assign on any Business Day prior to the end of the Index Account Option Term is called the Interim Value. The Interim Value of an Index Account Option is equal to the amount allocated to the Index Account Option, adjusted for the Index Return of the associated Index and subject to the prorated Index Adjustment Factor that you have elected (Cap Rate/Performance Trigger Rate/Buffer/Floor) and the Interim Value Proration Factor ("IVPF"), if applicable. Also note that any withdrawal taken in the first six years after issue may be assessed a Market Value Adjustment in addition to the Interim Value adjustment.

The Interim Value calculation is the same for all Crediting Methods. It uses the Index value on two dates to determine the Index Adjustment credited during any Index Account Option Term: the beginning date of the Index Account Option Term and the current date within that Index Account Option Term on which the Interim Value is being calculated. To determine the Index Adjustment credited, we calculate the net change in Index value between the beginning of the Index Account Option Term and the current Index value and express it as a percentage. If the resulting percentage is positive, we apply the Interim Value Proration Factor ("IVPF") to the applicable prorated Crediting Method (Cap Rate/Performance Trigger Rate). If the Index return is negative, we apply the IVPF to the applicable prorated Protection Option (Buffer/Floor). This adjusted Index Return is then multiplied by the Index Account Option Value at the beginning of the Index Account Option Term (adjusted to reflect any withdrawals during the term) to determine the amount of Index Adjustment to credit. The Index Adjustment is then added to or subtracted from the Index Account Option Value at the beginning of the term (adjusted to reflect any withdrawals during the term) to calculate the current Interim Value.

Please note that when calculating Interim Value, the Index Account Option Value is reduced proportionally to the Contract Value for each withdrawal. If the Interim Value Adjustment is positive, your Index Account Option Value will be decreased by less than the amount of the withdrawal; in other words, on less than a dollar for dollar basis. If the Interim Value Adjustment is negative, your Index Account Option Value will be decreased by more than the amount of the withdrawal; in other words, on more than a dollar for dollar basis. In calculating the Interim Value Adjustment, we use prorated Index Adjustment Factors, which in some instances may serve to *reduce* any positive Index Adjustment, as well as *increase* any negative Index Adjustment we credit when compared to the Index Adjustment you would have received if you had waited until the end of your Index Account Option Term to take your withdrawal. This is because the Index Adjustment Factors are prorated by the time elapsed during the Index Account Option Term and the application of the Interim Value Proration Factor. In other words, the values are determined by multiplying the Index Adjustment Factor by the number of days elapsed so far during the Index Account Option Term, then dividing by the total number of days in the Index Account Option Term, and then multiplying by the Interim Value Proration Factor. The proration of the Floor protection option is calculated differently than the rest of the Index Adjustment Factors. The prorated Floor is calculated as one minus the full-term Floor divided by the Interim Value Proration Factor, then that value is subtracted from one, then the result is multiplied by the number of days elapsed so far during the Index Account Option Term divided by the total number of days in the Index Account Option Term. An example illustrating the proration of Index Adjustment Factors immediately follows this paragraph. Any negative adjustment could be significant and impact the amount of Contract Value available for future withdrawals. In addition to Interim Value adjustments, withdrawals taken in the first six Contract Years may also be subject to Market Value Adjustments, which could further reduce the amount you receive when requesting a withdrawal. **The Interim Value adjustment could result in the loss of principal and previously-credited earnings in the Contract, and in extreme circumstances, such losses could be as high as 100%.**

Index Adjustment Factor Proration Examples:

- Floor Proration: Assume on January 1, you allocate Contract Value to a 1-year Index Account Option with a 12% Cap and a 10% Floor. There are 365 total days in your Index Account Option Term and your Interim Value Proration Factor is 90%. Your prorated Index Adjustment Factors on the following days are:

- On March 22: 80 days have elapsed. Your prorated Floor is  $1 - (1 - 10\% / 90\%) * 80 / 365 = 80.56175\%$ . Your prorated Cap is  $12\% * 80 / 365 * 90\% = 2.3671\%$
- On August 8: 219 days have elapsed. Your prorated Floor is  $1 - (1 - 10\% / 90\%) * 219 / 365 = 46.6667\%$ . Your prorated Cap is  $12\% * 219 / 365 * 90\% = 6.48\%$ .
- On December 3: 336 days have elapsed. Your prorated Floor is  $1 - (1 - 10\% / 90\%) * 336 / 365 = 18.1735\%$ . Your prorated Cap is  $12\% * 336 / 365 * 90\% = 9.9419\%$ .
- Buffer Example: Assume on January 1, you allocate Contract Value to a 1-year Index Account Option with a 15% Cap and a 10% Buffer. There are 365 total days in your Index Account Option Term and your Interim Value Proration Factor is 90%. Your prorated Index Adjustment Factors on the following days are:
  - On February 1: 31 days have elapsed. Your prorated Buffer is  $10\% * 31 / 365 * 90\% = 0.7644\%$ . Your prorated Cap is  $15\% * 31 / 365 * 90\% = 1.1466\%$ .
  - On July 3: 183 days have elapsed. Your prorated Buffer is  $10\% * 183 / 365 * 90\% = 4.5123\%$ . Your prorated Cap is  $15\% * 31 / 365 * 90\% = 6.7685\%$ .
  - On October 20: 292 days have elapsed. Your prorated Buffer is  $10\% * 292 / 365 * 90\% = 7.20\%$ . Your prorated Cap is  $15\% * 292 / 365 * 90\% = 10.80\%$ .

You can view the Interim Value for your Index Account Option(s) as of the end of the previous Business Day in your account on [jackson.com](http://jackson.com) or by contacting us via phone at 1-800-644-4565. For more information about Interim Value and how withdrawals and other transactions based on Interim Values will affect your Contract, please see "Interim Value Calculation and Adjustment" beginning on page 37. See the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for detailed explanations and examples of how we calculate Interim Value in various scenarios.

**Interim Value Proration Factor.** The Interim Value Proration Factor ("IVPF") is the percentage applied to the prorated Crediting Method and Protection Option, in the calculation of Interim Value. The IVPF is guaranteed to equal 100% during the first six Contract Years, after which the IVPF will be declared annually on the Index Account Option Anniversary, and communicated to you via your annual statement. The IVPF is locked in at the beginning of each Index Account Option Term, and it does not apply to withdrawals made on any Index Account Option Term Anniversary. All Crediting Methods and Protection Option combinations are each subject to a unique IVPF. The IVPF will be determined by the Company and may vary by Crediting Method and Protection Option combination. Please see the Statement of Additional Information ("SAI") for examples of the calculation of Interim Value using IVPF under different scenarios.

## ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE INDEX ACCOUNT OPTIONS

**Indexes.** When you allocate money to the Index Account, you are credited the Index Adjustment based upon the performance of your selected Index. You should discuss the available Indexes with your financial professional and obtain advice on which Index is best suited for your specific financial goals. Currently, we offer the following Indexes:

- **S&P 500 Index:** The S&P 500 Index is comprised of equity securities issued by large-capitalization U.S. companies.
- **Russell 2000 Index:** The Russell 2000 Index is comprised of equity securities of small-capitalization U.S. companies.
- **MSCI EAFE Index:** The MSCI EAFE Index is comprised of equity securities of large- and mid-capitalization companies and it is designed to measure the equity market performance of developed markets, including countries in Europe, Australasia, and the Far East.
- **MSCI Emerging Markets Index:** The MSCI Emerging Markets Index is comprised of equity securities of large- and mid-capitalization companies in emerging markets.
- **MSCI KLD 400 Social Index:** The MSCI KLD 400 Social Index is comprised of equity securities that provide exposure to companies with outstanding Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) ratings and excludes companies whose products have negative social or environmental impacts.



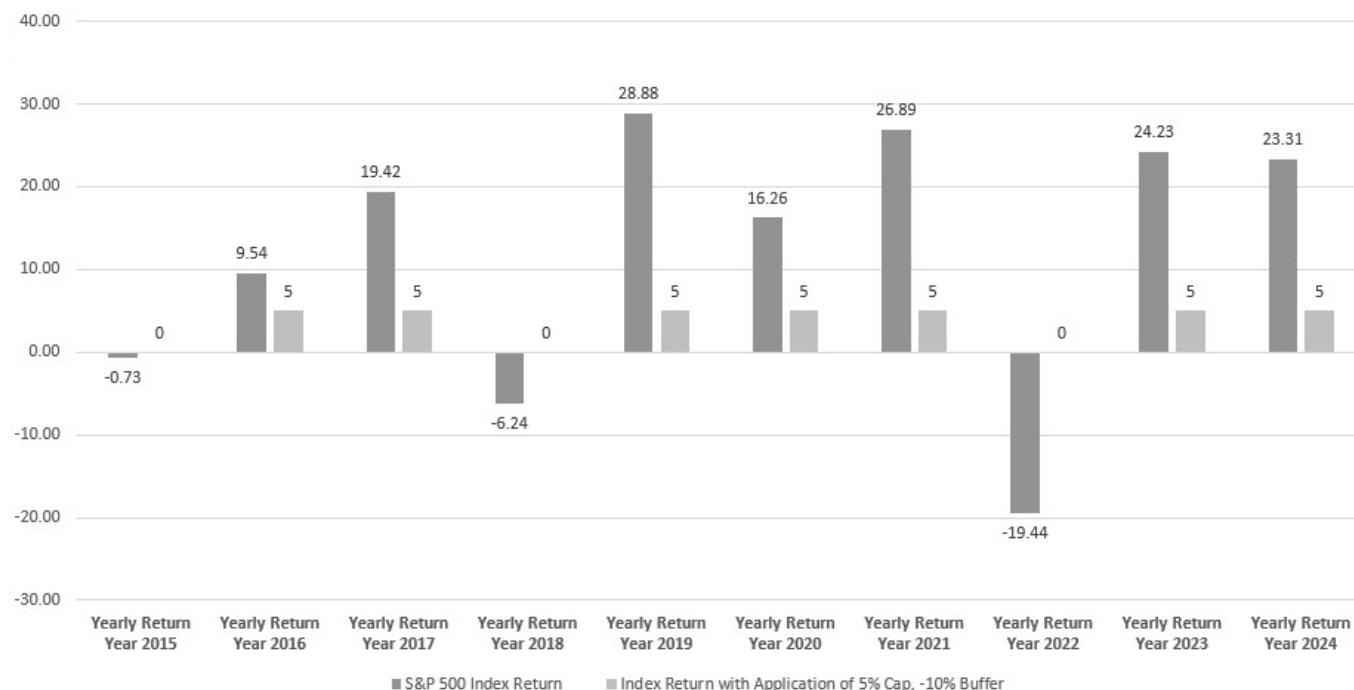
All of the Indexes offered are price return indexes, not total return indexes, which means they do not reflect dividends paid on the securities composing the Index. This will reduce the Index Return and cause the Index to underperform a direct investment in the securities composing the Index.

We reserve the right to add, remove, or replace any Index, Term, Crediting Method, or Protection Option in the future, subject to necessary regulatory approvals. If an Index is replaced during an Index Account Option Term, the Index Return for the Index Account Option Term will be calculated by adding the Index Return for the original Index from the beginning of the term up until the date of replacement, to the Index Return from the substituted Index starting on the date of replacement through the end of the Index Account Option Term.

**Index Performance Examples.** The bar charts shown below provide each Index's annual returns for the last 10 calendar years (or for the life of the Index if less than 10 years), as well as the Index Returns after applying a hypothetical 5% Cap rate and a hypothetical -10% Buffer rate. The charts illustrate the variability of the returns from year to year and show how hypothetical limits on Index gains and losses may affect these returns. Past performance is not necessarily an indication of future performance.

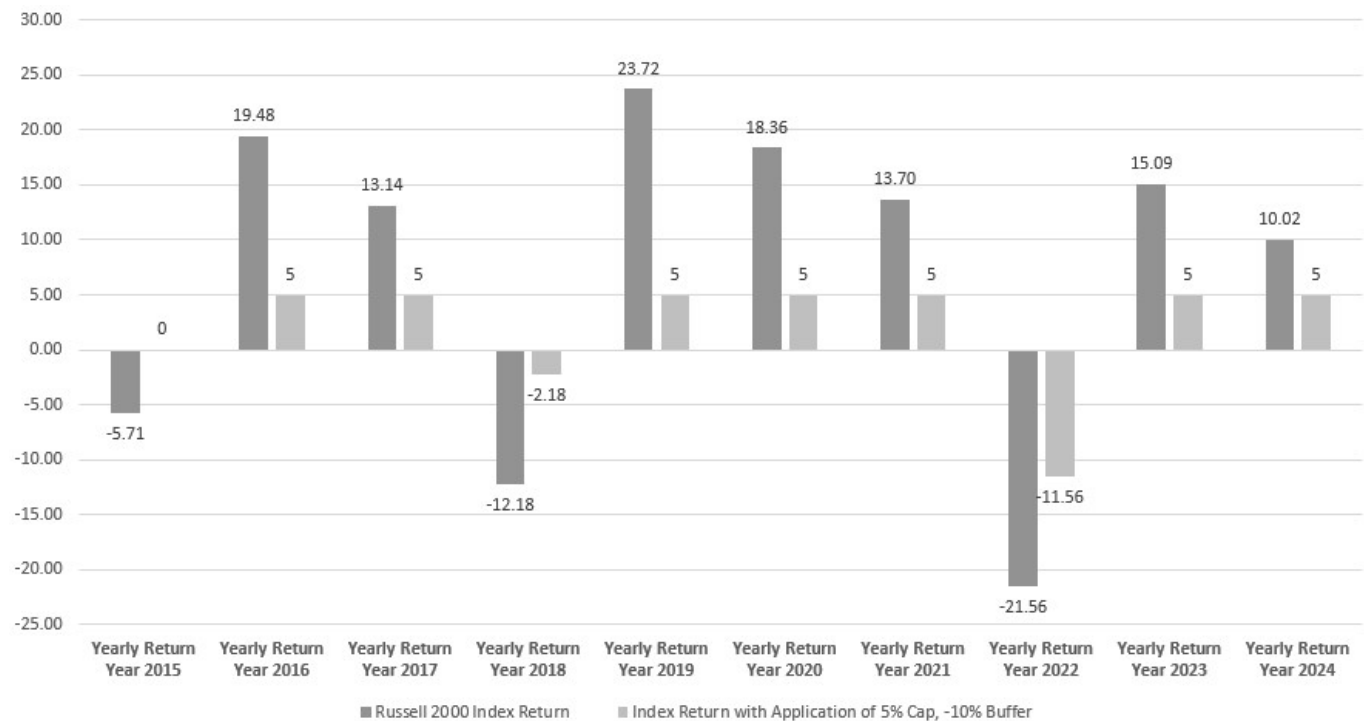
**The performances below are NOT the performance of *any* Index Account Option. Your performance under the Contract will differ, perhaps significantly. The performances below may reflect a different return calculation, time period, and limit on Index gains and losses than the Index Account Options, and do not reflect Contract fees and charges, including Market Value Adjustments and the Interim Value calculation and adjustment, which reduce performance.**

#### S&P 500 Index \*



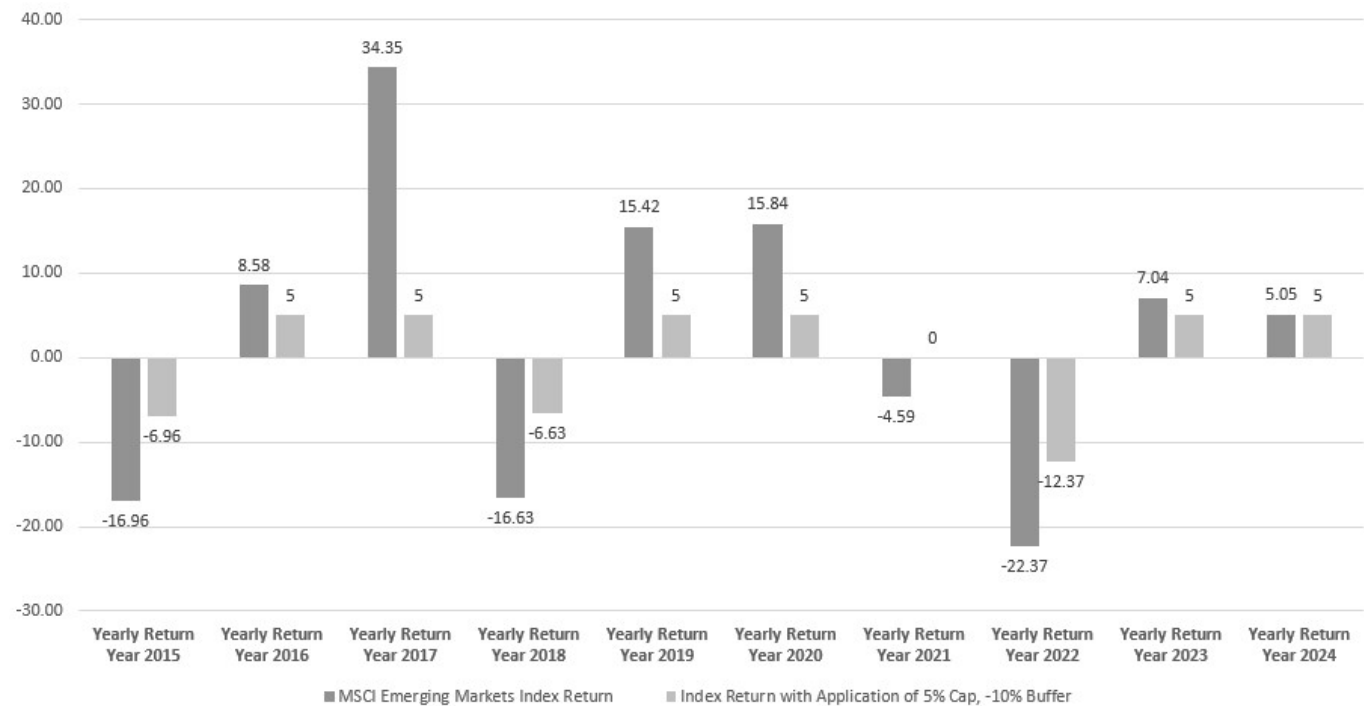
\*Index is a price return index, not a total return index, and therefore does not reflect the dividends paid on the assets composing the Index, which will reduce the Index Return and cause the Index to underperform a direct investment in the securities composing the Index.

### Russell 2000 Index \*



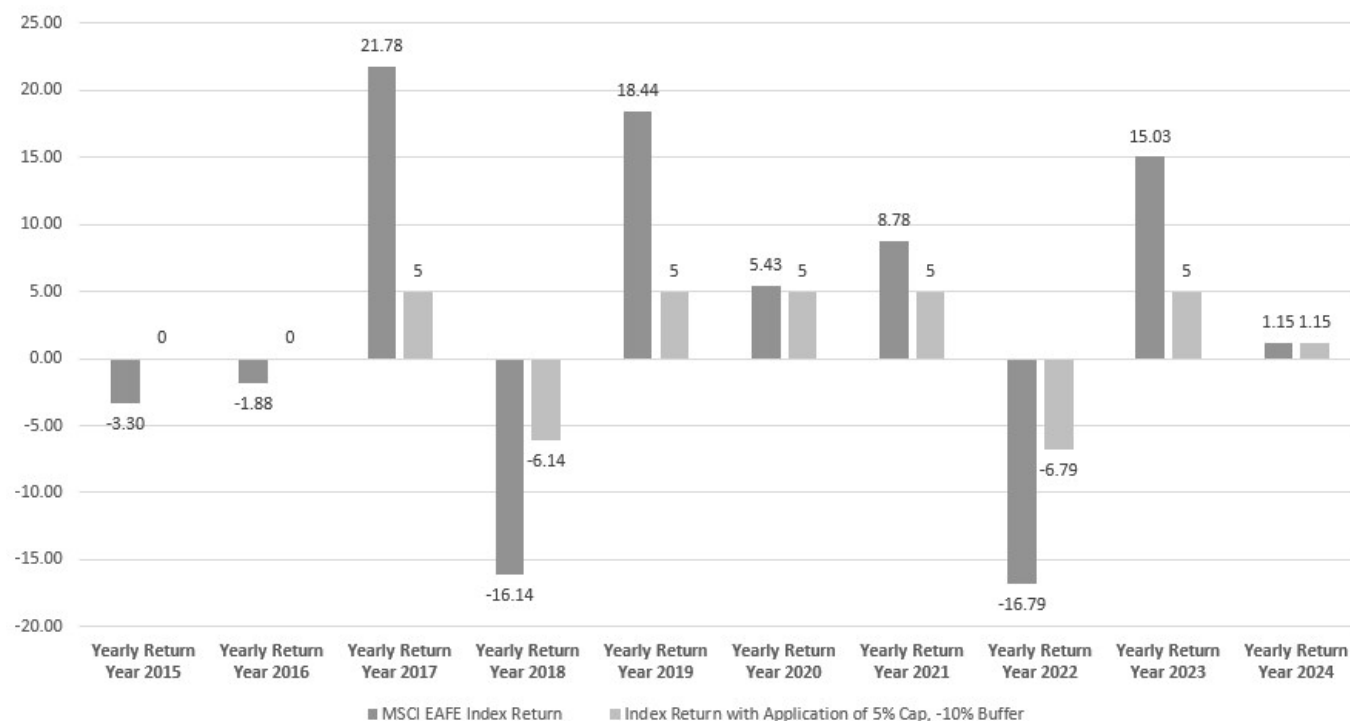
\*Index is a price return index, not a total return index, and therefore does not reflect the dividends paid on the assets composing the Index, which will reduce the Index Return and cause the Index to underperform a direct investment in the securities composing the Index.

### MSCI Emerging Markets Index \*



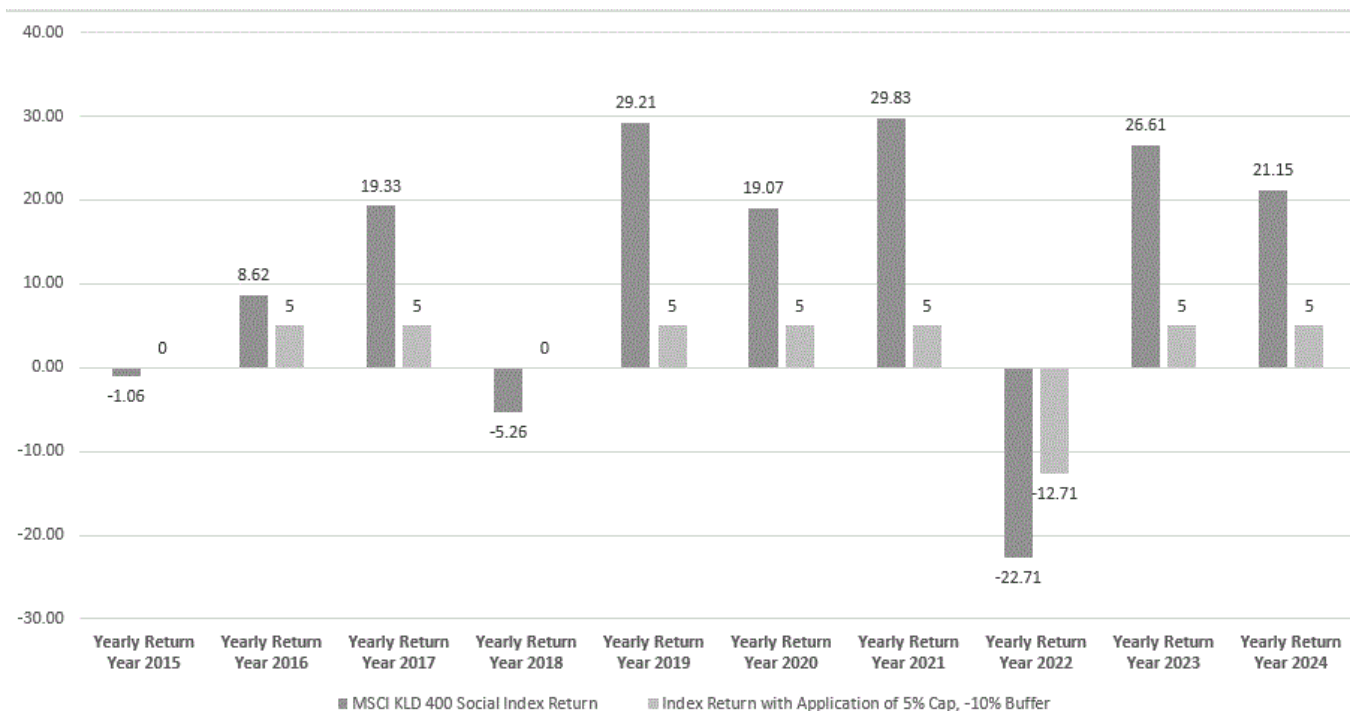
\*Index is a price return index, not a total return index, and therefore does not reflect the dividends paid on the assets composing the Index, which will reduce the Index Return and cause the Index to underperform a direct investment in the securities composing the Index.

### MSCI EAFE Index \*



\*Index is a price return index, not a total return index, and therefore does not reflect the dividends paid on the assets composing the Index, which will reduce the Index Return and cause the Index to underperform a direct investment in the securities composing the Index.

### MSCI KLD 400 Social Index \*



\*Index is a price return index, not a total return index, and therefore does not reflect the dividends paid on the assets composing the Index, which will reduce the Index Return and cause the Index to underperform a direct investment in the securities composing the Index.

**Replacing an Index.** We may replace an Index if it is discontinued or the Index is no longer available to us or if the Index's calculation changes substantially. Additionally, we may replace an Index if hedging instruments become difficult to acquire or the cost of hedging related to such Index becomes excessive. We may do so at the end of an Index Account Option Term or during an Index Account Option Term. We will notify you in writing at least 30 days before we replace an Index. If an Index is replaced during an Index Account Option Term, the Index Return will be calculated by adding the Index Return for the original Index from the beginning of the term up until the date of replacement, to the Index Return from the substituted Index starting on the date of replacement through the end of the Index Account Option Term, as shown in the Example below. A substitution of an Index during an Index Account Option Term will not cause a change in the Crediting Method, Protection Option, or Index Account Option Term length.

Example: Assume that you allocate Contract Value to a 6-Year Index Account Option with the S&P 500 Index and the Index value is \$1,000 at the beginning of the term. After 2 years, the S&P 500 Index is discontinued and replaced by the MSCI EAFE Index. On the day of the replacement, the S&P 500 Index is \$1,100, so the Index Return as of that date is 10%. The MSCI EAFE Index value on the day of the replacement is \$2,000. Going forward, your Index Return for the remainder of the Index Account Option Term will be equal to 10% plus the calculated return of the MSCI EAFE Index from the replacement date. This means that one year later, on your third Contract Anniversary, if the MSCI EAFE Index value is \$1,900, your Index Return would be  $10\% + (-5\%) = 5\%$ .

If we replace an Index, we will attempt to select a new Index that is similar to the old Index. In making this evaluation, we will look at factors such as asset class; Index composition; strategy or methodology inherent to the Index; and Index liquidity.

**Index Return.** The Index Return for an Index Account Option is the percentage change in the Index value from the start of an Index Account Option Term to the end of the Index Account Option Term.

Example: Assume that you allocate Contract Value to an Index Account Option with the S&P 500 Index, Cap Crediting Method, and Buffer Protection Option. Between the beginning and end of the Index Account Option Term, the value of the S&P 500 Index increases by 5%. Thus, the Index Return for that Index Account would be 5%. If instead the S&P 500 Index decreased by 5%, the Index Return for that Index Account would be -5%.

**Adjusted Index Return.** After the Index Return is calculated at the end of the Index Account Option Term, we next calculate the Adjusted Index Return. The Adjusted Index Return reflects any applicable adjustments to the Index Return based on the Cap Rate or Performance Trigger Rate, if the Index Return is positive, or the Buffer or Floor, if the Index Return is negative. The Index Adjustment will be credited to the Index Account Option at a rate equal to the Adjusted Index Return.

Example: Assume, as above, that you allocate Contract Value to an Index Account Option with the S&P 500 Index, Cap Crediting Method, and Buffer Protection Option. Between the beginning and end of the Index Account Option Term, the value of the S&P 500 Index increases by 15%. Thus, the Index Return for that Index Account would be 15%. Assume now that your Index Account Option has a Cap Rate of 10%. Your Index Return of 15% would be adjusted to your maximum 10% Cap Rate, making your Adjusted Index Return 10%.

**Protection Options.** Your selected Protection Option will define the manner in which any (negative) Index Adjustments are credited to you if your selected Index performs negatively during your Index Account Option Term. When you allocate amounts to the Index Account, you are indirectly exposed to the investment risks associated with the applicable Index. Because each Index is comprised or defined by a collection of equity securities, each Index is exposed to market fluctuations which may cause the value of a security to change, sometimes rapidly and unpredictably. The Contract provides two options to provide some level of protection against the risk of loss of Index Account Value for any negative Index Return: Buffers and Floors.

**Buffer.** A Buffer is the amount of negative Index price change before a negative Index Adjustment is credited to the Index Account Option Value at the end of an Index Account Option Term, expressed as a percentage. Put another way, a Buffer protects your Index Account Option Value from loss **up to** a specified amount (typically 10% or 20%). Jackson protects you from any loss associated with Index decline up to your elected Buffer percentage. **You only incur a loss if the Index has declined more than your elected Buffer percentage** as of your Index Account Option Term Anniversary. For example, if the Index Return at the end of your Index Account Option Term is -25% and your Buffer rate is 10%, we will credit a -15% Index Adjustment at the end of the Index Account Option Term, meaning the Contract Value allocated to that Index Account Option will decrease by 15%.

**Withdrawals taken prior to the end of the Index Account Option Term will reduce the Index Account Option Value in the same proportion that the Interim Value was reduced on the date of the withdrawal.** The Interim Value reflects the application of a prorated Buffer based on the elapsed portion of the Index Account Option Term and the Interim Value Proration Factor. For examples of how a withdrawal taken prior to the end of an Index Account Term will reduce the Index Account Option Value through the use of a prorated Buffer in scenarios where the Index Return is negative, see the Statement of Additional Information.

The available Buffer rates are the new business or renewal rates effective as of the first day of an Index Account Option Term and will not change until the end of your Index Account Option Term. The Buffer rate for a particular Index Account Option Term may be higher or lower than the Buffer rate for previous or future Index Account Option Terms. **In no event will an available Buffer rate be less than 5% during the life of your Contract.** We post all rates online at [Jackson.com/RatesJMLPA](https://www.jackson.com/RatesJMLPA). The rates for Contract Value reallocations at the end of an Index Account Option Term are posted at least 30 days before the end of any Index Account Option Term. At least 30 days prior to any Index Account Option Term Anniversary, we will send you written notice reminding you of how you may obtain the rates for the next Index Account Option Term.

**Floor.** A Floor is the maximum loss that will be credited to the Index Account Option at the end of the Index Account Option Term, expressed as a percentage. In contrast to the Buffer, a Floor protects your Index Account Option Value from loss **greater than** a specified amount (typically 10% or 20%). This means that if the Index has declined as of your Index Account Option Term Anniversary, **you will incur all of the loss up to your elected Floor percentage.** Jackson will protect you from any Index decline greater than your elected Floor percentage. For example, if the Index Return at the end of your Index Account Option Term is -25% and your Floor rate is 10%, we will credit a -10% Index Adjustment at the end of your Index Account Option Term, meaning the Contract Value allocated to that Index Account Option will decrease by 10%.

**Withdrawals taken prior to the Index Account Option Term will reduce the Index Account Option Value in the same proportion as the Interim Value was reduced on the date of the withdrawal.** The Interim Value reflects the application of a prorated Floor based on the elapsed portion of the Index Account Option Term and the Interim Value Proration Factor. For an example of how a withdrawal taken prior to the end of an Index Account Option Term will reduce the Index Account Option Value through the use of a prorated Floor in scenarios where the Index Return is negative, see the Statement of Additional Information.

The available Floor rates are the new business or renewal rates effective as of the first day of an Index Account Option Term and will not change until the end of your Index Account Option Term. The Floor rate for a particular Index Account Option Term may be higher or lower than the Floor rate for previous or future Index Account Option Terms. **In no event will an available Floor rate be less than 5% during the life of your Contract.** We post all rates online at [Jackson.com/RatesJMLPA](https://www.jackson.com/RatesJMLPA). The rates for Contract Value reallocations at the end of an Index Account Option Term are posted at least 30 days before the end of any Index Account Option Term. At least 30 days prior to any Index Account Option Term Anniversary, we will send you written notice reminding you of how you may obtain the rates for the next Index Account Option Term.

**Choosing a Protection Option.** We set the limit on Index losses for each Index Account Option at our sole discretion. We consider various factors in determining the limit on Index losses, including the cost of our risk management techniques, sales commissions, administrative expenses, regulatory and tax requirements, general economic trends and competitive factors.

Before selecting an Index Account Option for investment, you should consider in consultation with your financial professional the limits on Index losses that may be appropriate for you based on your risk tolerance, investment horizon and financial goals. Generally, assuming the same Index and Index Account Option Term, an Index Account Option that provides more protection from Index losses (such as a 10% Floor or 20% Buffer) will tend to have less potential for Index gains. Conversely, assuming the same Index and Index Account Option Term, an Index Account Option that provides less protection from Index losses (such as a 10% Buffer) will generally tend to have more potential for Index gains.

Please see the Statement of Additional Information ("SAI") for examples of how the Interim Value is calculated with prorated Index Adjustment Factors under various scenarios.

**Crediting Methods.** Your selected Crediting Method will dictate the manner in which the Index Adjustment is credited to you if your selected Index performs positively during your Index Account Option Term. Current Cap Rates and Performance Trigger Rates are provided at the time of application, and to existing owners and financial professionals at any time, upon request.

To determine the Index Adjustment amount that will be credited to your Index Account Option Value at the end of each Index Account Option Term, we calculate the Adjusted Index Return for that Index Account Option. We calculate this Adjusted Index Return by applying the applicable Crediting Method, which serves to limit the positive Index Return you will realize. The Index Adjustment will be credited to the Index Account Option at a rate equal to the Adjusted Index Return.

Generally, the higher the downside risk you assume, the higher your associated Crediting Method rates will be. This means that your Crediting Method rates will typically be higher in connection with a Buffer Protection Option with a 10% or 20% Buffer Rate than they will be in connection with a Floor Protection Option. In addition, your Crediting Method rates will typically be lower in connection with a 20% Buffer Protection Option than they would be in connection with a 10% Buffer Protection Option. You should carefully consider which combination of Crediting Method and Protection Options are right for you, and discuss these options with your financial professional.

We determine Cap Rates and Performance Trigger Rates, for each new Index Account Option Term at our discretion, subject to the guaranteed minimums discussed below. We consider a number of factors when declaring Cap Rates and Performance Trigger Rates. Generally, we seek to manage our risk associated with our obligations, in part, by trading call and put options and other derivative instruments on the available Indices. The costs of these instruments impact the rates we declare, and those costs can be impacted by market conditions and forces. We also consider the asset yield on the fixed assets backing our obligations, administrative expenses, regulatory and tax requirements, general economic trends and competitive factors. You bear the risk that we may declare lower Cap Rates and Performance Trigger Rates for future Index Account Option Terms, and that such rates could be as low as the guaranteed minimums discussed below. Rates offered for new Index Account Option Terms may be different from those offered to new investors or offered to you at Contract issuance.

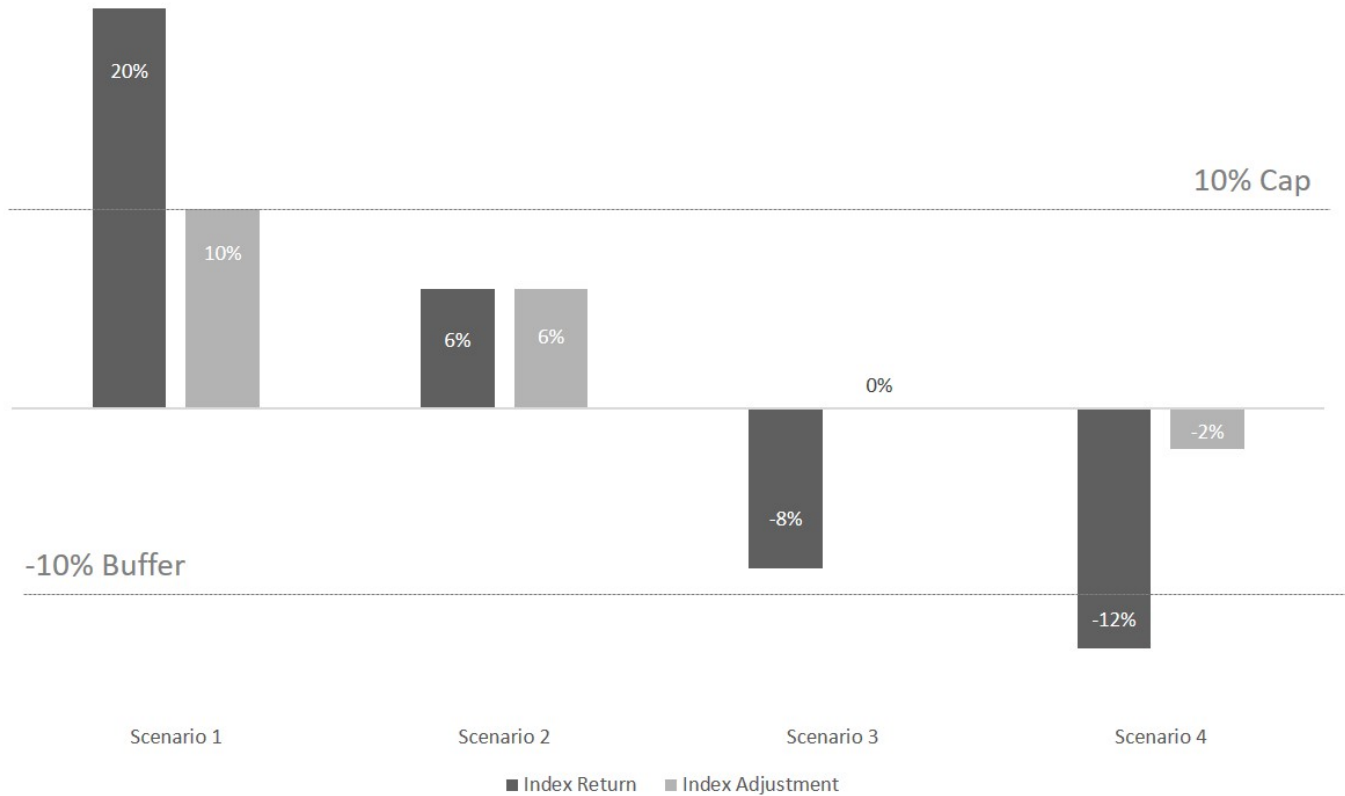
Before selecting an Index Account Option for investment, you should consider in consultation with your financial professional the Crediting Method that may be appropriate for you based on your risk tolerance, investment horizon and financial goals. Generally, assuming the same Index and Index Account Option Term, an Index Account Option that provides less potential for Index gains will tend to have more protection from Index losses. Conversely, assuming the same Index and Index Account Option Term, an Index Account Option that provides more potential for Index gains will generally tend to have less protection from Index losses.

The examples in the following sections illustrate how we calculate and credit interest under each Crediting Method, assuming hypothetical Index Returns and hypothetical limits on Index gains and losses. The examples assume no withdrawals.

**Cap Crediting Method.** When you elect a Cap Crediting Method as part of an Index Account Option, the maximum amount of Index Adjustment that will be credited to your Index Account Option Value when your Index Return is positive as of the Index Account Option Term Anniversary will be limited by the elected Cap. The Cap, or "Cap Rate" is the maximum amount of Index Adjustment that will be credited to an Index Account Option at the end of each Index Account Option Term, expressed as a percentage. The Cap Rate is declared at the beginning of the Index Account Option Term and will not change during an Index Account Option Term. The Cap Rate for a particular Index Account Option Term may be higher or lower than the Cap Rate for previous or future Index Account Option Terms. In no event will a Cap Rate be lower than 2% for a 6-year Index Account Option Term, or 1% for a 1-year Index Account Option Term. Current rates are posted online at [Jackson.com/RatesJMLPA](http://Jackson.com/RatesJMLPA), which is incorporated by reference into this prospectus. The rates for Contract Value reallocations at the end of an Index Account Option Term are posted at least 30 days before the end of any Index Account Option Term. At least 30 days prior to any Index Account Option Term Anniversary, we will send you written notice reminding you of how you may obtain the rates for the next Index Account Option Term.

The Cap Crediting Method is currently available with either a Buffer or Floor, and for your choice of 1-year or 6-year Index Account Option Terms. The Cap Rate for the 6-year term would be lower if measured on an annual basis. For Index Account Option Terms longer than one year, the Buffer or Floor for that term is a total Buffer or Floor for the duration of that Index Account Option Term. The following examples will illustrate how the Cap Crediting Method operates with both the Buffer and Floor Protection Options. Each example assumes a 10% Cap Rate and a 10% Buffer or Floor. The examples assume no withdrawals.

### Cap with Buffer.



When you elect the Cap Crediting Method with Buffer Protection Option, you are partially protected from downside loss, and any positive Index Adjustment may be limited by a Cap. Here are some examples of how a Cap and Buffer work in combination on the Index Account Option Term Anniversary:

Scenario 1: The Index Return is 20%. Due to the 10% Cap, the Index Adjustment credited to your Index Account Option Value will be 10%.

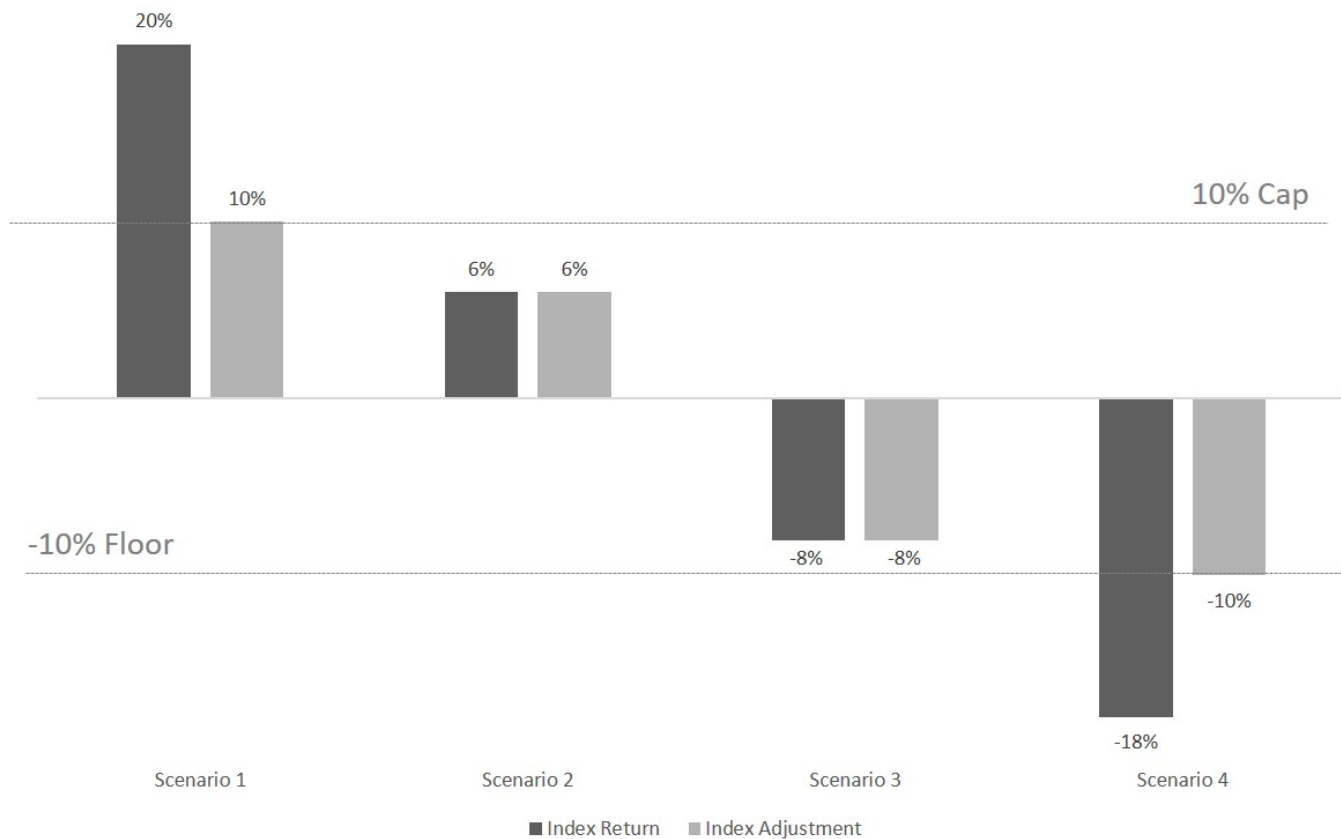
Scenario 2: The Index Return is 6%. Since the Index has not out-performed the 10% Cap, the Index Adjustment credited to your Index Account Option Value is equal to the Index Return, which is 6%.

Scenario 3: The Index Return is -8%. Since the Index Return was less than the -10% Buffer, your Index Account Option Value was fully protected and experienced no loss.

Scenario 4: The Index Return is -12%. Since the Index Return exceeded the -10% Buffer, your Index Account Option Value was partially protected from the negative performance, but still experienced a -2% loss.

For examples illustrating a prorated Cap and Buffer in connection with an Interim Value Adjustment in different market conditions where single or multiple partial withdrawals are taken in the middle of an Index Account Option Term, please see the Statement of Additional Information.

### Cap with Floor.



When you elect the Cap Crediting Method with Floor Protection Option, you are exposed to loss up to a certain point, but Jackson will protect you from any loss beyond that point. Any positive Index Adjustment may be limited by the Cap. Here are some examples of how a Cap and Floor work in combination on the Index Account Option Term Anniversary:

Scenario 1: The Index Return is 20%. Due to the 10% Cap, the Index Adjustment credited to your Index Account Option Value will be 10%.

Scenario 2: The Index Return is 6%. Since the Index has not out-performed the 10% Cap, the Index Adjustment credited to your Index Account Option Value is equal to the Index Return, which is 6%.

Scenario 3: The Index Return is -8%. Since the Index Return fell within the -10% Floor, your Index Account Option Value will experience the full loss of -8%.

Scenario 4: The Index Return is -18%. Since the Index Return exceeded the -10% Floor, your Index Account Option Value was partially protected from the negative performance and experienced a -10% loss.

For examples illustrating a prorated Cap and Floor in connection with an Interim Value Adjustment in different market conditions where single or multiple partial withdrawals are taken in the middle of an Index Account Option Term, please see the Statement of Additional Information.

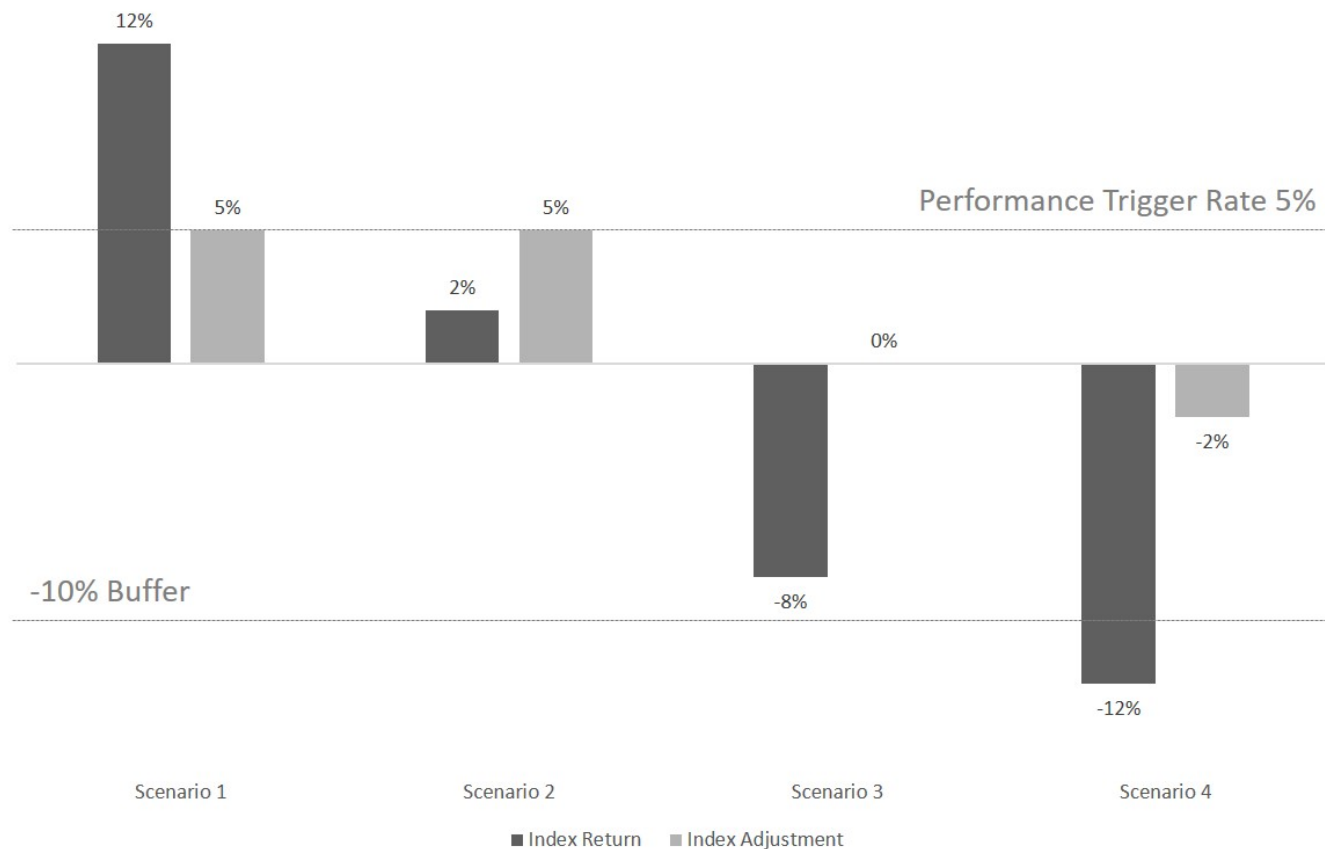
**Performance Trigger Crediting Method.** When you elect a Performance Trigger Crediting Method, if the performance of the Index you elect is zero or positive at the end of your Index Account Option Term, your Index Account Option Value will be credited with a positive Index Adjustment equal to the Performance Trigger Rate. The Performance Trigger Rate is the amount of Index Adjustment that could be credited to an Index Account Option at the end of each Index Account Option Term, expressed as a percentage. The Performance Trigger Rate is declared at the beginning of the Index Account Option Term and will not change during the Index Account Option Term. The Performance Trigger Rate for a particular Index Account Option Term may be higher or lower than the Performance Trigger Rate for previous or future Index Account Option Terms. **In no event will a Performance Trigger Rate be lower than 1%.** Current rates are posted online at [Jackson.com/RatesJMLPA](http://Jackson.com/RatesJMLPA), which is incorporated by reference into this prospectus. The rates for Contract Value reallocations



at the end of an Index Account Option Term are posted at least 30 days before the end of any Index Account Option Term. At least 30 days prior to any Index Account Option Term Anniversary, we will send you written notice reminding you of how you may obtain the rates for the next Index Account Option Term.

The Performance Trigger Crediting Method is currently available for renewable one year Index Account Option Terms, with your choice of a Buffer or Floor Protection Option. The following examples will illustrate how the Performance Trigger Crediting Method operates with both the Buffer and Floor Protection Options. Each Example assumes a 5% Performance Trigger Rate and a 10% Buffer or Floor. The examples assume no withdrawals.

***Performance Trigger with Buffer.***



When you elect the Performance Trigger Crediting Method with Buffer Protection Option, you are partially protected from downside loss, and any positive Index Adjustment will be equal to the stated Performance Trigger Rate. If market performance is zero or positive over the end of the Index Account Option Term, the full Index Adjustment will equal the Performance Trigger Rate, regardless of how much the Index increased. Here are some examples of how the Performance Trigger rate and Buffer work in combination on the Index Account Option Term Anniversary:

Scenario 1: The Index Return is 12%. Since the market was positive, the Index Adjustment credited to your Index Account Option Value will equal the Performance Trigger Rate of 5%.

Scenario 2: The Index Return is 2%. Since the market was positive, the Index Adjustment credited to your Index Account Option Value will equal the Performance Trigger Rate of 5%.

Scenario 3: The Index Return is -8%. Since the Index Return was less than the -10% Buffer, your Index Account Option Value was protected and experienced no loss.

Scenario 4: The Index Return is -12%. Since the Index Return exceeded the -10% Buffer, your Index Account Option Value was partially protected from the negative performance, but still experienced a -2% loss.

For examples illustrating a prorated Performance Trigger Rate and Buffer in connection with an Interim Value Adjustment in different market conditions where single or multiple partial withdrawals are taken in the middle of an Index Account Option Term, please see the Statement of Additional Information.

***Performance Trigger with Floor.***



When you elect the Performance Trigger Crediting Method with Floor Protection Option, you experience loss up to a certain point, but Jackson will protect you from any loss beyond that point. Your positive Index Adjustment will be equal to the stated Performance Trigger Rate. If market performance is zero or positive at the end of the Index Account Option Term, a positive Index Adjustment equal to the Performance Trigger Rate will be credited, regardless of how much the Index increased. Here are some examples of how the Performance Trigger Rate and Floor work in combination on the Index Account Option Term Anniversary:

Scenario 1: The Index Return is 12%. Since the market was positive, the Index Adjustment credited to your Index Account Option Value will equal the Performance Trigger Rate of 5%.

Scenario 2: The Index Return is 2%. Since the market was positive, the Index Adjustment credited to your Index Account Option Value will equal the Performance Trigger Rate of 5%.

Scenario 3: The Index Return is -8%. Since the Index Return fell within the -10% Floor, your Index Account Option Value will experience the full loss of -8%.

Scenario 4: The Index Return is -18%. Since the Index Return exceeded the -10% Floor, your Index Account Option Value was partially protected from the negative performance and experienced a -10% loss.

For examples illustrating a prorated Performance Trigger Rate and Floor in connection with an Interim Value Adjustment in different market conditions where single or multiple partial withdrawals are taken in the middle of an Index Account Option Term, please see the Statement of Additional Information.

## BENEFITS AVAILABLE UNDER THE CONTRACTS

The following tables summarize information about the benefits available under the Contract.

### Basic Death Benefit (automatically included with the Contract)

NAME OF BENEFIT	PURPOSE	MAXIMUM FEE	BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF RESTRICTIONS/LIMITATIONS
<b>Basic Death Benefit</b>	Guarantees your Beneficiaries will receive a benefit at least equal to the greater of your Contract Value or your total Premiums paid <i>reduced for</i> prior withdrawals (including any applicable charges and adjustments) in the same proportion that the Contract Value was reduced on the date of the withdrawal. *For Owners age 76 and older at the time the Contract issued, the basic death benefit is equal to the current Contract Value.	No additional charge.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Withdrawals could significantly reduce the benefit.</li> <li>• Payment of advisory fees via direct deduction from Contract Value could significantly reduce the benefit.</li> <li>• Benefit terminates on annuitization.</li> </ul>

## CHARGES AND ADJUSTMENTS

There are charges and adjustments associated with your Contract, the deduction of which will reduce the investment return of your Contract. Charges are deducted proportionally from your Contract Value. These charges may be a lesser amount where required by state law or as described below, but will not be increased. We expect to profit from certain charges assessed under the Contract. These charges (and certain other adjustments) are as follows:

### TRANSACTION EXPENSES

**Commutation Fee.** If you make a total withdrawal from your Contract after income payments have commenced under options 3 or 4 (see “Income Options”), the amount received will be reduced by (a) minus (b) where:

(a) = the present value of the remaining income payments (as of the date of calculation) for the period for which payments are guaranteed to be made, discounted at the rate assumed in calculating the initial payment; and

(b) = the present value of the remaining income payments (as of the date of calculation) for the period for which payments are guaranteed to be made, discounted at a rate no more than 1.00% higher than the rate used in (a).

The Commutation Fee compensates us for administrative costs and expenses associated with commuting the annuity payments and determining the amount to be paid.

**Expedited Delivery Charge.** When you request expedited delivery of any withdrawal amounts, there are additional charges assessed for this service. The charge for standard overnight delivery is \$10. The charge for overnight delivery on Saturday is \$22.50.

**Wire Transfer Charge.** We charge up to \$20 for standard wire transfers and \$25 for international wire transfers in connection with requested withdrawals.

**Premium Taxes.** Some states and other governmental entities charge Premium taxes or other similar taxes. We pay these taxes and may make a deduction from your Contract Values for them. Premium taxes generally range from 0% to 3.5% (the amount of state Premium tax, if any, will vary from state to state). Premium tax is currently not charged back to the Contract, however, the Company reserves the right to deduct any amounts advanced to pay taxes from the Contract Value.

## CONTRACT ADJUSTMENTS

**Interim Value Calculation and Adjustment.** Because the Index Account Options are designed to credit an Index Adjustment by measuring the change in the Index Return from the beginning of the Index Account Option Term to the end of the Index Account Option Term, an Interim Value calculation is necessary to determine the daily value of your Index Account Option on any given Business Day if you remove Contract Value prior to the end of the Index Account Option Term by measuring the change in your Index Return from the beginning of the Index Account Option Term to the date the Index Account Value is removed. The Index Adjustment applies to partial or total withdrawals from the Contract (including automatic withdrawals, required minimum distributions ("RMD"), free look, the direct deduction of advisory fees pursuant to our administrative rules, amounts applied to income options upon annuitization, or if we pay the Contract Value element of the death benefit). Please note that any withdrawal taken in the first six years after issue may also be assessed a Market Value Adjustment.

In calculating the Interim Value adjustment, we use prorated Index Adjustment Factors, which in some instances may serve to *reduce* any positive Index Adjustment, as well as *increase* any negative Index Adjustment we credit when compared to the Index Adjustment you would have received if you had waited until the end of your Index Account Option Term to take your withdrawal. This is because the Index Adjustment Factors are prorated by the time elapsed during the Index Account Option Term. In other words, the values are determined by multiplying the Index Adjustment Factor by the number of days elapsed so far during the Index Account Option Term and then dividing by the total number of days in the Index Account Option Term, and then multiplying by the Interim Value Proration Factor. The proration of the Floor protection option is calculated differently than the rest of the Index Adjustment Factors. The prorated Floor is calculated as one minus the full-term Floor divided by the Interim Value Proration Factor, then that value is subtracted from one, then the result is multiplied by the number of days elapsed so far during the Index Account Option Term divided by the total number of days in the Index Account Option Term. An example illustrating the proration of Index Adjustment Factors immediately follows this paragraph. Any negative adjustment could be significant and impact the amount of Contract Value available for future withdrawals. For an example illustrating the proration of Index Adjustment Factors, please see "Interim Value" on page 24. Any negative adjustment could be significant and impact the amount of Contract Value available for future withdrawals. In addition to Interim Value adjustments, withdrawals taken in the first six Contract Years may also be subject to Market Value Adjustments, which could further reduce the amount you receive when requesting a withdrawal. **The Interim Value adjustment could result in the loss of principal and previously-credited earnings in the Contract, and in extreme circumstances, such losses could be as high as 100%.** The maximum loss would occur under extreme circumstances. **To avoid an Interim Value adjustment to your Index Account Option Value, you should schedule withdrawals and other transactions to fall on Index Account Option Term Anniversaries.**

Each time you take a withdrawal from an Index Account Option before the end of your Index Account Option Term, we will recalculate your Index Account Option Value, based on an Interim Value adjustment, which could be zero, positive or negative. The Index Account Option Value is reduced proportionally to the Contract Value for each withdrawal. This means if you withdraw 10% of your Contract Value, your Index Account Option Value will also be reduced by 10%. If an Interim Value adjustment is positive, your Index Account Option Value will be decreased by less than the amount of the withdrawal; in other words, on less than a dollar for dollar basis. If an Interim Value adjustment is negative, your Index Account Option Value will be decreased by more than the amount of the withdrawal; in other words, on more than a dollar for dollar basis. Amounts removed during the Index Account Option Term will not receive an Index Adjustment at the end of that Index Account Option Term. This means that by transacting mid-term on Interim Value, you are reducing the Index Account Option Value that could have received an Index Adjustment at the end of the Index Account Option Term.

The Interim Value calculation protects the Company from risks related to the value of the derivative instruments purchased to support the contract guarantees if amounts are removed prior to the end of an Index Account Option Term. The Interim Value calculation shifts this risk from the company to you. Please see the SAI for detailed explanations and examples of how we calculate the Interim Value in various scenarios.

**Interim Value Proration Factor.** The Interim Value Proration Factor ("IVPF") is the percentage applied to the prorated Crediting Method and Protection Option, in the calculation of Interim Value. The IVPF is guaranteed to equal 100% during the first six Contract Years, after which the IVPF will be declared annually on the Index Account Option Anniversary, and communicated to you via your annual statement. The IVPF is locked in at the beginning of each Index Account Option Term, and it does not apply to withdrawals made on any Index Account Option Term Anniversary. All Crediting Methods and Protection Option combinations are each subject to a unique IVPF. The IVPF will be determined by the Company and may vary

by Crediting Method and Protection Option combination. Please see the Statement of Additional Information ("SAI") for examples of the calculation of Interim Value using IVPF under different scenarios.

**Market Value Adjustment.** A Market Value Adjustment ("MVA") may apply to amounts withdrawn, annuitized, or transferred from an Index Account Option during the first six Contract Years, including the direct deduction of advisory fees under our administrative rules. The Market Value Adjustment reflects changes in the level of interest rates since the beginning of the Index Account Option Term.

In order to determine whether there will be a Market Value Adjustment, we first compare the MVA reference rate on the Issue Date to the MVA reference rate on the date you are removing Contract Value. The MVA reference rate is Bloomberg U.S. Intermediate Corporate Bond Index Yield to Maturity, expressed as a percentage. The MVA rate applied on any day will be the MVA reference rate published on the prior Business Day. If the MVA reference rate is not published on the Business Day before the MVA is calculated, the Company will use the MVA reference rate for the most recent Business Day it was published. The current-day price for the Bloomberg U.S. Intermediate Corporate Bond Index Yield to Maturity will be publicly available on our website at [www.jackson.com/mva](http://www.jackson.com/mva), although the price may change by the time your transaction is executed.

The Company calculates the MVA by multiplying the amount you withdraw that is subject to MVA less any applicable charges by the result of the formula below:

$$\frac{[1 + I]^{(m/12)}}{[1 + J]^{(m/12)}} - 1$$

where:

**I** is the MVA Reference Rate on the Issue Date  
**J** is the MVA Reference Rate on the date of withdrawal or annuitization  
**m** is the number of complete months remaining from the date of the removal to the end of the MVA Period.

The MVA formula is derived by reflecting the change to the value of an underlying bond purchased to support your policy and any gains or losses from applicable early withdrawals are passed along to You. If the MVA reference rate at the time of your withdrawal (or Income Date if income payments begin during the six Contract Years) is higher than the MVA reference rate on your Issue Date, a downward adjustment to the amount withdrawn may apply, which would reduce the amount paid or taken as income. If the MVA reference rate at the time of withdrawal is lower than the MVA reference rate declared on your Issue Date, an upward adjustment to the amount withdrawn may apply, which would increase the amount paid or taken as income. There will be no Market Value Adjustment if the two rates are the same. **The application of a Market Value Adjustment could result in a reduction in the amount you receive from a withdrawal, and in extreme circumstances, such losses could be as high as 100% of the amount withdrawn.** The maximum loss would only occur if there is a total withdrawal of Contract Value and interest rates have risen dramatically between the date your Contract was issued and the time of your total withdrawal. A Market Value Adjustment will not otherwise affect the values under your Contract. Please see the SAI for an illustration of how an MVA impacts your withdrawals and contract values.

There is no Market Value Adjustment on: death benefit payments; payments pursuant to a life contingent income option or an income option resulting in payments spread over at least five years; amounts withdrawn for Contract charges; amounts removed from any Index Account Option on the Latest Income Date, transfers within the Index Account, withdrawals taken pursuant to the Free Look provision of your Contract, withdrawals taken under the MVA Free Withdrawal provision, withdrawals taken to satisfy a required minimum distribution ("RMD"), amounts you withdrawal after the first six Contract Years, and withdrawals or transfers from a Fixed Account.

For purposes of determining the MVA, the Contract Value is divided into earnings and Remaining Premium. Earnings are not subject to an MVA. For the sole purpose of determining the amount of the MVA, earnings are defined as any excess of the Contract Value over Remaining Premium. Withdrawals will be allocated first to earnings (which may be withdrawn free of any MVA), if any, and second to Remaining Premium. Any portion of the MVA that would reduce the Fixed Account below the Fixed Account Minimum Value will be waived.

Please note: in certain states we do not apply an MVA on any transaction. For more information including a list of states in which we do not apply an MVA, see "Appendix B: State Variations".

**MVA Free Withdrawal.** During each of the first six Contract Years, certain partial withdrawals from the Index Account Options will not incur a Market Value Adjustment. The amount of the MVA Free Withdrawal is 10% of **the Remaining Premium** during each Contract Year that would otherwise incur a Market Value Adjustment. The MVA Free Withdrawal may be taken once or through multiple withdrawals throughout the Contract Year. Any amount withdrawn to satisfy a required minimum distribution reduces the amount of available MVA Free Withdrawal. No MVA Free Withdrawal may exceed the Withdrawal Value. Withdrawals during the first six Contract Years in excess of the MVA Free Withdrawal may be subject to any applicable MVA. The direct deduction of advisory fees pursuant to our administrative rules will not reduce the MVA Free Withdrawal amount.

## PURCHASES

### Minimum Premium:

- \$25,000 under most circumstances

### Maximum Premium:

- The maximum Premium payment you may make without our prior approval is \$1 million.

We reserve the right to waive minimum and maximum Premium amounts in a non-discriminatory manner. Our right to restrict Premium to a lesser maximum amount may affect the benefits under your Contract.

**Allocations of Premium.** You may allocate Premium to any available Index Account Option or Fixed Account. Each allocation must be a whole percentage between 0% and 100%. The minimum amount you may allocate to an Index Account Option or Fixed Account is \$100.

We will issue your Contract and allocate your Premium payment within two Business Days (days when the New York Stock Exchange is open) after we receive your complete Premium payment and all information that we require for the purchase of a Contract in Good Order. We reserve the right to reject a Premium payment that is comprised of multiple payments paid to us over a period of time. If we permit you to make multiple payments as part of your Premium payment, the Contract will not be issued until all such payments are received in Good Order. We reserve the right to hold such multiple payments in a non-interest bearing account until the Issue Date. If we do not receive all information required to issue your Contract, we will contact you to get the necessary information. If for some reason we are unable to complete this process within five Business Days, we will return your money. Each Business Day ends when the New York Stock Exchange closes (usually 4:00 p.m. Eastern time). **No Premium will be accepted after the Contract has been issued.**

**Free Look.** You may cancel your Contract by returning it to your financial professional or to us within ten days after receiving it. In some states, or when purchased as a replacement, the Free Look period may be longer. Please see the front page of your Contract for the Free Look period that applies to your Contract. In general, if you cancel your Contract during this period, we will return:

- Premiums paid to the Fixed Account, *less*
- any withdrawals from the Fixed Account, *plus*
- the Index Account Value.

We will determine the Index Account Value as of the date we receive the Contract. In some states, we are required to return Premium payments only. We will pay the applicable free look proceeds within seven days of a request in Good Order. In some states, we are required to hold the Premiums of a senior citizen in the Fixed Account during the free look period, unless we are specifically directed to allocate the Premium to the Index Account. When you exercise a Free Look, amounts returned from Index Account Options are subject to an Interim Value adjustment.

## TRANSFERS AND REALLOCATIONS

**Transfer Requests.** You may request a transfer to or from the Fixed Account and the Index Account Options, as well as among the Index Account Options.

Transfers may only occur on the Contract Anniversary, or the following Business Day if the Contract Anniversary falls on a non-Business Day, when transferring out of the Fixed Account, and only on the Index Account Option Term Anniversary when transferring out of an Index Account Option. We post all rates online at [Jackson.com/RatesJMLPA](https://jackson.com/RatesJMLPA). The rates for Contract Value reallocations at the end of an Index Account Option Term are posted at least 30 days before the end of any Index Account Option Term. At least 30 days prior to any Index Account Option Term Anniversary, we will send you written notice reminding you of how you may obtain the rates for the next Index Account Option Term.

Unless specified otherwise, transfers will be taken from the Index Account Options and the Fixed Account in proportion to their current value. The Company reserves the right to restrict or prohibit transfers from the Index Account Options to the Fixed Account, at its discretion, on a nondiscriminatory basis, at any time.

Transfers from a Fixed Account Option will reduce the Fixed Account Value by the transfer amount requested. Transfers into a Fixed Account Option will increase the Fixed Account Value by the transfer amount requested. Transfers from an Index Account Option will reduce the Index Account Option Value by the transfer amount requested. Transfers into an Index Account Option will increase the Index Account Option Value by the transfer amount requested.

Transfers out of an Index Account Option during the first six Contract Years may be subject to a Market Value Adjustment.

**Automatic Reallocations.** If we do not receive your timely transfer request in Good Order before the close of business on the Contract Anniversary for transfers out of the Fixed Account, and/or the close of business on the Index Account Option Term Anniversary for transfers out of an Index Account Option, we will automatically reallocate your Contract Value, as described below. You can communicate your transfer instructions by submitting them to us in writing on a form provided by us, or a Letter of Instruction, or via telephone if you have provided prior telephone authorization on your account.

If no timely transfer request is received as outlined above, the Fixed Account Value will remain in the Fixed Account and the Index Account Option Value(s) will be reallocated to the same Index Account Option(s) for the same term, Crediting Method and Index, if available.

**Automatic Reallocation of Index Account Option Value to a New Index Account Option or the Fixed Account.** If you do not provide timely transfer or reallocation instructions prior to the end of an expiring Index Account Option Term, we will proceed as follows:

- If the same Index Account Option is available at the time and its Term does not extend beyond the Income Date, we will renew the Index Account Option into the same Index Account Option Term.
- If the same Index Account Option is available at the time but its Term extends beyond the Income Date, if available, we will select an available Index Account Option with the same Crediting Method, Protection Option, and Index, but with the Term that ends closest to but before the Income Date.
- If the same Crediting Method, Protection Option, and Index as the expiring Index Account Option are available at the time, but not with the same Term, we will select the available Index Account Option Term with the period closest to but less than the Index Account Option Term that just ended that will not extend beyond the Income Date.

If the Crediting Method, Protection Option, or Index you have elected is no longer available as of your Index Account Option Term Anniversary, the Index Account Option Value(s) will be reallocated to the Fixed Account until further instruction is received. No Market Value Adjustments will apply to amounts automatically reallocated from Index Account Options to the Fixed Account.

## ACCESS TO YOUR MONEY

You may access the money in your Contract:

- by making a partial or full withdrawal,
- by electing the Automatic Withdrawal Program,
- by establishing direct deduction of advisory fees under our administrative rules,
- by electing to receive income payments.

Your Beneficiary can have access to the money in your Contract when a death benefit is paid.

Withdrawals under the Contract may be subject to a Market Value Adjustment. For purposes of the Market Value Adjustment, we treat withdrawals as coming first from earnings (which may be withdrawn free of any MVA), and then from Remaining Premium. When you make a total withdrawal, you will receive the Withdrawal Value as of the end of the Business Day your request is received by us in Good Order. The Withdrawal Value is equal to the Contract Value *reduced* for any applicable taxes and adjusted for any applicable Market Value Adjustment. For more information about Market Value Adjustments, please see "Market Value Adjustment" beginning on page 38. We will pay the withdrawal proceeds within seven days of receipt of a request in Good Order.

Generally, your withdrawal request must be submitted in writing. You may also submit withdrawal requests online or via telephone if you have provided telephone and electronic authorization according to our administrative rules. We will always accept written withdrawal requests submitted via facsimile. We may accept withdrawal requests via phone or web, subject to certain qualifying conditions, and subject to availability. There are risks associated with not requiring original signatures in order to disburse the money. To minimize the risks, the proceeds will be sent to your last recorded address in our records, so be sure to notify us of any address change. We do not assume responsibility for improper disbursements if you have failed to provide us with the current address to which the proceeds should be sent.

Except in connection with the Automatic Withdrawal Program, you must withdraw at least \$500 or, if less, the entire amount in the Fixed Account or Index Account Option from which you are making the withdrawal. If you are not specific in your withdrawal request, your withdrawal will be taken from your allocations to the Index Account Options and Fixed Account based on the proportion their respective values bear to the Contract Value. A withdrawal request that would reduce the remaining Contract Value to less than \$2,000 will be treated as a request for a total withdrawal.

If you elect the Automatic Withdrawal Program, you may take automatic withdrawals of a specified dollar amount (of at least \$50 per withdrawal) or a specified percentage of Contract Value on a monthly, quarterly, semiannual or annual basis. Automatic withdrawals are treated as partial withdrawals and will be counted in determining the amount taken as an MVA Free Withdrawal in any Contract Year. Automatic withdrawals in excess of the MVA Free Withdrawal amount may be subject to a Market Value Adjustment, the same as any other partial withdrawal. **For more information about the MVA Free Withdrawal amount, please see "MVA Free Withdrawal" in the section titled "Index Account" on page 38.**

Partial withdrawals will reduce an Index Account Option's value at the beginning of the term in the same proportion that the Interim Value was reduced on the date of the withdrawal.

When you have an investment adviser who, for a fee, manages your Contract Value, you may authorize payment of the fee from the Contract by requesting a partial withdrawal. There are conditions and limitations, so please contact our Customer Care Center for more information. We neither endorse any investment advisers, nor make any representations as to their qualifications. The fee for this service would be covered in a separate agreement between the two of you, and would be in addition to the fees and expenses described in this prospectus. Any investment adviser fees withdrawn will be subject to a Market Value Adjustment, as applicable, as well as trigger an Interim Value calculation for any Index Account Options. **You are strongly encouraged to discuss the impact of deducting advisory fees directly from your Contract Value with your financial professional before making any elections.**

Under certain circumstances, you may elect to have advisory fees directly deducted from your Contract Value and automatically transmitted to your third-party financial professional, subject to certain administrative rules. Unless you specify otherwise, withdrawals will be taken from all Contract Options based upon the proportion that their respective value bears to



the Contract Value. Any applicable MVA will be applied at the time of the withdrawal, and will be applied proportionally to each Index Account Option from which the withdrawal was taken. Our administrative rules are structured to follow the requirements laid out in a Private Letter Ruling we obtained from the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") in 2019. If you do elect to pay your advisory fees via direct deductions under our rules, pursuant to the terms of the Private Letter Ruling, we will not report them as taxable distributions under your Contracts. For more information on the Private Letter Ruling, please see "Constructive Withdrawals - Investment Adviser Fees" beginning on page 48. It is important to note that deductions to pay advisory fees will always reduce your Contract Value and your basic death benefit, and they are otherwise subject to all contractual provisions and other restrictions and penalties, including Interim Value adjustments, Market Value Adjustments, and minimum withdrawal requirements. Because the deduction of advisory fees is subject to Interim Value adjustments and Market Value Adjustments, your Contract Value may be reduced by more than the dollar amount of the advisory fee if a deduction is taken at a point in time at which a negative Index Adjustment would occur. For an example illustrating the impact of advisory fee deductions on your Contract Value, please see the Statement of Additional Information ("SAI"), Example 5.

*Our Administrative Rules.* In order to have advisory fees directly deducted from your Contract Value, you must submit written authorization on a form acceptable to us, authorizing us to accept and execute instructions from your third-party financial professional to make withdrawals from your Contract to pay the advisory fees pursuant to a written agreement between you and your third-party financial professional. Advisory fee withdrawals are processed as net withdrawals, pro-rata from the Contract Options in which you are currently allocated. Requests for withdrawal of advisory fees will be processed on the Business Day in which they are received by us in Good Order. Advisory fees generally may not exceed an amount equal to an annual rate of 1.50% of your Contract's Withdrawal Value, which is the amount you could receive upon total withdrawal after all fees and adjustments have been assessed.

You may terminate authorization for the direct deduction of advisory fees at any time by providing us with written notice of such termination.

If you make a withdrawal to pay advisory fees without setting up direct deductions under our administrative rules, your withdrawal will be treated as a standard partial withdrawal under the Contract. This means, in addition to your Contract Value and basic death benefit being reduced, the withdrawal will be subject to any applicable taxes and tax penalties.

**Income taxes, tax penalties and certain restrictions may apply to any withdrawal you make. There are limitations on withdrawals from qualified plans. For more information, please see "TAXES" beginning on page 46.**

## **INCOME PAYMENTS**

The income phase of your Contract occurs when you begin receiving regular income payments from us. The Income Date is the day those payments begin. Once income payments begin, the Contract cannot be returned to the accumulation phase. You can choose the Income Date and an income option. All of the Contract Value must be annuitized. Amounts applied to income options from Index Account Options are subject to an Interim Value adjustment. Income Options that are not life contingent or Income Options that do not result in payments that spread over at least 5 years are subject to a Market Value Adjustment. The income options are described below.

If you do not select an Income Date, your income payments will begin on the Latest Income Date, which is the Contract Anniversary on which you will be 95 years old, or such date allowed by the company on a non-discriminatory basis as required by an applicable qualified plan, law or regulation. You may change the Income Date or income option at least seven days before the Income Date, but changes to the Income Date must be for a date not later than the Latest Income Date. You must give us written notice at least seven days before the scheduled Income Date.

The required beginning date for required minimum distributions (RMDs) under qualified plans and Tax-Sheltered Annuities is generally no later than April 1st of the calendar year following the calendar year in which you attain the applicable age as noted in the table below or the calendar year in which you retire. The required beginning date for distributions from a qualified contract maintained for an IRA is generally no later than April 1st of the calendar year following the year in which you attain the applicable age as noted in the table below. You do not necessarily have to annuitize your Contract to meet the minimum distribution requirements.

<b>If you were born:</b>	<b>Your “applicable age” is:</b>
Before July 1, 1949	70½
After June 30, 1949 and before 1951	72
After 1950 and before 1960	73
In 1960 or later	75

On or before the Income Date, you may elect a single lump-sum payment, or you may choose to have income payments made monthly, quarterly, semi-annually or annually. A single lump-sum payment is considered a total withdrawal and terminates the Contract. If you have less than \$2,000 to apply toward an income option and state law permits, we may provide your payment in a single lump sum, part of which may be taxable as Federal Income. Likewise, if your first income payment would be less than \$20 and state law permits, we may set the frequency of payments so that the first payment would be at least \$20.

If you do not choose an income option, we will assume that you selected option 3, which provides for life income with 120 months of guaranteed payments.

**Income Options.** The Annuitant is the person whose life we look to when we make income payments (each description assumes that you are both the Owner and Annuitant). The following income options may not be available in all states.

**Option 1 - Life Income.** This income option provides monthly payments for your life. No further payments are payable after your death. Thus, it is possible for you to receive only one payment if you died prior to the date the second payment was due. If you die after the Income Date but before the first monthly payment, the amount allocated to the income option will be paid to your Beneficiary.

**Option 2 - Joint and Survivor.** This income option provides monthly payments for your life and for the life of another person (usually your spouse) selected by you. Upon the death of either person, the monthly payments will continue during the lifetime of the survivor. No further payments are payable after the death of the survivor. If you and the person who is the joint life both die after the Income Date but before the first monthly payment, the amount allocated to the income option will be paid to your Beneficiary.

**Option 3 - Life Income With at Least 120 or 240 Monthly Payments.** This income option provides monthly payments for the Annuitant’s life, but with payments continuing to the Beneficiary for the remainder of 10 or 20 years (as you select) if the Annuitant dies before the end of the selected period. If the Beneficiary does not want to receive the remaining scheduled payments, a single lump sum may be requested, which will be equal to the present value of the remaining payments (as of the date of calculation) discounted at an interest rate that will be no more than 1% higher than the rate used to calculate the initial payment.

**Option 4 - Income for a Specified Period.** This income option provides monthly payments for any number of years from 5 to 30. If the Beneficiary does not want to receive the remaining scheduled payments, a single lump sum may be requested, which will be equal to the present value of the remaining payments (as of the date of calculation) discounted at an interest rate that will be no more than 1% higher than the rate used to calculate the initial payment.

**Additional Options -** We may make other income options available.

No withdrawals are permitted during the income phase under an income option that is life contingent. If you have elected an income option that is not life contingent, you are permitted to terminate your income payments by taking a total withdrawal in a single lump sum, which will be equal to the present value of the remaining payments (as of the date of calculation) discounted at an interest rate that will be no more than 1% higher than the rate used to calculate the initial payment.

If your Contract is a Qualified Contract, not all of these payment options will satisfy Required Minimum Distribution rules, particularly as those rules apply to your beneficiary after your death. Beginning with deaths happening on or after January 1,

2020, subject to certain exceptions most non-spouse beneficiaries must now complete death benefit distributions within ten years of the owner's death in order to satisfy required minimum distribution rules. Consult a tax adviser before electing a payout option.

## DEATH BENEFIT

The Contract has a death benefit, which is payable during the accumulation phase, and in some circumstances even after you begin taking income payments. If you die before moving into the income phase, the death benefit equals the greater of:

- your Contract Value on the date we receive all required documentation from your Beneficiary; or
- the total Premium you have paid into the Contract *reduced for* prior withdrawals (including any applicable charges and adjustments) in the same proportion that the Contract Value was reduced on the date of the withdrawal.\*

\*For Owners age 76 and older at the time the Contract is issued, the return of premium component of the death benefit is unavailable, and the death benefit will equal the current Contract Value.

If you begin taking income payments on the Latest Income Date, the death benefit amount is equal to the greater of zero or:

- the total Premium you have paid into the Contract, *reduced for* prior withdrawals (including any applicable charges and adjustments) incurred since the issuance of the Contract through the Latest Income Date, in the same proportion that the Contract Value was reduced on the date of such withdrawals, *less*
- the Contract Value on the Latest Income Date.\*

\*For Owners age 76 and older at the time the Contract is issued, the death benefit is not payable once you begin taking income from your Contract, regardless of the Income Date selected, and the death benefit terminates on the Income Date.

For an example of how your death benefit is reduced proportionally for prior withdrawals, assume that your initial Premium is \$100,000. After one year, your Contract Value is \$95,000, and you take a withdrawal for \$9,500. You are withdrawing 10% of your Contract Value ( $\$9,500 / \$95,000 = 10\%$ ), so the reduction of your Premium for the purposes of determining your Death Benefit will also be 10%, making your premium for purposes of the death benefit calculation now \$90,000 ( $\$100,000 - (\$100,000 * 10\%)$ ).

If the Contract is owned by joint Owners, the death benefit is due upon the death of the first joint Owner. If the Contract is owned by a legal entity, the death benefit is due upon the death of the Annuitant (in the case of joint Annuitants, the death benefit is payable upon the death of the first Annuitant).

The death benefit is due following our receipt of all required documentation in Good Order. Required documentation includes proof of death, a claim form, and any other documentation we reasonably require. If we have received proof of death and any other required documentation, we will calculate the share of the death benefit due to a Beneficiary of record using Contract values established at the close of business on the date we receive from that Beneficiary a claim form with a payment option elected. If we have not received proof of death or any other required documentation, we will calculate the share of the death benefit due to a Beneficiary of record using Contract values established at the close of business on the date we receive any remaining required documentation. As a result, based on the timing of a Beneficiary's claim submission, and the performance of the Index, Interim Value adjustments, and positive or negative Index Adjustments credited to Index Account Options may cause the calculation of a Beneficiary's death benefit share to differ from the calculation of another Beneficiary's death benefit share. We will pay interest on a Beneficiary's death benefit share as required by law.

If you die before you begin taking income from the Contract, the person you have chosen as your Beneficiary will receive the death benefit. If you have a joint Owner, the death benefit will be paid when the first joint Owner dies. The surviving joint Owner will be treated as the Beneficiary. Any other Beneficiary designated will be treated as a contingent Beneficiary. Only a spousal Beneficiary has the right to continue the Contract in force upon your death.

**Payout Options.** The death benefit can be paid under one of the following payout options:

- single lump-sum payment;
- payment of entire death benefit within 5 years of the date of death;
- on non-qualified contracts or for spousal Beneficiaries or Eligible Designated Beneficiaries on qualified contracts, payment of the entire death benefit under an income option over the Beneficiary's lifetime or for a period not extending beyond the Beneficiary's life expectancy. Any portion of the death benefit not applied under an income option within one year of the Owner's death, however, must be paid within five years of the date of the Owner's death on non-qualified contracts; or
- on qualified contracts, payment of the entire death benefit under an income option over a period not extending beyond ten (10) years, with distribution beginning within the calendar year following the calendar year of the Owner's death.

Under these payout options, the Beneficiary may also elect to receive additional lump sums at any time. The receipt of any additional lump sums will reduce the future income payments to the Beneficiary.

If the Beneficiary elects to receive the death benefit as an income option, the Beneficiary must make that payout option election within 60 days of the date we receive proof of death and payments of the death benefit must begin within one year of the date of death. If the Beneficiary chooses to receive some or all of the death benefit in a single sum and all the necessary requirements are met, we will pay the death benefit within seven days. If your Beneficiary is your spouse, he/she may elect to continue the Contract, at the current Contract Value, in his/her own name. If no payout option is selected, the entire death benefit will be paid within 5 years of the Owner's date of death. For more information, please see "Spousal Continuation Option" below.

**Pre-Selected Payout Options.** As Owner, you may also make a predetermined selection of the death benefit payout option in the event your death occurs before the Income Date. However, at the time of your death, we may modify the death benefit option if the death benefit you selected exceeds the life expectancy of the Beneficiary. If this Pre-selected Death Benefit Option election is in force at the time of your death, the payment of the death benefit may not be postponed, nor can the Contract be continued under any other provisions of this Contract. This restriction applies even if the Beneficiary is your spouse, unless such restriction is prohibited by the Internal Revenue Code. If the Beneficiary does not submit the required documentation for the death benefit to us within one year of your death, however, the death benefit must be paid, in a single lump sum, within five years of your death. The Pre-selected Death Benefit Option may not be available in your state.

**Spousal Continuation Option.** If your spouse is the Beneficiary and elects to continue the Contract in his or her own name after your death, pursuant to the Spousal Continuation Option, no death benefit will be paid at that time. Moreover, except as described below, we will contribute to the Contract a continuation adjustment, which is the amount by which the death benefit that would have been payable exceeds the Contract Value. We calculate the continuation adjustment amount using the Contract Value and death benefit as of the date we receive completed forms and due proof of death from the Beneficiary of record and the spousal Beneficiary's written request to continue the Contract (the "Continuation Date"). We will add this amount to the Fixed Account Option. The continuation adjustment will have no effect on the Fixed Account Minimum Value. The Spousal Continuation Option may not be available in your state. See your financial professional for information regarding the availability of the Spousal Continuation Option.

If your spouse continues the Contract in his/her own name under the Spousal Continuation Option, the new Contract Value will be considered the initial Premium for purposes of determining any future death benefit under the Contract.

The Spousal Continuation Option is available to elect one time on the Contract. However, if you have elected the Pre-selected Death Benefit Option the Contract cannot be continued under the Spousal Continuation Option, unless preventing continuation would be prohibited by the Internal Revenue Code. The Pre-selected Death Benefit Option may not be available in your state.

The Spousal Continuation Option is not available in the event of a change from the original Owner or an assignment of the Contract.

**Death of Owner On or After the Income Date.** On or after the Income Date, if you or a joint Owner die, and are not the Annuitant, any remaining payments under the income option elected will continue at least as rapidly as under the method of

distribution in effect at the date of death. If you die, the Beneficiary becomes the Owner. If the joint Owner dies, the surviving joint Owner, if any, will be the designated Beneficiary. Any other Beneficiary designation on record at the time of death will be treated as a contingent Beneficiary. A contingent Beneficiary is entitled to receive payment only after the Beneficiary dies.

**Death of Annuitant.** If the Annuitant is not an Owner or joint Owner and dies before the Income Date, you can name a new Annuitant, subject to our underwriting rules. If you do not name a new Annuitant within 30 days of the death of the Annuitant, you will become the Annuitant. However, if the Owner is a legal entity, then the death of the Annuitant will be treated as the death of the Owner, and a new Annuitant may not be named.

If the Annuitant dies on or after the Income Date, any remaining guaranteed payment will be paid to the Beneficiary as provided for in the income option selected. Any life-contingent Income Payments cease on the death of the Annuitant.

**Stretch Contracts.** The beneficiary of death benefit proceeds from another company's non-qualified annuity contract or the eligible designated beneficiary (as defined by the Internal Revenue Code and implementing regulations) of death benefit proceeds from another company's tax-qualified annuity contract or plan, may use the death benefit proceeds to purchase a Contract ("Stretch Contract") from us. The beneficiary of the prior contract or plan ("Beneficial Owner") must begin taking distributions, or must have begun taking distributions under the prior contract or plan, within one year of the decedent's death. The distributions must be taken over a period not to exceed the life expectancy of the Beneficial Owner, and the distributions must satisfy the minimum distribution requirements resulting from the decedent's death as defined by the Internal Revenue Code and implementing regulations. (See "Non-Qualified Contracts – Required Distributions" on page 47.) Upon the Beneficial Owner's death, under a tax-qualified Stretch Contract, the designated beneficiary must distribute the Contract Value on or before the end of the 10th year after the Beneficial Owner's death. Upon the Beneficial Owner's death, under a non-qualified Stretch Contract, the Stretch Contract terminates, and the designated beneficiary will receive a lump-sum distribution of the Contract Value. We will waive Market Value Adjustments on any withdrawal necessary to satisfy the minimum distribution requirements. Withdrawals in excess of the minimum distribution requirements may be taken at any time, subject to applicable Market Value Adjustments. Non-qualified Stretch Contracts may not be available in all states.

The rights of Beneficial Owners are limited to those applicable to the distribution of the death benefit proceeds.

**Special requirements apply to non-qualified Stretch Contracts.** All Premium must be received in the form of a full or partial 1035 exchange of the death benefit proceeds from a non-qualified annuity contract and other forms of Premium payments are not permitted. Joint ownership is not permitted. The Beneficial Owner may not annuitize the Stretch Contract. The Stretch Contract terminates upon the Beneficial Owner's death, and we will pay the Contract Value to the Beneficial Owner's beneficiary(ies) in a lump-sum distribution. **Please read the Contract and accompanying endorsement carefully for more information about these and other requirements.**

## TAXES

*The following is only a general discussion of certain federal income tax issues and is not intended as tax advice to any individual. Jackson does not make any guarantee regarding the tax status of any Contract or any transaction involving the Contracts. It should be understood that the following discussion is not exhaustive and that other special rules may be applicable in certain situations. Moreover, no attempt has been made to consider any applicable state or other tax laws or to compare the tax treatment of the Contracts to the tax treatment of any other investment. You are responsible for determining whether your purchase of a Contract, withdrawals, income payments, and any other transactions under your Contract satisfy applicable tax law. You should consult your own tax advisor as to how these general rules will apply to you if you purchase a Contract.*

## CONTRACT OWNER TAXATION

**Tax-Qualified and Non-Qualified Contracts.** If you purchase your Contract as a part of a tax-qualified plan such as an Individual Retirement Annuity (IRA), Tax-Sheltered Annuity (sometimes referred to as a 403(b) Contract), or pension or profit-sharing plan (including a 401(k) Plan or H.R. 10 Plan) your Contract will be what is referred to as a tax-qualified contract. Tax deferral under a tax-qualified contract arises under the specific provisions of the Internal Revenue Code (Code) governing the tax-qualified plan, so a tax-qualified contract should be purchased only for the features and benefits other than tax deferral that are available under a tax-qualified contract, and not for the purpose of obtaining tax deferral. You should consult your own advisor regarding these features and benefits of the Contract prior to purchasing a tax-qualified contract.

If you do not purchase your Contract as a part of any tax-qualified pension plan, specially sponsored program or an individual retirement annuity, your Contract will be what is referred to as a non-qualified contract.

The amount of your tax liability on the earnings under and the amounts received from either a tax-qualified or a non-qualified Contract will vary depending on the specific tax rules applicable to your Contract and your particular circumstances.

**Non-Qualified Contracts - General Taxation.** Increases in the value of a non-qualified Contract attributable to undistributed earnings are generally not taxable to the Contract Owner or the Annuitant until a distribution (either a withdrawal or an income payment) is made from the Contract. This tax deferral is generally not available under a non-qualified Contract owned by a non-natural person (e.g., a corporation or certain other entities other than a trust holding the Contract as an agent for a natural person). Loans, assignments, or pledges based on a non-qualified Contract are treated as distributions.

**Non-Qualified Contracts - Aggregation of Contracts.** For purposes of determining the taxability of a withdrawal, the Code provides that all non-qualified contracts issued by us (or an affiliate) to you during any calendar year must be treated as one annuity contract. Additional rules may be promulgated under this Code provision to prevent avoidance of its effect through the ownership of serial contracts or otherwise.

**Non-Qualified Contracts - Withdrawals and Income Payments.** Any withdrawal from a non-qualified Contract is taxable as ordinary income to the extent it does not exceed the accumulated earnings under the Contract. In contrast, a part of each income payment under a non-qualified Contract is generally treated as a non-taxable return of Premium. The balance of each income payment is taxable as ordinary income. The amounts of the taxable and non-taxable portions of each income payment are determined based on the amount of the investment in the Contract and the length of the period over which income payments are to be made. Income payments received after all of your investment in the Contract is recovered are fully taxable as ordinary income.

The Code also imposes a 10% penalty on certain taxable amounts received under a non-qualified Contract. This penalty tax will not apply to any amounts:

- paid on or after the date you reach age 59½;
- paid to your Beneficiary after you die;
- paid if you become totally disabled (as that term is defined in the Code);
- paid in a series of substantially equal periodic payments made annually (or more frequently) for your life (or life expectancy) or for a period not exceeding the joint lives (or joint life expectancies) of you and your Beneficiary;
- paid under an immediate annuity; or
- which come from Premiums made prior to August 14, 1982.

The taxable portion of distributions from a non-qualified annuity Contract are considered investment income for purposes of the Medicare tax on investment income. As a result, a 3.8% tax will generally apply to some or all of the taxable portion of distributions to individuals whose modified adjusted gross income exceeds certain threshold amounts. These levels are \$200,000 in the case of unmarried head of household taxpayers, \$250,000 in the case of married taxpayers filing joint returns, \$250,000 in case of Qualifying surviving spouse with dependent child, and \$125,000 in the case of married taxpayers filing separately. Owners should consult their own tax advisors for more information.

**Non-Qualified Contracts - Required Distributions.** In order to be treated as an annuity contract for federal income tax purposes, the Code requires any non-qualified contract issued after January 18, 1985 to provide that (a) if an owner dies on or after the annuity starting date but prior to the time the entire interest in the contract has been distributed, the remaining portion of such interest will be distributed at least as rapidly as under the method of distribution being used as of the date of that owner's death; and (b) if an owner dies prior to the annuity starting date, the entire interest in the contract must be distributed within five years after the date of the owner's death. If the owner is a legal entity, the death of any annuitant is treated as the death of the owner for this purpose.

The requirements of (b) above can be considered satisfied if any portion of the Owner's interest which is payable to or for the benefit of a "designated beneficiary" is distributed over the life of such beneficiary or over a period not extending beyond the life expectancy of that beneficiary and such distributions begin within one year of that Owner's death. The Owner's "designated beneficiary," who must be a natural person, is the person designated by such Owner as a Beneficiary and to whom ownership of the Contract passes by reason of death. However, if the Owner's "designated beneficiary" is the surviving spouse of the Owner, the contract may be continued with the surviving spouse as the new Owner. A surviving spouse must meet the requirements under federal tax law to continue the contract.

**Non-Qualified Contracts - 1035 Exchanges.** Under Section 1035 of the Code, you can purchase an annuity contract through a tax-free exchange of another annuity contract, or a life insurance or endowment contract. For the exchange to be tax-free under Section 1035, the owner and annuitant must be the same under the original annuity contract and the Contract issued to you in the exchange. If the original contract is a life insurance contract or endowment contract, the owner and the insured on the original contract must be the same as the owner and annuitant on the Contract issued to you in the exchange.

In accordance with Revenue Procedure 2011-38, the IRS will consider a partial exchange of an annuity Contract for another annuity Contract valid if there is either no withdrawal from, or surrender of, either the surviving annuity contract or the new annuity contract within 180 days of the date of the partial exchange. Revenue Procedure 2011-38 also provides certain exceptions to the 180 day rule. Due to the complexity of these rules, owners are encouraged to consult their own tax advisers prior to entering into a partial exchange of an annuity Contract.

**Tax-Qualified Contracts - Withdrawals and Income Payments.** The Code imposes limits on loans, withdrawals, and income payments under tax-qualified Contracts. The Code also imposes required minimum distributions for tax-qualified Contracts and a 10% penalty on certain taxable amounts received prematurely under a tax-qualified Contract. You should discuss these limits, required minimum distributions, tax penalties and the tax computation rules with your tax adviser. Any withdrawals under a tax-qualified Contract will be taxable except to the extent they are allocable to an investment in the Contract (any after-tax contributions). In most cases, there will be little or no investment in the Contract for a tax-qualified Contract because contributions will have been made on a pre-tax or tax-deductible basis.

**Withdrawals - Roth IRAs.** Subject to certain limitations, individuals may also purchase a type of non-deductible IRA annuity known as a Roth IRA annuity. Qualified distributions from Roth IRA annuities are entirely federal income tax free. A qualified distribution requires that the individual has held the Roth IRA annuity for at least five years and, in addition, that the distribution is made either after the individual reaches age 59½, on account of the individual's death or disability, or as a qualified first-time home purchase, subject to \$10,000 lifetime maximum, for the individual, or for a spouse, child, grandchild or ancestor.

**Constructive Withdrawals - Investment Adviser Fees.** In 2019, we obtained a private letter ruling ("PLR") from the Internal Revenue Service recognizing our ability, in specific circumstances, to treat the payment of investment advisory fees to an investment advisor out of nonqualified contracts as non-taxable withdrawals from the contracts.

Pursuant to the guidance provided by the Internal Revenue Service, we only permit the deduction of investment adviser fees from a contract in the following circumstances:

- The contract is an advisory fee product;
- A written contract exists between the registered investment adviser and the contract owner;
- During the time that the contract owner authorizes us to deduct advisory fees directly from the contract and automatically transmit them to a registered investment adviser, the contract will be solely liable for the fees and the fees will not be paid directly by the owner;
- The fees are paid directly from the annuity contract to the registered investment adviser;
- The fees do not exceed an amount equal to an annual rate of 1.50% of the contract's cash value

When these requirements are met, we will not treat such a deduction of fees as a taxable distribution. In order to prevent negative tax consequences, these deductions are only permitted if the above requirements are met. Any withdrawals taken by a contract owner in scenarios that do not conform to the above requirements will be treated as any other partial withdrawal from the contract, and may be subject to federal and state income taxes and a 10% federal penalty tax. Please note that even if we do

not treat such deductions as withdrawals for tax purposes, federal and/or state taxing authorities could determine that such fees should be treated as taxable withdrawals.

**Death Benefits.** None of the death benefits paid under the Contract to the Beneficiary will be tax-exempt life insurance benefits. The rules governing the taxation of payments from an annuity Contract, as discussed above, generally apply to the payment of death benefits and depend on whether the death benefits are paid as a lump sum or as annuity payments. Estate or gift taxes may also apply.

**Assignment.** An assignment of your Contract will generally be a taxable event. Assignments of a tax-qualified Contract may also be limited by the Code and the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended. You should consult your tax advisor prior to making any assignment of your Contract.

An assignment or pledge of all or any portion of the value of a Non-Qualified Contract is treated under Section 72 of the Code as an amount not received as an annuity. The total value of the Contract assigned or pledged that exceeds the aggregate Premiums paid will be included in the individual's gross income. In addition, the amount included in the individual's gross income could also be subject to the 10% penalty tax discussed in connection with Non-Qualified Contracts.

An assignment or pledge of all or any portion of the value of a Qualified Contract will disqualify the Qualified Contract. The Code requires the Qualified Contract to be nontransferable.

**Withholding.** In general, the income portion of distributions from a Contract are subject to 10% federal income tax withholding and the income portion of income payments are subject to withholding at the same rate as wages unless you elect not to have tax withheld. Some states have enacted similar rules. Different rules may apply to payments delivered outside the United States.

The Code generally allows the rollover of most distributions to and from tax-qualified plans, tax-sheltered annuities, Individual Retirement Annuities and eligible deferred compensation plans of state or local governments. Distributions from other tax qualified plans which may not be rolled over are those which are:

- (a) one of a series of substantially equal annual (or more frequent) payments made (a) over the life or life expectancy of the employee, (b) the joint lives or joint life expectancies of the employee and the employee's beneficiary, or (c) for a specified period of ten years or more;
- (b) a required minimum distribution; or
- (c) a hardship withdrawal.

Eligible rollover distributions from tax qualified plans (other than an IRA) are subject to mandatory 20% withholding unless they are transferred directly to an IRA or tax qualified plan. Jackson reserves the right to change tax reporting practices where it determines that a change is necessary to comply with federal or state tax rules (whether formal or informal).

**Annuity Purchases by Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Corporations.** The discussion above provides general information regarding U.S. federal income tax consequences to annuity purchasers that are U.S. citizens or residents. Purchasers that are not U.S. citizens or residents will generally be subject to U.S. federal withholding tax on taxable distributions from annuity contracts at a 30% rate, unless a lower treaty rate applies. In addition, purchasers may be subject to state and/or municipal taxes and taxes that may be imposed by the purchaser's country of citizenship or residence. Prospective purchasers are advised to consult with a qualified tax adviser regarding U.S. state, and foreign taxation with respect to an annuity contract purchase.

**Definition of Spouse.** The Contract provides that upon your death, a surviving spouse may have certain continuation rights that he or she may elect to exercise for the Contract's death benefit. All Contract provisions relating to spousal continuation are available only to a person who meets the definition of "spouse" under federal law. The U.S. Supreme Court has held that same-sex marriages must be permitted under state law and that marriages recognized under state law will be recognized for federal law purposes. Domestic partnerships and civil unions that are not recognized as legal marriages under state law, however, will not be treated as marriages under federal law. Consult a tax adviser for more information on this subject.



**Transfers, Assignments or Exchanges of a Contract.** A transfer or assignment of ownership of a Contract, the designation of an annuitant other than the owner, the selection of certain maturity dates, or the exchange of a Contract may result in certain tax consequences to you that are not discussed herein. An owner contemplating any such transfer, assignment or exchange, should consult a tax advisor as to the tax consequences.

**Tax Law Changes.** Although the likelihood of legislative changes is uncertain, there is always the possibility that the tax treatment of the Contract could change by legislation or otherwise. Consult a tax adviser with respect to legislative developments and their effect on the Contract.

We have the right to modify the contract in response to legislative changes that could otherwise diminish the favorable tax treatment that annuity contract owners currently receive. We make no guarantee regarding the tax status of any contract and do not intend the above discussion as tax advice.

## JACKSON TAXATION

We reserve the right to deduct from the Contract Value any taxes attributed to the Contract and paid by us to any government entity (including, but not limited to, Premium Taxes, Federal, state and local withholding of income, estate, inheritance, other taxes required by law and any new or increased federal or state income taxes that may be enacted into law). Premium taxes generally range from 0.0% to 3.5%, which are applicable only in certain jurisdictions. We will determine when taxes relate to the Contract.

We may pay taxes when due and deduct that amount from the Contract Value at a later date. Payment at an earlier date does not waive any right we may have to deduct amounts at a later date. We will withhold taxes required by law from any amounts payable from this Contract.

While we may consider company income tax liabilities and tax benefits when pricing our products, we do not currently include our income tax liabilities in the charges you pay under the Contract. We will periodically review the issue of charging for these taxes and may impose a charge in the future.

## OTHER INFORMATION

**General Account.** The General Account is made up of all of Jackson's assets, including the Fixed Account and Jackson National RILA Separate Account I. Jackson exercises sole discretion over the investment of the General Account assets and bears the associated investment risk. You will not share in the investment experience of General Account assets. The General Account invests its assets in accordance with state insurance law. All of the assets of the General Account are chargeable with the claims of any of our contract owners as well as our creditors and are subject to the liabilities arising from any of our other business. All obligations under the Contract are subject to Jackson's claims-paying ability and financial strength.

**Unregistered Separate Account.** Except for Contracts issued in certain states, we hold certain investments supporting the assets that you allocate to the Index Account in a non-insulated unregistered Separate Account. We established the Jackson National RILA Separate Account I ("RILA Separate Account") on February 12, 2021, pursuant to the provisions of Michigan law. The RILA Separate Account is a separate account under state insurance law and is not registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940. It is non-unitized, non-insulated, and was established under the laws of Michigan solely for the purpose of supporting our obligations under the Contract. Like our General Account, all of the assets of the RILA Separate Account are chargeable with the claims of any of our contract owners as well as our creditors and are subject to the liabilities arising from any of our other business.

**Changes to the Separate Account.** Where permitted by applicable law, we reserve the right to make certain changes to the structure and operation of the RILA Separate Account. We will not make any such changes without receiving any necessary approval of any applicable state insurance department. We will notify you of any changes in writing. These changes may result from changes to or interpretations of applicable laws or regulations, or from business decisions we may make with regard to structure and operation of the RILA Separate Account.

**Distribution of Contracts.** Jackson National Life Insurance Company ("Jackson"), located at 1 Corporate Way, Lansing Michigan, is the issuer for this contract. Jackson National Life Distributors LLC ("JNLD"), located at 300 Innovation Drive, Franklin, Tennessee 37067, serves as the distributor of the Contracts. JNLD also serves as distributor of other variable insurance products issued by Jackson and its subsidiaries. JNLD also sells variable annuities directly to accounts advised by fiduciaries i.e. professional trustees (trust companies) or banks and registered investment advisors.

JNLD is a wholly owned subsidiary of Jackson National Life Insurance Company. JNLD is registered as a broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). For more information on broker-dealers and their registered representatives, you may use the FINRA BrokerCheck program via telephone (1-800-289-9999) or the Internet (<http://brokercheck.finra.org>).

JNLD may distribute the Contracts directly and also enters into selling agreements with broker-dealers or other financial institutions that are unaffiliated with us ("Selling Firms"). The Contracts are offered to customers of Selling Firms. Selling Firms are responsible for delivery of various related disclosure documents and the accuracy of their oral description and appropriate recommendations of the purchase of the Contracts. Selling Firms do not have any legal responsibility to pay amounts that are owed under the Contracts. The obligations and guarantees under the Contracts are the sole responsibility of Jackson. JNLD will use its best efforts to sell the Contracts, but is not required to sell any number or dollar amount of Contracts. We may stop offering the Contracts at any time.

Selling Firms may also be registered as, affiliated with, or in a contractual relationship with an investment adviser and offer advisory services to Contract Owners. Selling Firms providing such advisory services are acting solely on your behalf. Neither Jackson nor JNLD offer advice on how to allocate your Contract Value and we are not responsible for any advice your investment adviser provides to you. Neither Jackson nor JNLD endorses any investment advisers nor makes any representations as to their qualifications.

***Compensation Paid to Unaffiliated Selling Firms.*** No commissions are paid to Selling Firms that sell the Contracts. However, the Selling Firms or their representatives may charge you an investment advisory or similar fee under an agreement you have with them. The Selling Firms or their registered representatives/investment adviser representatives determine the amount of the fee that will be charged, and the amounts charged may vary. There may be tax and Contract implications, including adverse effects on Contract benefits, if you elect to have such fees withdrawn directly from the Contract.

JNLD and/or Jackson may make payments to Selling Firms in recognition of marketing, distribution, and/or administrative support provided by the Selling Firms. These payments may not be offered to all Selling Firms. The terms of these arrangements vary widely depending on, among other things, products offered; the level and type of marketing, distribution, and administrative support services provided; and the level of access we are provided to the registered representatives of the Selling Firms. Such payments may influence Selling Firms and/or their registered representatives to present the Contracts more favorably than other investment alternatives. Such compensation is subject to applicable state insurance law and regulation, FINRA rules of conduct and Department of Labor ("DOL") rules and regulations. While such compensation may be significant, it will not result in any additional direct charge by us to you.

JNLD and/or Jackson may make marketing allowance payments and marketing support payments to the Selling Firms. Marketing allowance payments are payments that are designed as consideration for product placement and distribution, assets under management, and sales volume. Marketing allowance payments are generally based on a fixed percentage of annual product sales and generally range from 10 to 50 basis points (0.10% to 0.50%). Payments may also be based on a percentage of assets under management or paid as a specified dollar amount. Marketing support payments may be in the form of cash and/or non-cash compensation to or on behalf of Selling Firms and their registered representatives and are intended to provide us with exposure to registered representatives so that we may build relationships or educate them about product features and benefits. Examples of such payments include, but are not limited to, reimbursements for representative training or "due diligence" meetings (including travel and lodging expenses); client and prospecting events; speaker fees; business development and educational enhancement items (such as software packages containing information for broker use, or prospecting lists); sponsorship payments for participation at conferences and meetings; and other support services, including payments to third-party vendors for such services. Payments or reimbursements for meetings and seminars are generally based on the anticipated level of participation and/or accessibility and the size of the audience. Subject to applicable laws and regulations including FINRA rules of conduct and DOL rules and regulations, we may also provide cash and/or non-cash compensation to Selling Firms and Registered Investment Advisors in the form of gifts, promotional items, occasional meals, and entertainment. Selling Firms may qualify for different levels of sales and service support depending on the volume of business that they do with us.

All of the compensation described here, and other compensation or benefits provided by JNLD and/or Jackson or our affiliates, may be greater or less than the total compensation on similar or other products. The amount or structure of the compensation can create a conflict of interest as it may influence your Selling Firm and financial professional to present this Contract over other investment alternatives. The variations in compensation, however, may also reflect differences in sales effort or ongoing customer services expected of the Selling Firm and financial professional. You may ask your financial professional about any variations and how he or she and his or her Selling Firm are compensated for selling the Contract.

**Compensation to JNLD.** We may use any of our corporate assets to cover the cost of distribution. Compensation is paid to employees of JNLD and/or Jackson who are responsible for providing services to Selling Firms. These employees are generally referred to as “wholesalers” and may meet with Selling Firms and/or their representatives to provide training and sales support. The compensation paid to the wholesalers may vary based on a number of factors, including Premium payments; types of Contracts or optional benefits (if any) sold by the Selling Firms that the wholesaler services; wholesaler performance; and overall company performance. The wholesaler may be required to achieve internally-assigned goals related to the same type of factors and may receive bonus payments for the achievement of individual and/or company-wide goals.

When a contract is offered to persons who are also customers of an Independent Registered Investment Advisor, JNLD may act in its capacity as a Selling Firm and be responsible for delivering disclosure documents and making recommendations that are in the best interest of the customer. Neither JNLD nor the Independent Registered Investment Advisors receive commission when one of their customers purchases a contract from JNLD. JNLD will not make marketing support payments to Independent Registered Investment Advisors if the payment or non-cash compensation is preconditioned on achievement of a sales target or on achievement of maintaining a level of premium with Jackson.

Compensation is paid to employees of JNLD who are responsible for making recommendations to persons who are also customers of Independent Registered Investment Advisors. These employees are generally referred to as “RIA Support Specialists”. The compensation paid to RIA Support Specialists is not based on commissions. We compensate our RIA Support Specialists with a base salary and an annual discretionary bonus. The amount of the annual bonus is based on a percentage of the associate’s salary, varies by the associate’s title, and is tied to how well the associate performs his or her job. Our RIA Support Desk Associates, who provide limited retail brokerage services, are registered financial professionals who facilitate the purchase of our products. We do not compensate our RIA Support Desk Associates through commissions or sales contests. We compensate our RIA Support Desk Associates in the following ways: a base salary; an annual discretionary bonus based on a percentage of the associate’s salary, which varies by the associates title and is tied to how well the associate performs his or her job; and occasional nominal cash awards.

**Modification of Your Contract.** Only our President, Vice President, Secretary or Assistant Secretary may approve a change to or waive a provision of your Contract. Any change or waiver must be in writing. We may change the terms of your Contract without your consent in order to comply with changes in any applicable state and federal regulations and law, including provisions or requirements of the Internal Revenue Code.

**Confirmation of Transactions.** We will provide you a written statement confirming that a financial transaction, such as a withdrawal, or transfer has been completed. This confirmation statement will provide details about the transaction. It is possible that certain transactions, such as transfers, which may only be made on Contract Anniversaries or Index Account Option Term Anniversaries may be confirmed in an annual statement only.

It is important that you carefully review the information contained in the statements that confirm your transactions. If you believe an error has occurred, you must notify us as soon as possible after receiving the statement so we can make any appropriate adjustments. If we do not receive notice of any such potential error, we may not be responsible for correcting the error.

**State Variations.** This prospectus describes the material rights and obligations under the Contract. Certain provisions of the Contract may be different from the general description in this prospectus due to variations required by state law. These differences include, among other things, free look rights, issue age limitations, and the general availability of certain features. The state in which your Contract is issued also governs whether or not certain options, or charges are available or will vary under your Contract. Please see Appendix B for a listing of the state variations as well as your Contract for specific variations applicable to you.

**Legal Proceedings.** Jackson and its subsidiaries are defendants in class actions and a number of civil proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business and otherwise. We are also, from time to time, the subject of regulatory inquiries and proceedings by certain governmental authorities. We do not believe at the present time that any pending action or proceeding, individually or in the aggregate, will have a material adverse effect upon Jackson’s ability to meet its obligations under the Contracts.

**Financial Statements.** Jackson's financial statements are incorporated by reference in the Statement of Additional Information. To obtain a copy of the financial statements, please visit [www.jackson.com/product-literature-11.html](http://www.jackson.com/product-literature-11.html). The financial statements should be considered only as bearing upon the company’s ability to meet its contractual obligations under

the Contracts. For your copy of the Statement of Additional Information, please contact us at our Customer Care Center. Our contact information is on the cover page of this prospectus.

## APPENDIX A: INVESTMENT OPTIONS AVAILABLE UNDER THE CONTRACT

The following is a list of the Index Account Options currently available under the Contract. We may change the features of the Index Account Options listed below (including the Index and the current limits on Index gains and losses), offer new Index Account Options, and terminate existing Index Account Options. We will provide you with written notice before making any changes other than the changes to current limits on Index gains. Information about current limits on Index gains is available at [Jackson.com/RatesJMLPA](http://Jackson.com/RatesJMLPA). For more information about the Index Account Options, please see "Index Account" beginning on page 22 and "Additional Information About the Index Account Options" beginning on page 25.

**Note: If amounts are removed from an Index Account Option before the end of the Index Account Option Term, we will apply an Interim Value adjustment. This may result in a significant reduction in your Contract Value that could exceed any protection from Index loss that would be in place if you held the option until the end of the Index Account Option Term.** For more information on Interim Value, please see "Interim Value Calculation and Adjustment" beginning on page 37.

Index	Type of Index	Term	Current Limit on Index Loss (if held until the end of the Index Account Option Term)	Guaranteed Minimum Crediting Method Rate (for the life of the Index Account Option)
S&P 500 <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Buffer	1.0% Cap Rate
S&P 500 <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	20% Buffer	1.0% Cap Rate
S&P 500 <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Floor	1.0% Cap Rate
S&P 500 <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	20% Floor	1.0% Cap Rate
S&P 500 <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Buffer	1.0% Performance Trigger Rate
S&P 500 <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Floor	1.0% Performance Trigger Rate
S&P 500 <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	6 yr	10% Buffer	2.0% Cap Rate
S&P 500 <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	6 yr	20% Buffer	2.0% Cap Rate
S&P 500 <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Floor	2.0% Cap Rate
S&P 500 <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	20% Floor	2.0% Cap Rate
Russell 2000 <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Buffer	1.0% Cap Rate
Russell 2000 <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	20% Buffer	1.0% Cap Rate
Russell 2000 <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Floor	1.0% Cap Rate

Index	Type of Index	Term	Current Limit on Index Loss (if held until the end of the Index Account Option Term)	Guaranteed Minimum Crediting Method Rate (for the life of the Index Account Option)
Russell 2000 <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	20% Floor	1.0% Cap Rate
Russell 2000 <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Buffer	1.0% Performance Trigger Rate
Russell 2000 <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Floor	1.0% Performance Trigger Rate
Russell 2000 <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	6 yr	10% Buffer	2.0% Cap Rate
Russell 2000 <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	6 yr	20% Buffer	2.0% Cap Rate
Russell 2000 <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Floor	2.0% Cap Rate
Russell 2000 <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	20% Floor	2.0% Cap Rate
MSCI EAFE <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Buffer	1.0% Cap Rate
MSCI EAFE <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	20% Buffer	1.0% Cap Rate
MSCI EAFE <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Floor	1.0% Cap Rate
MSCI EAFE <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	20% Floor	1.0% Cap Rate
MSCI EAFE <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Buffer	1.0% Performance Trigger Rate
MSCI EAFE <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Floor	1.0% Performance Trigger Rate
MSCI EAFE <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	6 yr	10% Buffer	2.0% Cap Rate
MSCI EAFE <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	6 yr	20% Buffer	2.0% Cap Rate
MSCI EAFE <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Floor	2.0% Cap Rate
MSCI EAFE <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	20% Floor	2.0% Cap Rate
MSCI Emerging Markets <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Buffer	1.0% Cap Rate
MSCI Emerging Markets <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	20% Buffer	1.0% Cap Rate

Index	Type of Index	Term	Current Limit on Index Loss (if held until the end of the Index Account Option Term)	Guaranteed Minimum Crediting Method Rate (for the life of the Index Account Option)
MSCI Emerging Markets <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Floor	1.0% Cap Rate
MSCI Emerging Markets <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	20% Floor	1.0% Cap Rate
MSCI Emerging Markets <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Buffer	1.0% Performance Trigger Rate
MSCI Emerging Markets <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Floor	1.0% Performance Trigger Rate
MSCI Emerging Markets <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	6 yr	10% Buffer	2.0% Cap Rate
MSCI Emerging Markets <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	6 yr	20% Buffer	2.0% Cap Rate
MSCI Emerging Markets <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Floor	2.0% Cap Rate
MSCI Emerging Markets <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	20% Floor	2.0% Cap Rate
MSCI KLD 400 Social <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Buffer	1.0% Cap Rate
MSCI KLD 400 Social <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	20% Buffer	1.0% Cap Rate
MSCI KLD 400 Social <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Floor	1.0% Cap Rate
MSCI KLD 400 Social <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	20% Floor	1.0% Cap Rate
MSCI KLD 400 Social <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Buffer	1.0% Performance Trigger Rate
MSCI KLD 400 Social <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Floor	1.0% Performance Trigger Rate
MSCI KLD 400 Social <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	6 yr	10% Buffer	2.0% Cap Rate
MSCI KLD 400 Social <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	6 yr	20% Buffer	2.0% Cap Rate
MSCI KLD 400 Social <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	10% Floor	2.0% Cap Rate
MSCI KLD 400 Social <sup>1</sup>	Market Index	1 yr	20% Floor	2.0% Cap Rate

1. All Indexes are price return indexes and not total return indexes, and therefore do not reflect dividends paid on the securities composing the Index. This will reduce the Index Return and will cause the Index to underperform a direct investment in the securities composing the Index.

We reserve the right to delete or add Index Account Options, Indexes, Crediting Methods, Protection Options, and Index Account Option Terms in the future. There will always be more than one Index Account Option available, and those options will always be identical or similar to one of the options disclosed in this prospectus. **When offered, available Buffer and Floor rates are guaranteed to be no less than 5%.**

The following is a list of Fixed Account Options currently available under the Contract. We may change the features of the Fixed Account Options listed below, offer new Fixed Account Options, and terminate existing Fixed Account Options. We will provide you with written notice before doing so. For more information about the Fixed Account Options, please see "Fixed Account" beginning on page 21.

Name	Term	Minimum Guaranteed Interest Rate
Fixed Account Option	1-year	2.65%



## APPENDIX B: STATE VARIATIONS

Contracts issued in your state may provide different features and benefits from, and impose different costs than, those described in this prospectus because of state law variations. The state in which your Contract is issued also governs whether or not certain options are available or will vary under your Contract.

STATE	VARIATION OR AVAILABILITY
Arizona	Specific periods and notification requirements for Deferral of Payments, as well as what Income Options are offered at the Income Date.
California	State-specific requirement that seniors have the option to invest in the Fixed Account during the Free Look period if Return of Premium Free Look is elected on the application. If the Return of Premium Free Look is elected by a senior applicant, the initial Index Account Option Term is shortened by 35 days.
Connecticut	No restrictions on Fixed Account allocations.
Florida	No Market Value Adjustments assessed upon annuitization, even if annuitized in the first Contract Year. No restrictions on Fixed Account allocations or transfers.
Louisiana	Pre-selected Death Benefit option is not available per state regulation. Beneficiary is always able to choose the death benefit option.
Maryland	Beneficiary's Entitlement to Death Benefit Before Income Date section of Contract revised to indicate beneficiary's death prior to or simultaneous to the Owner's death makes them ineligible to receive the death benefit.
New Jersey	The Fixed Account Minimum Value Percentage is 90%. Renewal Notice will include the current interest rate for the Fixed Account and Index Adjustment Factors for the Index Account.
Ohio	No Floor Protection Option available.
Texas	Requires 31 day advance notice of Fixed Account unavailability or restrictions.

## APPENDIX C: INDEX DISCLOSURES

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ALTHOUGH MSCI SHALL OBTAIN INFORMATION FOR INCLUSION IN OR FOR USE IN THE CALCULATION OF THE MSCI INDEXES FROM SOURCES THAT MSCI CONSIDERS RELIABLE, NONE OF THE MSCI PARTIES WARRANTS OR GUARANTEES THE ORIGINALITY, ACCURACY AND/OR THE COMPLETENESS OF ANY MSCI INDEX OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. NONE OF THE MSCI PARTIES MAKES ANY WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED BY THE ISSUER OF THE ANNUITY, OWNERS OF THE ANNUITY, OR ANY OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY, FROM THE USE OF ANY MSCI INDEX OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. NONE OF THE MSCI PARTIES SHALL HAVE ANY LIABILITY FOR ANY ERRORS, OMISSIONS OR INTERRUPTIONS OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH ANY MSCI INDEX OR ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. FURTHER, NONE OF THE MSCI PARTIES MAKES ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND, AND THE MSCI PARTIES HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIM ALL WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WITH RESPECT TO EACH MSCI INDEX AND ANY DATA INCLUDED THEREIN. WITHOUT LIMITING ANY OF THE FOREGOING, IN NO EVENT SHALL ANY OF THE MSCI PARTIES HAVE ANY LIABILITY FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, SPECIAL, PUNITIVE, CONSEQUENTIAL OR ANY OTHER DAMAGES (INCLUDING LOST PROFITS) EVEN IF NOTIFIED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

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<b><i>Mailing Address and Contact Information</i></b>	
<b>Customer Care Center</b>	
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<b><i>Overnight Mail:</i></b>	1 Corporate Way, Lansing, Michigan 48951
<b><i>Customer Care:</i></b>	800-644-4565
	8:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. ET (M-F)
<b><i>Fax:</i></b>	800-701-0125
<b><i>Email:</i></b>	customercare@jackson.com

## WHERE TO FIND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The Statement of Additional Information (SAI) dated April 28, 2025 contains more information about the Registrant, and can be found online at <https://www.jackson.com/product-literature-11.html>. The SAI has been filed with the SEC and is incorporated by reference into this prospectus. For a free paper copy of the SAI, to request other information about the Contracts, and to make investor inquiries call us at 1-800-644-4565 or write to us at:

Customer Care Center  
P.O. Box 24068  
Lansing, Michigan 48909-4068

Reports and other information about the Insurance Company are available on the SEC's website at <https://www.sec.gov>, and copies of this information may be obtained, upon payment of a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following email address: [publicinfo@sec.gov](mailto:publicinfo@sec.gov).

EDGAR contract identifier #C000260299

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Please note that recent changes to your delivery preferences may not be reflected with this mailing.

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For legal mailings of this nature, it can take up to 60 days for your delivery preferences to take effect.